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Tuesday, March 14, 2017

Ms. Melanie Humphrey Michigan Department of Environmental Quality 1504 W. Washington St. Marquette, MI 49855

Subject: Annual Mining and Reclamation Report, Eagle Mine, LLC

Nonferrous Metallic Mineral Mining Permit (MP 01 2010), Humboldt Mill

Dear Ms. Humphrey:

Eagle Mine, LLC has an approved Mining Permit (MP 01 2010) dated February 9, 2010. General Permit Condition F-2 states, "The permittee shall file with the MMU supervisor a Mining and Reclamation Report on or before March 15 of each year, both during milling operations and post closure monitoring as required by Section 324.63213 and R 425.501. The report shall include a description of the status of mining and reclamation operations, an update of the contingency plan, monitoring results from the preceding calendar year, tonnage totals of material mined, and amount of metallic product by weight."

Please find enclosed, the 2016 Annual Mining and Reclamation Report for the Humboldt Mill.

Should you have any questions about this report, please do not hesitate to contact me at 906-339-7022.

Sincerely,

David Tornberg

Environmental Technician

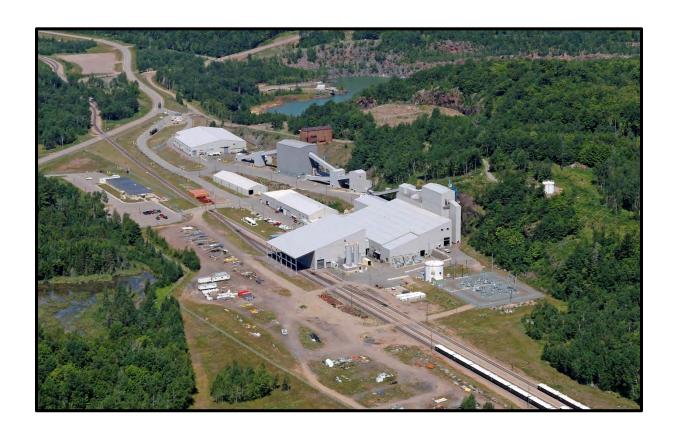
Cc: Humboldt Township

enclosure



2016 Annual Mining and Reclamation Report Humboldt Mill Mine Permit MP 01 2010

March 15, 2017



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Acronyms and Abbreviations

AEM Advanced Ecological Management

BMPs best management practices

CN Canadian National
DO dissolved oxygen
Eagle Eagle Mine LLC.

EMT Emergency Medical Technician

gpm gallons per minute

HDPE high-density polyethylene

HTDF Humboldt Tailings Disposal Facility
KME King and MacGregor Environmental

MER Middle Branch Escanaba River

MDEQ Michigan Department of Environmental Quality
MDNR Michigan Department of Natural Resources

MG million gallons

MRR Mining and Reclamation Report

µg/L micrograms per liter mg/L milligrams per liter

MNFI Michigan Natural Features Inventory

MSL mean sea level

NPDES National Pollution Discharge Elimination System
NREPA Natural Resources & Environmental Protection Act

NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
ORP Oxidation Reduction Potential
PEC Probable Effects Concentration

Q1 Quarter 1

QAL quaternary unconsolidated formation
SESC Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control

SU standard units

SWPPP Storm water Pollution Prevention Plan

t metric ton (tonne)
TDS total dissolved solids

TEC Threshold Effects Concentration

UFB upper fractured bedrock

WBR Black River

WTP Water Treatment Plant

1. Document Preparers and Qualifications

This Mining and Reclamation Report (MRR) was prepared by the Eagle Mine-Humboldt Mill Environmental Department and incorporates information prepared by other qualified professionals. Table 1 provides a listing of the individuals and organizations who were responsible for the preparation of this MRR as well as those who contributed information for inclusion in the report.

Table 1. Document Preparation – List of Contributors

Organization	Name	Title				
Individuals responsible for the preparation of the report						
Eagle Mine LLC	David Tornberg	Environmental Field Technician				
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Eagle Mine LLC	Jennifer Nutini	Environmental Engineer				
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Eagle Mine LLC	Bill Scarffe	Mill Superintendent				
Eagle Mine LLC	Darby Stacey	Mill Manager				
Eagle Mine LLC	Hugo Stanton	Chief Metallurgist				
Golder Associates	Gary Daniels	Senior Engineer				
King & MacGregor Environmental, Inc.	Matt MacGregor	Wetland Scientist/Biologist				

2. Introduction

Eagle Mine officially began the remediation and reconstruction of the Humboldt Mill located in Humboldt Township in October 2008. Processing of ore from the Eagle Mine commenced in September 2014. Due to the commencement of milling operations, Eagle Mine is required per Part 632 to submit an annual Mining and Reclamation Report as detailed in R 425.501.

The MRR is required to provide a description of mining and reclamation activities, updated contingency plan, monitoring results, tonnage of material processed, and a list of incident reports that created, or may create a threat to the environment, natural resources, or public health and safety at the Eagle Mine Site. In addition, this MRR will also memorialize the decisions and/or modifications that have been approved throughout the process.

3. Site Modifications and Amendments

No permit modifications or amendments were submitted to the Department in 2016. Table 4a. below summarizes the submittals that were provided to the Department in 2016 as required under the Part 632 Mining Permit. A copy of the current site map is provided in Appendix A.

Table 3. Submittals Required Under Part 632

Date	Description	Approval
3/14/16	Submitted 2015 Annual Mining and Reclamation Report	N/A
4/6/16	Submitted Q1 groundwater and surface water monitoring data	N/A
4/28/16	Submitted response to request for additional information – Annual Mining and Reclamation Report	N/A
5/4/16	Submitted Pollution Incident Prevention Plan (PIPP) notification	N/A
7/15/16	Submitted Q2 groundwater and surface water monitoring data	N/A
10/23/16	Submitted Q3 groundwater and surface water monitoring data	N/A
1/26/17	Submitted Q4 groundwater and surface water monitoring data	N/A

4. Processing Activities and Data Report

As of September 23, 2014, the mill was officially operating and producing concentrate. The commencement of milling activities initiated all monitoring programs per the Part 632 Mining Permit. A description of the monitoring activities can be found in Section 7 of this report.

4.1. Processing Report

In 2016, 746,698 dry metric tonnes (t) of ore was transported from the Eagle Mine to the Humboldt Mill by over the road haul trucks. Table 4.1 below summarizes the dry tonnes of ore crushed and milled and the total volume of nickel and copper concentrate produced in 2016.



Flotation circuit

Table 4.1 Volume of Ore Crushed, Milled, and Concentrate Produced in 2016

Month	Ore Crushed (dry tonnes)	Ore Milled (dry tonnes)	Copper Concentrate Produced (dry tonnes)	Nickel Concentrate Produced (dry tonnes)
January	65,600	64,300	6,400	11,900
February	58,200	58,000	5,300	13,700
March	63,600	63,900	5,200	15,500
April	63,700	63,900	5,300	14,700
May	64,900	64,700	3,800	15,600
June	53,900	54,800	4,900	16,000
July	64,300	63,300	4,300	14,100
August	63,800	64,700	5,200	15,200
September	61,400	60,200	4,900	14,700
October	61,500	62,200	4,400	13,300
November	65,000	65,600	5,400	13,500
December	63,800	62,800	4,300	13,000
2016 Annual Total	749,700	748,400	59,400	171,200

Source: Mill Operations Year End Reconciled Report - Numbers have been rounded to the nearest hundred tonnes as there are small tonnage adjustments that occur after the final assays and weights come in from the smelter. The final results may not be received for 8-10 months after delivery of the product to the smelter.

In 2016, approximately 59,000 dry tonnes of copper and 171,000 dry tonnes of nickel were shipped offsite via rail. Mineral Range manages rail shipments from the Humboldt Mill to the Ishpeming Rail Yard. From that point Canadian National (CN), and to a lesser extent, Quebec Gatineau Railway transports the material to its final destination.



Railcar cover lowered into place after being filled with concentrate

4.1.1. Tailings

Tailings are the waste material that is generated when processing ore. At the Humboldt Mill, tailings are subaqueously disposed in the Humboldt Tailings Disposal Facility (HTDF) which is an industry best practice to minimize the risk of oxidation of sulfide bearing material. The tailings slurry is comprised of finely ground waste rock, water, and process effluents and is deposited in the HTDF via a double-walled high density polyethylene (HDPE) pipeline. At the shoreline of the HTDF, the pipeline splits and the tailings can be routed to one of the subaqueous outfalls located within the HTDF. In 2016, the middle, northern, and newly established eastern lines were utilized for the sub-aqueous disposal of approximately 323,000,000 gallons of tailings slurry at an average rate of 615 gallons per minute. The use of multiple outfalls allows for better control of the depth of tailings in an area and optimizes the storage volume that is available.

In 2016, a depositional study was conducted by Hatch Associates to better understand the tailings disposal performance to date and determine ways to better utilize the available capacity of the HTDF through modification to the current disposal method. In October 2016, a trial deposition method was initiated along the eastern portion of the HTDF with the goal of filling the voids from the outside perimeter inwards towards the center of the HTDF. Tailings are discharged from the pipe in a manner to encourage the flow of tailings into voids and reduce the depositing of material at steep angles as was previously encountered. This method for depositing tailings involves a floating HDPE header pipe positioned along the eastern high-wall of the HTDF with tees every 100 feet. With the exception of the furthest tee from the pump discharge all other tees on the header are left in the closed position. Attached to the tee is a length of HDPE piping that is suspended in the water to a depth approximately 20 m above the bottom of the HTDF. As the deposition site is filled to the desired elevation, the operation "retreats" to the next closest tee and begins deposition at that location. This process is repeated until all the sites are filled along that header. A new header is then established approximately 100 feet to the west. During winter operations and times of header maintenance one of the original tailings lines will be utilized. Results from the trial will be examined in detail following the bathymetric survey scheduled to occur in the spring of 2017.

The Metallic Minerals Lease (No. M-00589) requires the lessee to furnish a mill waste reject report on an annual basis. In 2016, 3,858 dry metric tonnes of nickel and 598 dry metric tonnes of copper were deposited in the HTDF as tailings.

In accordance with permit condition, F-7, an annual bathymetry survey is required to be conducted in order to accurately monitor tailings placement and calculate changes in HTDF water storage. However, in order to better understand how the tailings are settling out, three surveys were completed in 2016. The surveys were conducted in April, July, and November and focused on the entire HTDF as tailings were dispersed to multiple areas in 2016. Copies of the bathymetry surveys are available in Appendix B.

5. Site Water Usage, Treatment and Discharge

Three separate water sources supply the facility with either potable or process water which is necessary for operational activities to occur. The site water balance is comprised of process water, precipitation, groundwater infiltration, and storm water runoff all of which is captured in the HTDF and treated by the water treatment plant (WTP) before discharging to a nearby wetland.

5.1. Supply Water Sources and Use

Three separate sources supply water to the mill site to support various operational activities. These sources include the potable well, industrial well, and reclaim water from the HTDF. Utilizing the detailed water use logs maintained on site, the following summary of average water use from each source has been compiled.

The potable well is mainly used to supply potable water to the facility, but may also be utilized to replenish the fire water tank and supplement process water requirements if necessary. In 2016, approximately 0.84 million gallons (MG) of water was drawn from the potable water well which is a decrease from 2015 when over 1.1 million gallons of water was withdrawn.

The industrial well is primarily used to replenish the fire water tank and to supplement process water requirements. In 2016, approximately 7.3 million gallons of water was utilized from the industrial well. This is an improvement in terms of water use because it was a decrease from the 7.6 million gallons that was withdrawn in 2015. Although the total volume of water withdrawn from the industrial well in 2016 is only slightly lower than previous years, it is important to note that the majority of that water was withdrawn in the second half of the year after modifications were made to centrifugal pumps on site. The modifications were made as part of a safety improvement project; however, the changes resulted in the utilization of much more well water because the water reclaimed from the HTDF was unable to consistently meet water demands. During the first half of the year, approximately 3.3 GPM of industrial well water was used in the milling process compared to 24.6 GPM used during the second half of the year. Further updates are planned in early 2017 to again reduce the water demand and need to utilize the industrial well.

The third source of water at the mill site is the reclaim water which is pumped from the HTDF. This water is used throughout the process with the volume that is not consumed being recycled back to the HTDF via tailings. Reclaim water is used whenever possible in the process as it encourages recycling, reduces reliance on well water, and minimizes the volume of new water entering the HTDF which helps maintain the site water balance. In 2016, approximately 272 million gallons of reclaim water was pumped from the HTDF for use in processing ore. With the exception of approximately 6.2 million gallons of water that was contained in the concentrate and shipped offsite, the remainder of the water was recycled back to the HTDF for eventual reuse or treatment by the WTP.

5.2. Storm Water Control

A site grading plan was developed with the purpose of keeping all storm water onsite and directing run-off to one of two locations; the HTDF or storm water retention basin. The majority of site grading, paving, and curbing was previously completed to direct water to the series of catch basins that were installed along the length of the main facility from the rail spur to the security building. These catch basins direct storm water from the main mill facility to the HTDF. In November of 2016, additional site paving was completed to ensure that any storm water containing process related materials is captured and discharged in the HTDF. Water which falls south of the main site access road, is directed to the storm water retention pond via a drainage ditch or series of catch basins in the administrative building parking lot. A copy of the Humboldt Mill Storm Water Drainage map is included in Appendix C.

Storm water control at the Humboldt Mill is managed under a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit (MI00058649) and in accordance with Part I.B of the permit a storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) has been developed. The SWPPP describes the Humboldt Mill site and its operations, identifies potential sources of storm water pollution at the facility, recommends appropriate best management practices (BMPs) or pollution control measures to reduce the discharge of pollutants in storm water runoff, and provides for periodic inspections of pollution control measures. The plan must be reviewed, and updated if necessary, on an annual basis and a written report of the review must be maintained and submitted to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) on or before January 10th of each year. The 2016 SWPPP annual review was completed and submitted to the Department on January 6th, 2017. A copy of the plan is available upon request.

5.3. Water Treatment Plant Operations and Discharge

Effluent discharges to the wetland are regulated under the NPDES permit MI0058649 with analytical results and discharge volume reported to the MDEQ on a monthly basis through the MiWaters electronic reporting system.

In 2016, approximately 312 million gallons of water was treated and discharged from the water treatment plant to the adjacent wetland. Table 6.3 below summarizes the monthly flow rate from each WTP outfall to the wetland in 2016.

Table 5.3 Volume of Water Discharged from the WTP in 2016

Month	Outfall 001 Volume of Water	Outfall 002 Volume of Water	Outfall 003 Volume of Water
	Discharged (MG)	Discharged (MG)	Discharged (MG)
January	0	13.6	13.5
February	0	12.2	12.0
March	0	13.7	13.7
April	2.3	10.8	15.5
May	12.6	2.3	14.9
June	6.0	0.015	17.2
July	0	0.015	19.8
August	0	0.016	21.4
September	0	5.4	21.8
October	0.06	28.5	5.3
November	0.1	25.1	0
December	0.23	23.9	0
Total	21.29	135.5	155.1

Source = WTP Operators log

The water treatment process generates one waste stream which derives from the filter press. The filter press waste stream is dewatered solids from the clarifier and is primarily comprised of aluminum, iron, and calcium. Waste characterization samples are required by the landfill prior to acceptance of the material. Samples from the filter press waste stream were sent to ALS Laboratory for analysis and results indicate the waste stream is non-hazardous. In 2016, approximately 81.2 tonnes of filter press waste was disposed at the Marquette County Landfill.



Aerial view of water treatment plant

5.4. Water Balance

The main components of the water balance are process water, well water, precipitation, groundwater infiltration, and storm water runoff all of which is captured in the HTDF and treated by the WTP before discharging to a nearby wetland. Permit condition F-2 requires that the site water balance is updated

on a quarterly basis to ensure the water level of the HTDF is managed in a manner that minimizes risk to the environment. The target operating water elevation of the HTDF is between 1529.5 and 1530.5 MSL which is significantly lower than originally planned during the permitting process. The lower operating level mitigates risks associated with overflow situations and provides excess capacity to manage various operational situations.

As stated in Section 6.1 above, additional use of the industrial well was required during the second half of the year in order to meet the demand for process water after making changes to the configuration of the centrifugal pumps. Although the water balance was able to be maintained without issue, additional efforts to reduce the use of well water within the process will be completed in 2017. The water balance is tracked through a series of flow meters that report results to a database. The database is queried on a routine basis and results transferred to a spreadsheet that calculates quarterly inputs and outputs of the HTDF. The balance includes dry tailings volume and therefore the calculations are more representative of the HTDF volume balance rather than a pure water balance. This information is used to track HTDF water elevations, predict seasonal fluctuations and to help determine if operational adjustments are necessary. Copies of the 2016 quarterly water balance diagrams and HTDF water elevation data are included in Appendix D.



Aerial view of WTP and HTDF, July 2016

6. Materials Handling

6.1. Fuel Handling

The mobile diesel fuel truck, which Eagle began using in 2015, was the only bulk fuel storage source onsite in 2016. The truck is used to fuel mobile equipment and has a storage capacity of approximately 4,000 gallons. The truck is refueled as necessary by an offsite fuel provider.

6.2. Bulk Chemical Handling and Storage

It is the goal of Eagle Mine to create a culture of environmental awareness throughout the workforce. Therefore, all employees and subcontractors are trained to immediately respond and report any spills that occur. In 2016, the Humboldt Mill had zero reportable spills under the Part 5 Rules of Part 31, Water Resources Protection of NREPA, 1994 PA 451 as amended (Spillage of Oil and Polluting Materials).

The Michigan SARA Title III Program requires reporting of onsite chemicals being stored above certain threshold quantities. Due to the volume of chemicals stored/used at the site for processing and water treatment, a Tier II Report was submitted in February 2017 via the online Tier II Reporting System to the State Emergency Response Commission (SERC). Copies of the report were also mailed to the Marquette County Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) and Humboldt Township Fire Department.

7. Monitoring Activities

7.1. Water Quality Monitoring

A significant amount of surface water and groundwater quality monitoring is required both on and surrounding the mill site. Following is a summary of the water quality monitoring activities.

7.1.1. Quarterly Groundwater Quality Monitoring

Groundwater quality is monitored through a network of monitoring wells located inside the perimeter fence line of the mill site. The monitoring wells are classified as either compliance, leachate, facility or monitoring. Compliance wells are located on the north-side of the cut-off wall, outside of the influence of the HTDF; leachate wells are located on south-side of the cut-off wall and generally represent HTDF water quality; facility monitoring wells are located downgradient of each operating facility; the remaining monitoring wells are located north of the cut-off wall, but are not used to confirm effectiveness of the cut-off wall as the compliance and leachate wells are. A map of the well locations can be found in Appendix E. Four rounds of quarterly sampling were completed in February, May, August, and November 2016. The Eagle Mine Permit prescribes both a long parameter list for annual monitoring events (conducted in Q3 2016) and a short list to be used quarterly (Q1, Q2, Q4 2016). Samples were collected in accordance with the Eagle Project Quality Assurance Project Plan and Standard Operating Procedures (North Jackson, 2004a and 2004b) and the results are summarized and compared to benchmarks in the tables found in Appendix F.

Two sets of benchmarks were calculated for all mine permit groundwater monitoring locations based on the guidance provided by the Mine Permit and Part 632. It should be noted that due to the required statistical nature of these benchmark values, the accuracy will improve over time as the quantity of data that becomes available increases.

Monitoring Results

Twenty-four monitoring well samples were collected by Golder Associates during each of the four quarterly sampling events. Samples were collected using low-flow sampling techniques, and field parameters (dissolved oxygen (DO), oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), pH, specific conductivity,

temperature, turbidity) are collected and analyzed using a flow-through cell and YSI probe. All samples are shipped overnight to Pace Analytical Services (formerly TriMatrix Laboratories) in Grand Rapids, Michigan, for analysis.

The following is a summary of field observations that occurred in 2016:

- Due to turbidity levels that exceeded 3 NTU, seventeen of the twenty four monitoring locations required field filtering for at least one quarter in 2016 and therefore the values are reported as dissolved concentrations. The remaining locations/quarters reported turbidity below 3 NTU and are reported as total concentrations. The sample summary denotes whether the sample values are total or dissolved.
- Four of the monitoring locations (i.e. MW-702 UFB, MW-703 UFB, HW-1L, and HW-1U LLA) are very slow to recharge and are pumped down in advance of sampling in order to ensure that the samples collected are representative of the groundwater at the monitoring location. Locations MW-702, MW-703, and HW-1L take approximately one month to recover while HW-1U takes approximately four months to fully recover due to the tight formation in which it is located. Samples from these locations are taken immediately and do not follow low-flow sampling procedures due to the limited volume of water available and slow re-charge rates.

The majority of the metals and anion parameters analyzed reported values below the analytical reporting limit and calculated benchmark, and are listed as non-detect. The cation parameters analyzed were detected at all locations with the majority of the detections below the calculated benchmarks. A summary of wells that have had one or more parameters exceed a benchmark value can be found in Appendix F.

In accordance with Part 632, R426.406 (6) when a result is greater than a benchmark for two consecutive sampling events, at a compliance monitoring location, the permittee is required to notify the MDEQ and determine the potential source or cause resulting in the deviation from the benchmark. Following is a summary of the 2016 events that occurred:

Per the Part 632 Regulation (Rule 7(b)), an action level was reached for pH at locations MW-702 UFB, MW-703 QAL, and MW-703 UFB as the pH was lower than the average long-term average by 0.5 units for at least two consecutive sampling events. Table 7.1.1 below lists the benchmarks and 2016 results for locations in which the action level was met. As required, a source investigation was completed to determine the potential source of the deviations. Results of the investigation are summarized below.

Table 7.1.1 Result Summary of Locations Meeting the pH Action Level

	•					
	pH Benchmark Range	20	2016 pH Results (SU)			
Location	(SU)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
MW-702 UFB	8.5-9.5	5.9	7.9	4.0	6.8	
MW-703 QAL	7.2-8.2	6.4	6.6	6.2	5.9	
MW-703 UFB	8.3-9.3	5.3	8.0	6.3	7.4	

- Although the pH results at MW-702 UFB, MW-703 QAL, and MW-703 UFB were outside of their respective benchmark ranges, the results reported in Q4 are still within the neutral range of the pH scale. Results within this range generally do not pose a threat to the environment.
- O Benchmarks for MW-702 and MW-703 are based on only four sample results collected in the months immediately following well installation and therefore may not fully characterize the water quality of the monitoring locations. In addition, the pH readings are within ranges observed at other monitoring locations within the adjacent area.
- No operational activities or changes have occurred within the vicinity of monitoring locations MW-702 and MW-703. The area in which these well are located is isolated from operational activities and rarely accessed by site personnel.
- o MW-702 UFB and MW-703 UFB are very slow to recharge and take approximately one month to recover. As such, low-flow sampling techniques cannot be utilized and therefore the pH value is based on a single reading that may not accurately characterize the groundwater chemistry at these monitoring locations.
- Monitoring location MW-702 UFB is a leachate monitoring well which is located inside the cut-off wall and therefore the results may be influenced by the water quality of the HTDF. With the exception of the pH, all other results were within the established benchmarks for the location. Although the well is located inside the cut-off wall, one would expect to see an increase in metals and anions if the well was being strongly influenced by HTDF water quality.
- Monitoring location MW-703 QAL is a compliance monitoring well located outside of the cut-off wall and therefore outside of the influence of the HTDF. With the exception of nitrogen, nitrate and pH all other results were found to be within the established benchmarks for the location. The results from MW-703 QAL were compared to leachate monitoring location MW-702 QAL to determine if there were any correlations. The review found that the pH at leachate location MW-702 QAL tends to be much more basic and the major anion and cation results were consistently higher than those reported at MW-703 QAL. The water chemistry between the locations does not indicate that the water quality at MW-703 QAL is being influenced by the HTDF.
- O Monitoring location MW-703 UFB is a compliance monitoring location that is located outside of the cut-off wall and influence of the HTDF. Again, pH was the only parameter found to be outside of established benchmarks. Data from leachate monitoring well MW-702 UFB was compared to location MW-703 UFB and no correlation was found. Metals, anion, and cation results were consistently found to be higher at compliance monitoring location MW-703 QAL indicating that it is unlikely that the pH deviation from baseline values is associated with the HTDF water quality.
- The pH of the HTDF surface water, at a similar depth profile to the monitoring wells, was also reviewed. The pH was found to be consistently higher in the HTDF surface water than pH values reported in monitoring wells MW-702 UFB, MW-703 QAL, and

MW-703 UFB indicating that the monitoring well pH results are not being influenced by the HTDF water quality.

Results from the investigation do not clearly indicate a source of the pH deviations at locations MW-702 UFB, MW-703 QAL, and MW-703 UFB. As stated above, although the pH results were outside of their respective benchmark ranges, the results reported in Q4 are still within the neutral range of the pH scale and do not pose a threat to the environment. The locations will continue to be closely monitored during quarterly sampling events and results reviewed to determine if a source can be determined.

- HYG-1, located on the north side of the cut-off wall, reported several parameters above calculated benchmarks (i.e. manganese, mercury, alkalinity bicarbonate, chloride, potassium, and sodium), however to date no parameters have exceeded an action level. HYG-1 is a very shallow well with a total depth of 25 feet and depth to water of approximately 12-14 feet depending on the season. A comparison of monitoring results from leachate wells, MW-701 QAL and MW-702 QAL, to HYG-1 does not indicate a correlation as all results detected at HYG-1 were greater than results detected at the leachate monitoring wells. This indicates that HYG-1 is not being influenced by the HTDF and since no other mining or milling activities are occurring within a close proximity of HYG-1 the elevated results are most likely related to the well being compromised in some way due its age. Results at HYG-1 for all of the parameters listed decreased in Q4 from levels previously reported in 2016. The location will continue to be closely monitored in 2017.
- Sodium was found to be increasing in concentration at locations HW-1U LLA and HW-2 and sulfate at locations HW-2, HW-8U, and MW-704 QAL. In each case, all other parameters were either consistent with baseline values or just outside of calculated benchmarks. In addition, the magnitude of the results varied and did not show any correlation between locations.
- Iron and lead were outside of benchmarks in each of the four sampling quarters in 2016 at location MW-704 UFB as was calcium, magnesium, and hardness. Results from this compliance monitoring location were compared to the leachate monitoring location MW-701 UFB and a distinct difference was found between the monitoring locations indicating that the location is not being influenced by the HTDF.
- The majority of the rest of the monitoring locations reported results that were just outside of the calculated benchmark values. The benchmarks are based on a small sample set of three to five results, most of which were collected in 2014 during monthly sampling events that occurred after well construction was completed. As such, the majority of the benchmarks do not currently take into account seasonal variation or natural variability that may occur after well installation. In many cases, the benchmark is set at the default of four times the reporting limit due to all non-detect results. All locations will continue to be closely monitored and benchmarks updated as more data becomes available.

A Mann-Kendall trend analysis was conducted on a quarterly basis for all groundwater locations. A parameter was considered to be trending if analysis determined a minimum confidence of 95%. Possible trends, either positive or negative, were identified for one or more parameters at fifteen compliance locations, three leachate monitoring wells and four background monitoring locations using data collected from baseline sampling events (i.e. 2014) through December 2016. Sulfate,

hardness, and sodium were the most frequently noted as possibly trending. It should be noted that due to the small sample size, the current trending results should all be considered preliminary.

A trend analysis will continue to be conducted after each quarterly monitoring event in 2017 and results reviewed to determine if the trends are attributable to milling operations. A table summarizing the potential groundwater trends can be found in Appendix G. For compliance, facility, and monitoring locations in which results were outside of established benchmarks for at least two consecutive quarters and a potential trend was identified, the trend charts are also provided in Appendix G.

7.1.2. Quarterly Surface Water Quality Monitoring

Surface water sampling was conducted on a quarterly basis in 2016 at eight surface water locations by Golder Associates. Four locations are associated with surface water resources in the subwatershed containing the HTDF and four are associated with the subwatershed of the milling facility. The samples collected represent winter base flow, spring snowmelt/runoff, summer base flow, and the fall rain season. Samples were collected in February, May, August, and November in 2016. A map of the surface water sampling locations is found in Appendix H. Samples are collected in accordance with the Eagle Project Quality Assurance Project Plan and Standard Operating Procedures (North Jackson, 2004a and 2004b) and the results are summarized and compared to benchmarks (i.e. upper prediction limit) and are located in the tables found in Appendix I.

Similar to the groundwater benchmarks discussed in section 9.1.1, two sets of benchmarks were calculated for all mine permit surface water monitoring locations based on the guidance provided by the Mine Permit and Part 632. MP 01 2010 L2 also requires that seasonal variation be accounted for when calculating surface water benchmarks. To date, a large enough sample set has not been collected during each of the four seasons and therefore are not incorporated into the current benchmarks. As additional samples are collected, the benchmarks will be recalculated to account for seasonal variation as required by MP 01 2010 L2. Until that time, benchmarks are based on baseline data collected in February, May, July, and October 2008 and May, July, and September 2014.

Monitoring Results

Grab samples were collected from each location during the quarterly sampling events completed in February, May, August, and November in 2016. Samples were unable to be collected from monitoring location HMP-009 in Q1 and Q4 and HMWQ-004 in Q1, Q2, Q3 and Q4 as water was not present.

- HMP-009 is located within the wetland that is strongly influenced by WTP discharge. In Q1 and Q4, WTP discharge was routed to an outfall that does not provide water to monitoring location HMP-009. Therefore no water was present in the area and sampling was unable to be completed.
- HMWQ-004 is located in an area in which the only contributions are related to precipitation and storm water run-off from the adjacent roadway, therefore sampling from this location is dependent upon precipitation.

The Humboldt Mill Surface Water and Sediment Monitoring Plan prescribes a long parameter list that is collected annually (conducted in Q3 2016) and a short list to be used quarterly (Q1, Q2, and Q4

2016). In addition to the grab samples, field measurements (DO, pH, specific conductivity, temperature) were collected and determined through the use of an YSI probe. Flow measurements were obtained, where conditions allowed, using a wading rod and current meter. Flow rates for location MER-002 were recorded from the USGS website for the station located adjacent to the monitoring location (i.e. 04057800 Middle Brach Escanaba River Humboldt Mill location). All water quality samples were shipped overnight to Pace Analytical Services in Grand Rapids, Michigan, for analysis.

Following is a summary of the 2016 events that occurred.

- Chloride, sulfate, sodium and total dissolved solids (TDS) were found to be greater than calculated benchmarks at location HMP-009. As stated above, this location is strongly influenced by WTP discharge when Outfall 003 is in use.. A review of the sampling data from the WTP discharge on August 24, 2016 and data collected from HMP-009 on August 23, 2016 found a correlation between many of the parameters which did not exist prior to use of Outfall 003. Most notably, the TDS and sulfate results were found to be only slightly below the WTP discharge values. TDS continues to trend slightly upward which is consistent with the WTP discharge data.
- Monitoring location WBR-002 reported results for copper, lead and nickel that were greater than established benchmarks. All three parameters were equal to, or just slightly above the established benchmarks. Each of the results trended down from Q3 to Q4.
- pH was reported to be below calculated benchmarks at MER-003, WBR-002, and WBR-003 for at least two consecutive sampling quarters in 2016. Both the Escanaba River (MER-001) and Black River (WBR-001) reference locations also experienced lower pH levels during at least one sampling quarter indicating that there is a possible trend that is being observed throughout the river system.

It is very likely that a number of the benchmark deviations that were reported in 2016 are not actually deviations from natural conditions. As reported above, the benchmarks were calculated using all baseline data available and do not take into account seasonal variation at this time. A large enough sample set was not available to complete the statistical analysis for each of the four seasons. As additional samples are collected, the benchmarks will be recalculated to account for seasonal variation as required by MP 01 2010 L2. Until that time, benchmarks are based on all baseline data available for the monitoring location and therefore should be considered estimated values.

See Appendix I for a complete summary of surface water results and applicable benchmarks.

A Mann-Kendall trend analysis was also conducted for the surface water monitoring locations on a quarterly basis. The trend analysis does not currently take into account seasonal variations, but will be modified once sufficient data has been collected to complete the analysis. Possible trends, positive or negative, were identified for one or more parameters at two of the eight monitoring locations using data collected from baseline sampling events (May 2014) through December 2016 and are summarized in Appendix J. A parameter was considered to be trending if analysis determined a minimum confidence of 95%. Based on this premise, chloride and fluoride were identified as trending at HMP-009 and copper and lead were identified at WBR-002. The positive trend for chloride and fluoride at HMP-009 is likely attributable to the WTP discharge that strongly influences the monitoring

location. The trends identified at location WBR-002 for copper and lead are less apparent as results have stabilized over the last two sampling quarters.

A trend analysis will continue to be conducted after each quarterly monitoring event in 2017 and results reviewed to determine if the trends are attributable to milling operations. For compliance monitoring locations in which results were outside of established benchmarks for at least two consecutive quarters and a potential trend was identified, the 2016 trend charts are also provided in Appendix J.

7.2. Sediment Sampling

Sediment sampling is required on a biennial basis and was conducted on August 23, 2016 during the Q3 surface water sampling event. Sediment monitoring stations are co-located with surface water monitoring stations and consist of reference stations MER-001 and WBR-001, HTDF sub-watershed monitoring stations MER-002, MER-003, and HMP-009 and Mill sub-watershed monitoring stations HMWQ-004, WBR-002, and WBR-003. As required by the Part 632 Mining Permit, the sediment sample results were compared to the Consensus-Based Probable Effect Concentrations found in MacDonald et al., 2000. This included comparison to the threshold effects concentration (TEC) and probable effects concentration (PEC). A result below the TEC indicates that it is unlikely that harmful effects would be observed in sediment-dwelling organisms. In contrast, a result above the PEC indicates that harmful effects would likely be observed in sediment-dwelling organisms. With the exception of arsenic at monitoring location WBR-003 all results were below the established TECs. The arsenic result at location WBR-003 was found to be between the TEC and PEC indicating an uncertainty as to whether effects would actually be observed in sediment-dwelling organisms. Review of results from the baseline sampling event conducted in May 2014, prior to the start of operations, found that the arsenic concentration at WBR-003 also fell within the TEC and PEC indicating that the elevated arsenic result is not associated with Eagle operations. A summary of the sediment results is provided in Appendix K.

7.3. Regional Hydrologic Monitoring

7.3.1. Continuous Groundwater Elevations

Monitoring wells MW-701, MW-702, MW-703, MW-704, MW-705, HYG-1, HW-2, HW-1U, HW-1L, HW-8U are instrumented with continuous water level meters and downloaded quarterly by Golder Associates field technicians. Permit condition F-9 requires that water levels are continuously monitored in Wetland EE and the HTDF. HTDF water level readings were recorded using a stilling well containing a pressure transducer which was installed in the HTDF to collect continuous water level measurements. To ensure accurate readings in the winter, an "ice eater" was installed to prevent the water surrounding the stilling well from freezing. A map of monitoring locations can be found in Appendix E.

Special Condition F-9a requires continuous monitoring of water levels on each side of the cutoff wall and a comparison of the gradient changes actually measured versus earlier predictions. As previously reported, the operating level of the HTDF was lowered from what was originally planned resulting in the HTDF water elevation being lower than the wetland elevation located outside of the cut-off wall. Therefore, the predicted gradient measurements originally calculated with a high HTDF elevation can

no longer be used as measurement of effectiveness of the cutoff wall. In addition, the water elevation cannot be compared in the reverse direction due to outside influences on the water levels in the wetland. If at any time during operations the water level rises to levels above the elevation of the downstream wetland, gradient changes will again be measured and discussed.

Continuous groundwater elevation results are reported by water year (October 1 – September 30). Water year is the preferred approach for reporting water levels, because the hydrographs demonstrate the effect of late fall and winter precipitation, which melts and drains in spring, in one 12-month hydrologic cycle. Copies of groundwater hydrographs are located in Appendix L. A review of the hydrographs found the following:

- The hydrographs clearly illustrate when the wells are pumped down in advance of, or during, sampling and the rate in which they recharge.
- Due to an equipment malfunction in which water entered the units causing damage to the
 circuitry, continuous water level readings were not collected from late May to late October
 2016 at locations HW-1U LLA, HW-2, MW-701 UFB, and MW-704 LLA while the units were
 being evaluated and eventually replaced by the manufacturer. The meters were re-installed
 in late October and data was collected the final two months of 2016.
- Continuous water level readings were collected beginning in February 2016 at monitoring location MW-702 UFB due to an equipment malfunction which occurred in late 2015. The meter was repaired and data was collected for the remainder of the year.
- HW-1L, HW-1U LLA, MW-702 UFB, and MW-703 UFB are located in a tight formation and are
 very slow to recharge. HW-1L, MW-702 UFB, and MW-703 UFB took approximately one
 month to recharge and HW-1U LLA took almost four months to fully recharge. The slow
 recharge rates are an indication that the integrity of the cut-off wall is intact. If the cut-off
 wall was compromised one would expect to see the wells recharge more quickly.
- As expected, HTDF surface water elevations were consistently lower than water elevations
 for monitoring wells located on the opposite side of the cut-off wall. The exceptions are HW1L and HW-1U LLA that are located in a tight formation and are very slow to recharge.
- Some of the shallower, quaternary aquifer wells displayed signs of seasonal influence as groundwater elevations decreased as frozen conditions set-in and increased again in April with the onset of spring melt.

7.3.2. Continuous Surface Water Monitoring

In accordance with permit condition F-9, Wetland EE is required to be instrumented with a meter to continuously monitor water levels. However, due to the construction of the cut-off wall, recharge is now primarily based on WTP discharge and precipitation (i.e. rain and snow melt). With the onset of WTP discharge into Wetland EE in the fall of 2015, the water levels in Wetland EE are a function of operational decisions and only minimally impacted by natural conditions (i.e. precipitation). The purpose of the continuous water level measurements is to monitor the effectiveness of the cut-off wall and record seasonal variations. Due to the operational influence of the WTP discharge, the monitoring objective can no longer be met and therefore continuous readings are not being collected.

However, surface water grab samples and field parameters will be collected quarterly when possible although results will be strongly influenced by effluent discharge water quality.

7.4. Cut-Off Wall Water Quality Review

In accordance with permit condition F-9, Eagle is required to monitor the effectiveness of the cut-off wall in terms of hydraulic containment. This is best accomplished by review of water levels and chemical signatures between the leachate (i.e. MW-701 and MW-702) and compliance monitoring wells (MW-703, MW-704). Focus of the review is on water levels in the quaternary unconsolidated formation (QAL) and chemical signature in the upper fractured bedrock zone (UFB).

Leachate wells are located on the south side of the containment wall (HTDF side) and should show similar water levels and chemical signatures of the HTDF. The compliance wells are downgradient of the leachate wells and are located on the north side of the containment wall and should be outside the influence of the HTDF. Results from leachate monitoring location MW-701 are compared to compliance location MW-704 and results from leachate monitoring location MW-702 are compared to compliance location MW-703.

Chemical Signature Review

- The majority of the metals and anion parameters were consistently non-detect at both the compliance and leachate monitoring locations, therefore, chemical signature comparisons were focused on iron, manganese, chloride, sulfate, and cation parameters as these were the most frequently detected.
- In the quaternary unconsolidated formation, the iron, manganese, chloride, and sulfate results were all significantly higher at compliance location MW-704 than were reported at leachate well MW-701. Iron was also higher in MW-704 in the upper fracture bedrock zone, while manganese was more than two times greater in MW-701 than MW-704. Sulfate and chloride were also found to be higher in MW-704 than leachate well MW-701. These results indicate there is a distinct difference between the leachate and compliance locations. If the containment wall was compromised, the results at the MW-701 and MW-704 would be similar.
- At leachate location MW-702 QAL pH, manganese, alkalinity bicarbonate, calcium, sodium, chloride, sulfate, and hardness were greater than results reported at compliance location MW-703 QAL. These results indicate that the containment wall is functioning as expected as the results would otherwise be closer in comparison.
- Iron, manganese, and sulfate were greater at compliance location MW-703 UFB than compared to leachate monitoring location MW-702 UFB. Again, the differences between the leachate and compliance wells show that the containment wall has not been compromised as results would be similar if it was not functioning properly.

Water Level Review

There is a distinct difference in groundwater elevations between MW-702 QAL and MW-703 QAL. As expected due to the operating level of the HTDF, compliance monitoring location MW-703 QAL, has a groundwater elevation that is approximately five feet greater than

leachate well MW-702 QAL. The groundwater elevation at MW-702 QAL closely mimics the groundwater elevation of the HTDF.

- As predicted due to the operating level of the HTDF, compliance monitoring location MW-703 UFB has a groundwater elevation that is slightly greater than leachate well MW-702 UFB.
 Groundwater elevations at MW-702 UFB trend closely with HTDF water levels.
- The groundwater elevations at compliance monitoring locations MW 704 QAL and UFB are approximately three feet higher than those reported at leachate monitoring locations MW-701 QAL and UFB. As expected, the water elevations recorded at MW-701 are closer to elevations reported in the HTDF. The distinct separation between the leachate and compliance monitoring wells show that the containment wall has not been compromised as groundwater elevations would be similar if it was not functioning properly.

Based on the review of the chemical signature and groundwater elevations of the leachate and compliance monitoring wells there is sufficient evidence to show that the cut-off wall is functioning as expected. The variability in the detected parameters, difference in reported results, and groundwater elevations all demonstrate that the effectiveness and integrity of the containment wall are intact.

7.5. Biological Monitoring

Biological monitoring events conducted in 2016 included surveys of birds, large and small mammals, frogs, toads, fish and macro invertebrates. Results from each survey have been compiled into annual reports which are available upon request. A brief summary of each survey is provided below.

7.5.1. Flora and Fauna Report

The 2016 flora, fauna, and wetland vegetation surveys were conducted by King & MacGregor Environmental, Inc. (KME). Table 8.5.1 below outlines the type and duration of the surveys that were conducted in 2016. A map of the survey locations can be found in Appendix M.

Table 7.5.1 Type and Duration of 2015 Ecological Investigation

Survey Type	Survey Date	
Birds	June 14-15, September 26, 27 and 30	
Small Mammals	September 27-29	
Large Mammals	May - September	
Toads/Frogs	May 3-4, June 1 & July 6	
Threatened and Endangered Species	May - September	

The wildlife and plant species identified during the 2016 surveys within the Study Area are similar to those identified during previous KME surveys. Following is a summary of the survey results:

A combined total of 478 birds representing 45 species were observed during the 2016 (June
and September) surveys. In June, the white-throated sparrow, red-winged blackbird, and
red-eyed vireo were the most abundant birds observed, while the Canada goose, dark-eyed
junco, and American crow was the most abundant species observed during the September

2016 survey. There was approximately four times as many Canada geese observed in 2016 than the previous year, however there was an overall reduction in count by over 70 individuals from September 2015 to those from September 2016. This is due to the reduced numbers of blue jay, rock pigeon, and American crows observed during the September 2016 survey. Overall between the June and September surveys there were fifty-three fewer birds observed in 2016 compared to 2015. The number of birds observed can be influenced by weather conditions including temperature, wind speed, etc., and therefore variations are expected to occur between survey events. Although fewer birds were observed, the bird species identified during the 2016 bird surveys are similar to those bird species identified in previous surveys conducted within the Study Area and are consistent with the bird species expected to be found in the habitats present.

- Thirty-two small mammals representing eight species were collected during the September survey period. The total number of individuals captured in 2016 were nearly double the number captured in 2015 with the most common small mammal identified during the survey being the deer mouse. No threatened, endangered, or special concern small mammals were observed during any of the surveys. The small mammals encountered within the Study Areas during the 2016 surveys are typical of those expected in the habitats present and are consistent with previous survey results.
- Whitetail deer tracks were observed throughout the study area and the scat of coyote, American black bear, and grey wolf was also observed in September 2016. The large mammal species detected during the 2016 surveys are regionally common large mammal species and are expected to utilize the habitats present.
- Five frog species were observed during the survey; none of which are threatened or endangered. Breeding frog calls were observed at all five sampling points with the most frequently heard being the northern spring peeper. Although, elevated noise levels related to operations were noted at survey points 2 and 3, potentially diminishing the observer's ability to hear and distinguish calls, the results from the 2016 survey are similar to those of previous years. All of the frog species identified are typical of those expected in the habitats present in the Study Area.

7.5.2. Threatened and Endangered Species

The Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI) maintains a database of rare plants and animals in Michigan. KME requested a Rare Species Review to determine if any protected species had been found within 1.5 miles of the Study Area. Table 8.5.2 lists the species identified during the MNFI review process.

Table 7.5.2 MNFI Review Results of Study Area

Species	Classification
Canada rice grass	State threatened species
American bittern	State special concern species
Bald eagle	State special concern species
osprey	State special concern species
Great blue heron rookery	Rare natural feature

In accordance with Michigan Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) guidelines (MDNR 2001), KME surveyed for any MNFI listed species and their habitats during the appropriate season. Following are the results of the threatened and endangered species survey:

- Canada grass was not observed in 2016 and is not expected to occur in the study area due to the lack of suitable habitat.
- Although American bittern observations have been routinely made at Survey Point 5 in the
 past, none were made in 2016. In May and June 2016, the bald eagle nest on the north shore
 of Lake Lory was occupied by two adults and two juveniles.
- Although suitable habitat for osprey is present in the study area, no birds were directly observed in 2014, 2015, or 2016.
- In May and June 2016, 16 of 17 nests were identified as active in the heron rookery. The great blue heron rookery appears to be robust and unaffected by the presence of the mill.



Canada Rice Survey Point – East end of Mill

A copy of the 2016 Humboldt Mill flora and fauna report is available upon request.

7.5.3. Fisheries and Macro Invertebrate Report

The 2016 Fisheries and Macro-Invertebrate annual surveys were conducted by Advanced Ecological Management (AEM). A total of six stations were surveyed in June 2016, including two stations on the Middle Branch of the Escanaba River (MBER), one station on a tributary of the Middle Branch of the Escanaba, one station on an unnamed tributary of the Black River (WBR), one station in Wetland Complex EE located northeast of the HTDF, and Lake Lory. A map of the survey locations can be found in Appendix N.

Stream Stations

A total of 53 fish representing 11 species were collected in 2016 from all stream stations, up from 44 fish in 2015. Station 1 and MBER 1 are located upstream of the mill and outside of potential impact from operations and Station 5 and MBER 2 are located downstream of milling operations. The most notable change observed in 2016 was that thirteen slimy sculpin (Cottus cognatus) were captured whereas zero were observed in 2015. The Central mudminnow was the most frequently collected

species followed by the slimy sculpin. No threatened, endangered, or special concern fish species were observed at any of the stream stations in 2016. The following is a summary of the findings:

- The community composition of fish species was generally consistent over the past three years.
- A beaver dam located near Station 1 that has been observed since 2014, continues to influence the hydrology and potentially the number of fish collected during the surveys at that location.
- Historically, very few fish are observed at station 5, however, eight fish were collected in 2016 (i.e. Central mudminnow and slimy sculpin). Only one fish (i.e. Central mudminnow) was collected in 2015
- Twenty-six fish were collected between MBER1 & 2. Fish totals between these locations are
 typically 20 fish or less with the exception of 2007 when 50 fish were collected. Northern
 pike was the most frequently observed species at MBER1 while the Slimy sculpin was the
 most noted at MBER2. The surveys conducted to date have determined that the segments
 of stream associated with these locations are not productive fisheries.

Using the P-51 protocol, a total of 711 macro-invertebrates, representing 37 taxa, were collected from all four stream stations investigated in 2016. The total number of macro-invertebrates collected in 2016 was down by 90 specimens compared to the total number collected in 2015. The largest deviation was at Station 1 where 87 fewer specimens were collected in 2016 compared to 2015. This location is known to exhibit annual variation among the years surveyed by AEM. For example, only 76 macroinvertebrates were collected in 2014 compared to 218 in 2015, and 87 in 2016. Although fewer macroinvertebrates were collected from the stream stations in 2016, the community composition has remained generally consistent between years. No threatened, endangered, or special concern macroinvertebrate species were observed at any of the stream stations in 2016.

A summary of the fish, macroinvertebrate, and habitat ratings for the four stream stations are displayed in Table 7.5.3 below. Ratings were similar to previous baseline studies with all four stations being reported as "poor" fish communities and "acceptable" macroinvertebrate communities. Stream habitat was considered "excellent" in stations MBER1 and MBER2 and "good" at station 1 and 5.

Table 7.5.3 2016 Habitat Ratings

	Station 1	Station 5	Station MBER1	Station MBER2
Fish Community	Poor	Poor	Poor	Poor
Macroinvertebrate	Accontable	Accontable	Accontable	Accontable
Community	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable
Stream Habitat	Good	Good	Excellent	Excellent

Lake Lory

A total of 169 fish representing nine taxa were collected from Lake Lory in 2016 which is greater than the 155 fish that were captured in 2015. The community composition was generally consistent between 2015 and 2016 with yellow perch (Perca flavescens) and bluegills (Lepomis macrochirus)

representing the most frequently observed species, followed by largemouth bass (Micropterus salmoides). Many of the fish observed in Lake Lory appear to be in good condition, however black spot which is caused by a natural parasite (larval trematode) that burrows into the skin of the fish was observed in several species. Review of the Michigan Department of Natural Resources website found that black spot is a common disease in earthen bottom ponds and lakes.

A total of 212 macroinvertebrates were collected from Lake Lory which is six more specimens than collected in 2015. Snails, true flies, and dragonflies were the most abundant species identified during the 2016 surveys. No threatened, endangered, or special concern macroinvertebrate species were observed at Lake Lory in 2016.

Wetland EE

One juvenile brook stickleback (Culaea inconstans) was collected from Wetland EE in 2016 and no fish were collected during the 2015 aquatic survey.

A total of thirty-eight macroinvertebrates were collected in 2016 compared to only four specimens collected in 2015. Diving beetles (Dytiscidae), Chironomids (Diptera), and true bugs were the most common species observed during the 2016 aquatic survey. No threatened, endangered, or special concern macroinvertebrate species were observed in Wetland EE in 2016.

In 2016, aquatic vegetation returned to previously observed conditions as the Wetland EE complex was predominately vegetated with cattails. This was in contrast to drier conditions observed during the 2015 survey where little to no vegetation was present. This was related to WTP discharge outfall locations and utilization. The third outfall from the Water Treatment Plant (Outfall 003) was utilized from January through mid-November in 2016 which supplied adequate water to the wetland complex. A copy of the 2016 Humboldt Mill Aquatic Survey Report is available upon request.



Electroshocking on Escanaba River, June 2016

7.5.4. Fish Tissue Survey

No fish tissue survey was conducted in 2016. Surveys are only required once every three years, with the next survey scheduled for 2017.

7.6. Miscellaneous Monitoring

7.6.1. Soil Erosion Control Measures

Soil erosion and sedimentation control (SESC) measures related to the construction of mining facilities now falls under the purview of Part 632. No new SESC measures were required to be implemented in 2016, however although no work is currently being conducted, silt fence remains along the HTDF where additional work on the cut-off wall is scheduled to occur in the future. The Department will be notified in the event that any construction activities occur in which soil erosion measures are necessary and all inspections will be completed as required.

7.6.2. Impermeable Surface Inspections

The Impermeable Surface Inspection and Surface Repair Plan outlines the requirements of integrity monitoring of surfaces exposed to site storm water and areas of ore, concentrate and chemical handling/storage. Areas inspected in 2016 included sumps and floors of the coarse ore storage area, concentrator building, concentrate load out facility, and WTP. Monitoring was conducted on a monthly basis as required by the plan.

Floors are inspected for cracks and overall general condition and the sumps are evaluated for any areas of cracking, pitting, or other surface deficiencies, and accumulation of material. All inspection results are recorded on the impermeable surface inspection form by Environmental Department staff and stored in the compliance binder at the Humboldt Mill administrative office. Any issues identified during the inspections are immediately reported and fixed by onsite staff. Follow-up inspections are completed to ensure the repairs were made. The following issues were identified in 2016:

• Minor, superficial cracks (level 1 or less) were noted on the floor of the Concentrator Building. These will continue be closely monitored.

7.6.3. Tailings Line Inspection

In accordance with Mining Permit Condition E-12, the double-walled HDPE pipeline is monitored by mill operators and Environmental Department staff. Any concerns identified during the inspections would be immediately reported to the Mill operations and maintenance departments who would complete any necessary repairs. The following items were identified in 2016:

• Weekly inspections of the tailings lines found that in April, June, October and December, minor amounts of tailings were introduced into the sump located in the shore vault building. This resulted from routine maintenance activities on the valves inside the building and not the result of a leak in the tailings lines. Operations personnel were notified and the material was cleaned up using a vacuum truck. The material was reintroduced into the system so that it can be disposed of subaqueously in the HTDF via the tailings disposal system.



Tailings lines extending into HTDF

7.6.4. Geochemistry Program

Eagle continued implementation of the comprehensive HTDF geochemistry monitoring program which had been prepared by Hatch Associates in 2015. The monitoring program was used to further understand the relationship between HTDF geochemistry and the tailings composition, as well as monitor seasonal changes in HTDF properties. Geochemical models were updated to further refine the predicted changes in water quality during operations and in closure, which was used to facilitate planning for near- and long-term water treatment solutions.

Throughout 2016, the HTDF continued to be stratified. As previously experienced, in the spring and fall there were thermodynamically driven shallow mixing events. Metal concentrations of the WTP influent continue to oscillate seasonally in sync with these events, but remain at levels that are within the treatment capacity of the water treatment plant. As anticipated through geochemical modeling, dissolved solids loads within the HTDF continue to rise and approach limits of the site's NPDES permit. As such, water treatment capacity has been added to remain in compliance with the dissolved solid limit (i.e. reverse osmosis). Eagle is undertaking other pilot studies and complimentary management approaches to assure compliance with the effluent discharge limits.

8. Reclamation Activities

No reclamation activities occurred in 2016 and there are currently no plans to conduct any reclamation activities in 2017. The Department will be notified, in advance, if any activities do commence in 2017.

9. Contingency Plan Update

One element of the contingency plan is to test the effectiveness on an annual basis. Testing is comprised of two components. The first component is participation in adequate training programs for individuals involved in responding to emergencies and the second component is a mock field test.

In 2015, the Humboldt Mill Emergency Response Team was formed to assist in emergency response situations should they arise. This team is not required by the Mine Safety Health Administration

(MSHA) but was established to help ensure the safety of employees while at work. The team is comprised of 22 individuals that are divided into four teams each of which includes at least one licensed emergency medical technician (EMT) and one National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) certified firefighter. Training occurs on a monthly basis and in 2016 included first aid, rapid trauma assessments, assisting with fire drills, extrication from various facilities and equipment, triaging multiple patients and completion of a 40 hour high angle rescue and confined space rescue technician training. The Humboldt Mill Emergency Response Team now has one of the largest professionally trained high angle rescue teams in the Midwest.

In addition to the Emergency Response Team, security personnel are EMTs and paramedics who are trained in accordance with state and federal regulations. This allows for immediate response to medical emergency situations.

A mock field test was conducted in October 2016 and was a desktop exercise which tested the emergency response measures of the contingency plan and crisis management plan in place at Eagle Mine. With the assistance of Eagle Mine employees, a third-party consultant developed an The scenario generally involves a situation in which both safety and environmental risks are considered and in 2016 the emergency was related to a propane tank fire and train derailment that resulted in the loss of copper concentrate into the Escanaba River both of which occurred simultaneously during a severe weather event. The crisis management team was aware that a test would occur, but were unaware of the nature of the emergency. Two rooms were utilized during the exercise, the first contained the crisis management team and the second contained the "actors" playing roles of employees, regulators, local politicians, media outlets, and concerned citizens and family members. The actors had a loose script developed by the consultant which ensured that certain elements were included and that the scenario progressed at a pre-determined pace. During the crisis management exercise, the third party consultant observed the activity to identify strengths, weaknesses and opportunities for improvement. Once the exercise is complete, the consultant and crisis management team held a debrief session to capture feedback from each participant. Following this session, the consultant captured the overall feedback and prepared a report with actions for improvement. Throughout the following 12-month period, the crisis management team meets on a quarterly basis to review and update the status on those actions in preparation for the annual exercise.

An updated contingency plan can be found in Appendix O. This plan will also be submitted to the Local Emergency Management Coordinator.

10. Financial Assurance Update

Updated reclamation costs were submitted in the 2014 Annual Report and approved by the Department in July 2015. The updated bond was submitted to the MDEQ in April 2016. In accordance with Part 632, the financial assurance will be reviewed every three years with the next review required in 2018.

11. Organizational Information

An updated organization report can be found in Appendix P.

Appendix A

Humboldt Mill
Site Map

Eagle Mine LLC Humboldt Mill Monitoring Map





Cut Off Well

1 - Water Treatment Plan

2 - Coarse Ore Storage Building

3 - Secondary Crusher

4 - Concentrator

4 - Concentrator
5 - Concentrate I cadou

- 8 - Mill Services Building

6 - Guardhouse

9 - Administration Building 10 - UPPCO Powerstation

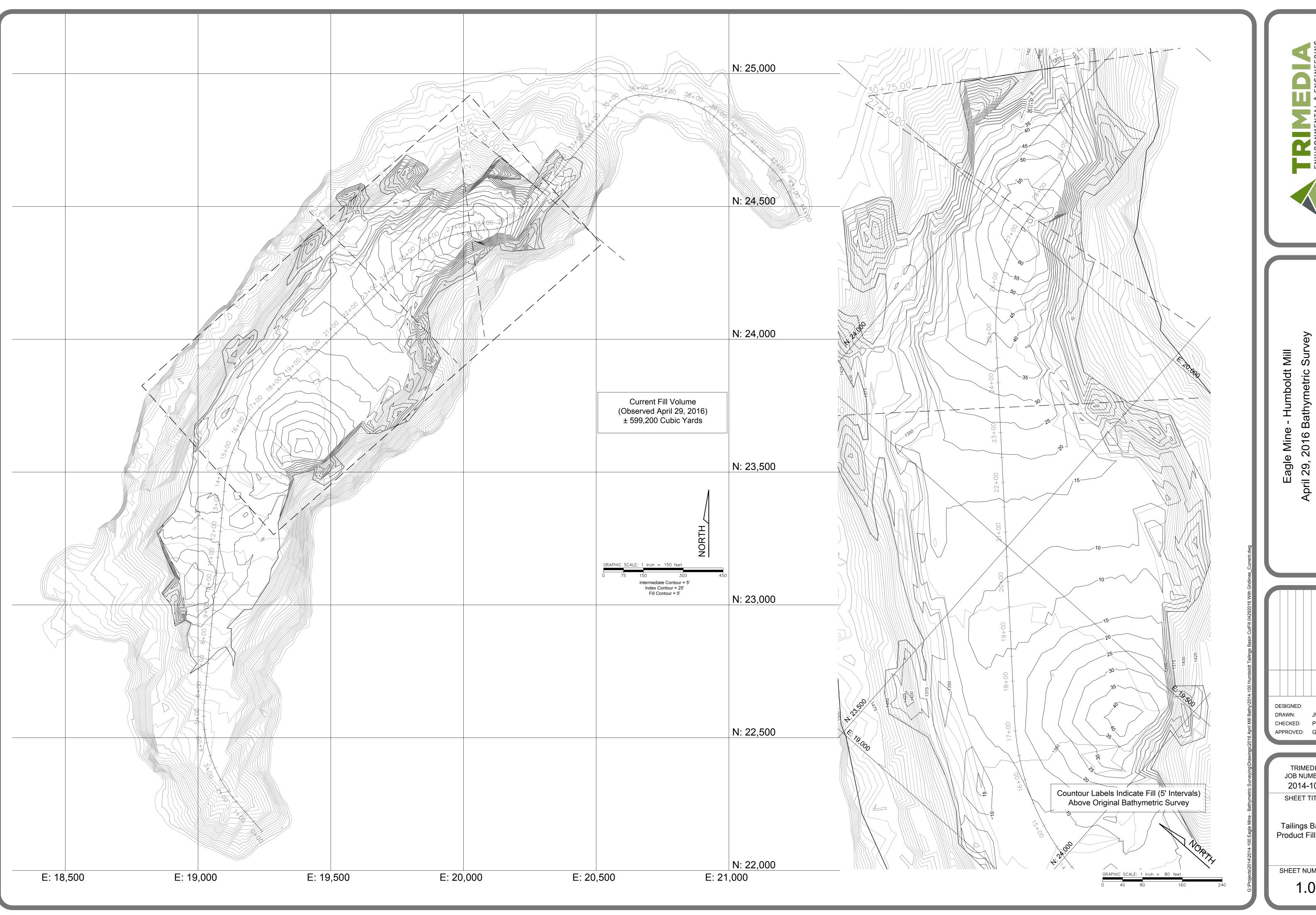
11 - Humboldt Tailings Disposal Faci
 12 - Transfer Building

0 0.05 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4



Appendix B

Humboldt Mill
Bathymetry Maps



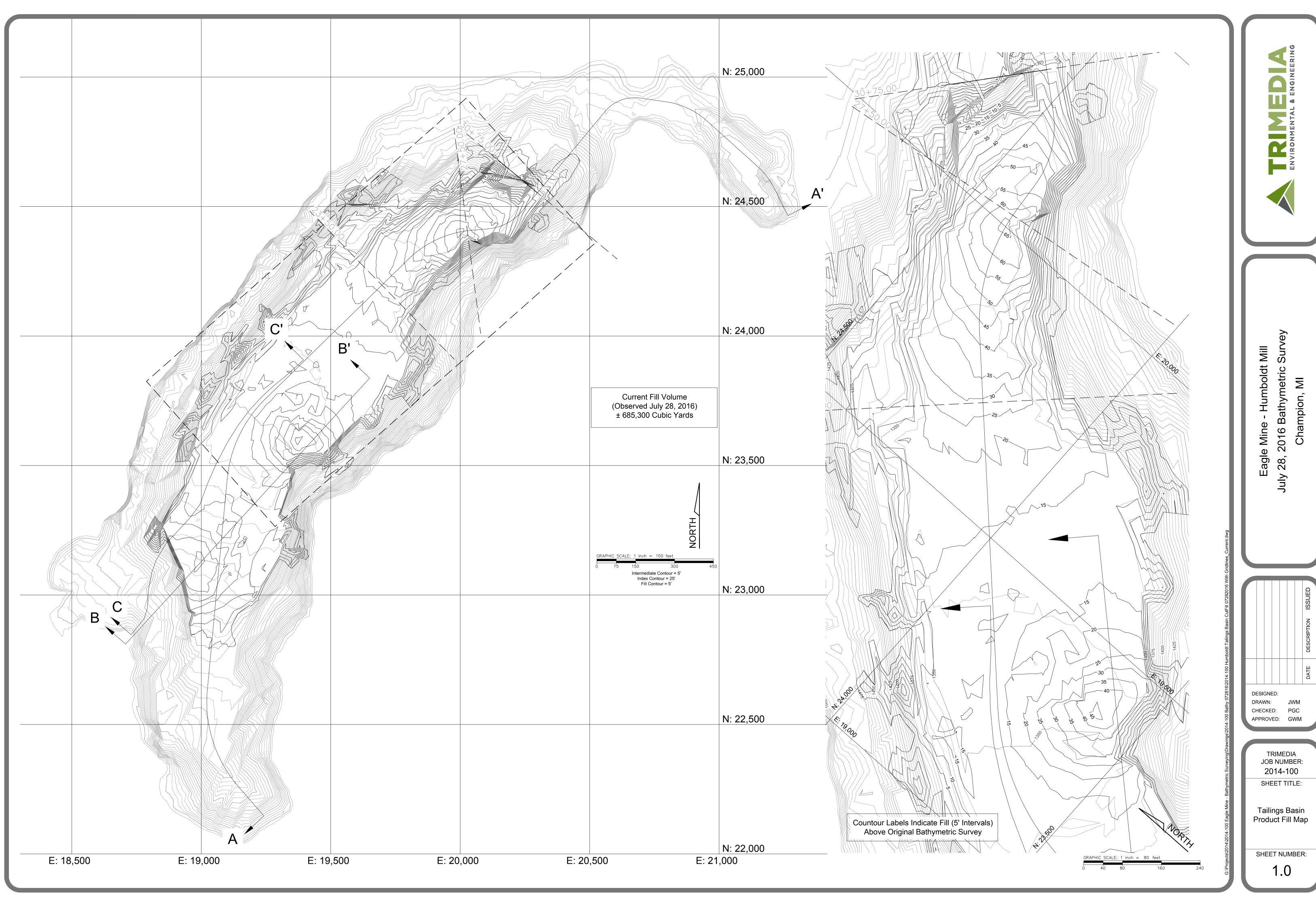


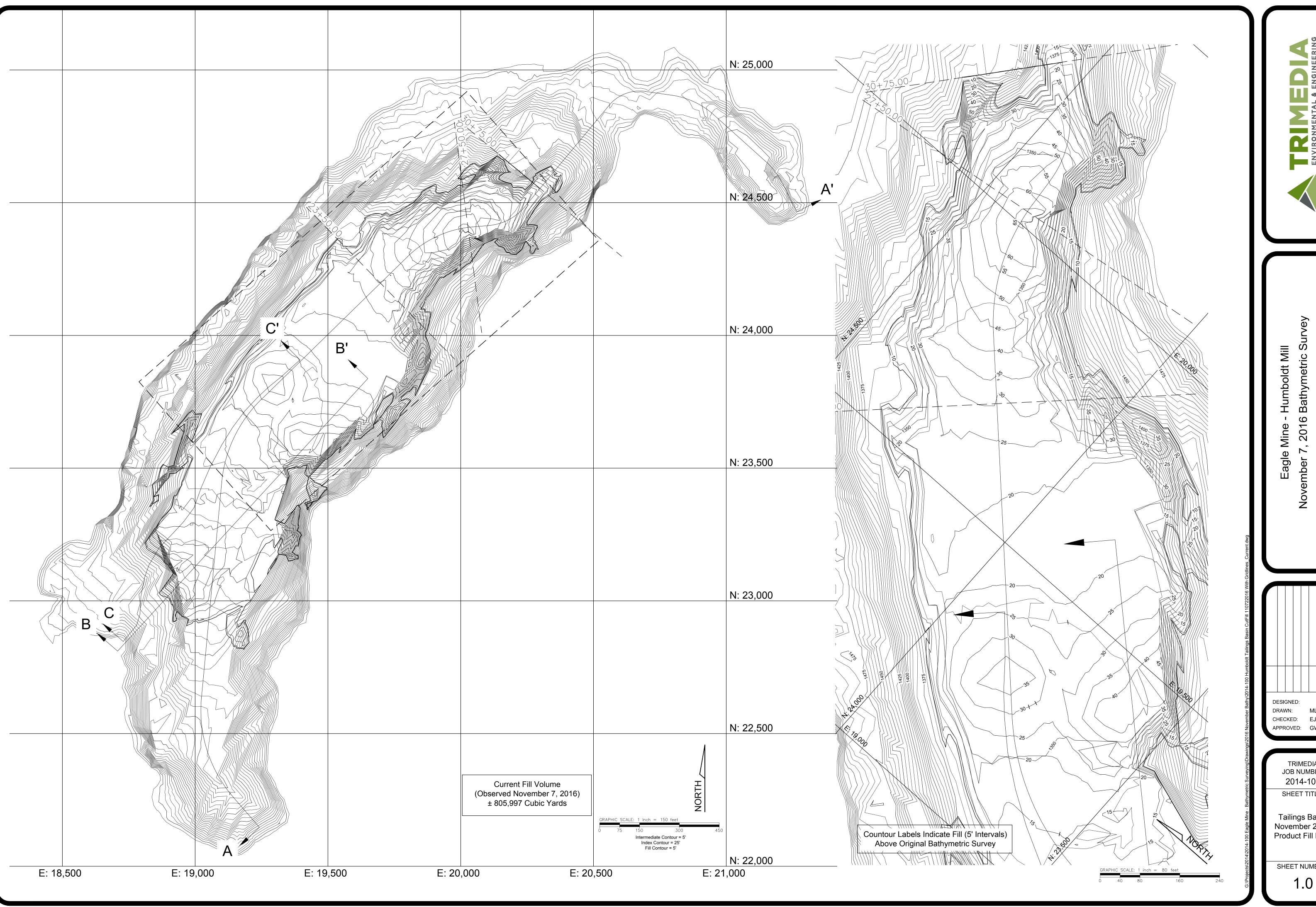
CHECKED: PGC APPROVED: GWM

> TRIMEDIA JOB NUMBER: 2014-100 SHEET TITLE:

Tailings Basin Product Fill Map

SHEET NUMBER:





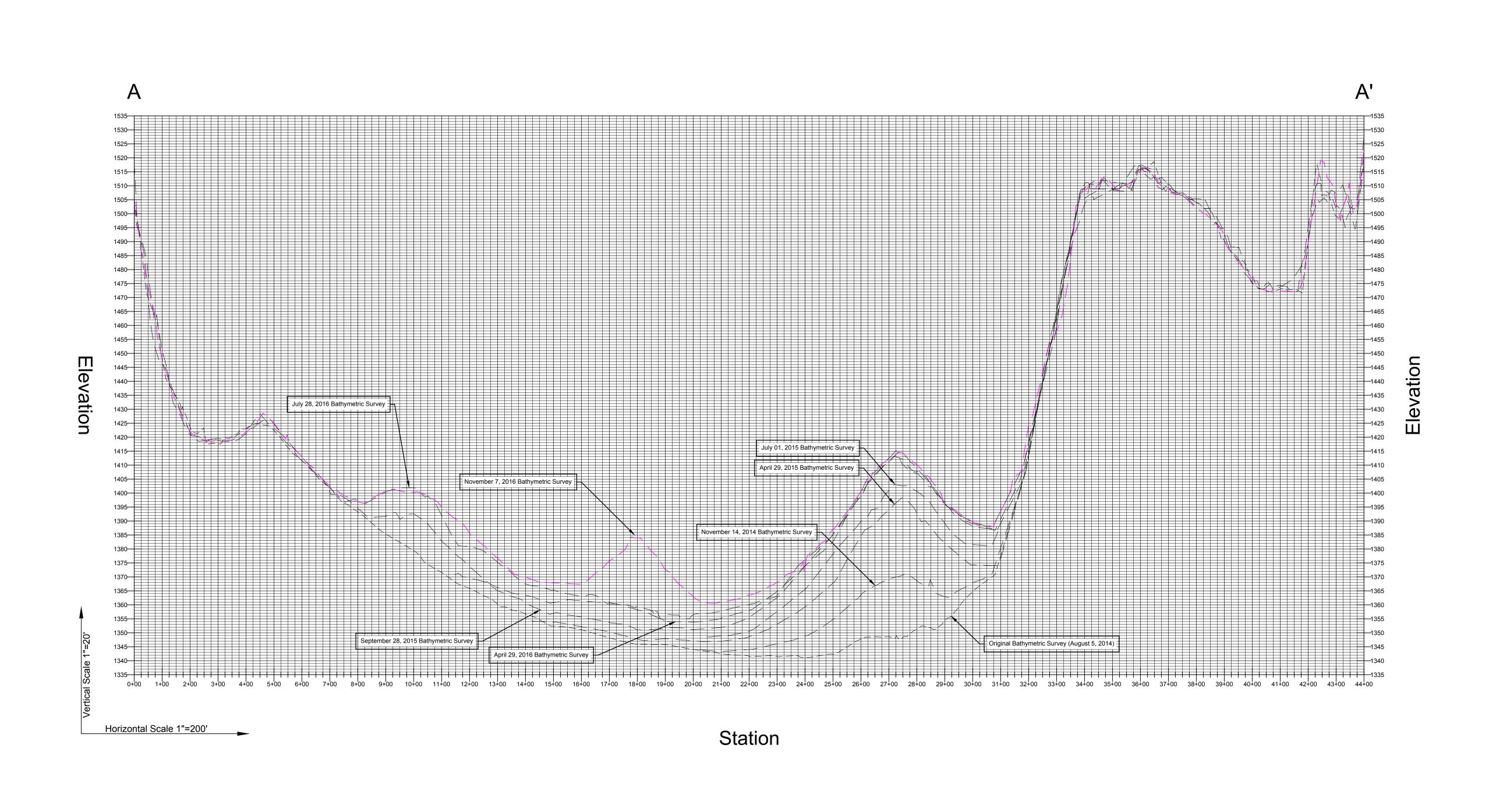


CHECKED: EJR APPROVED: GWM

TRIMEDIA JOB NUMBER: 2014-100 SHEET TITLE:

Tailings Basin November 2016 Product Fill Map

SHEET NUMBER:





Humboldt Mill

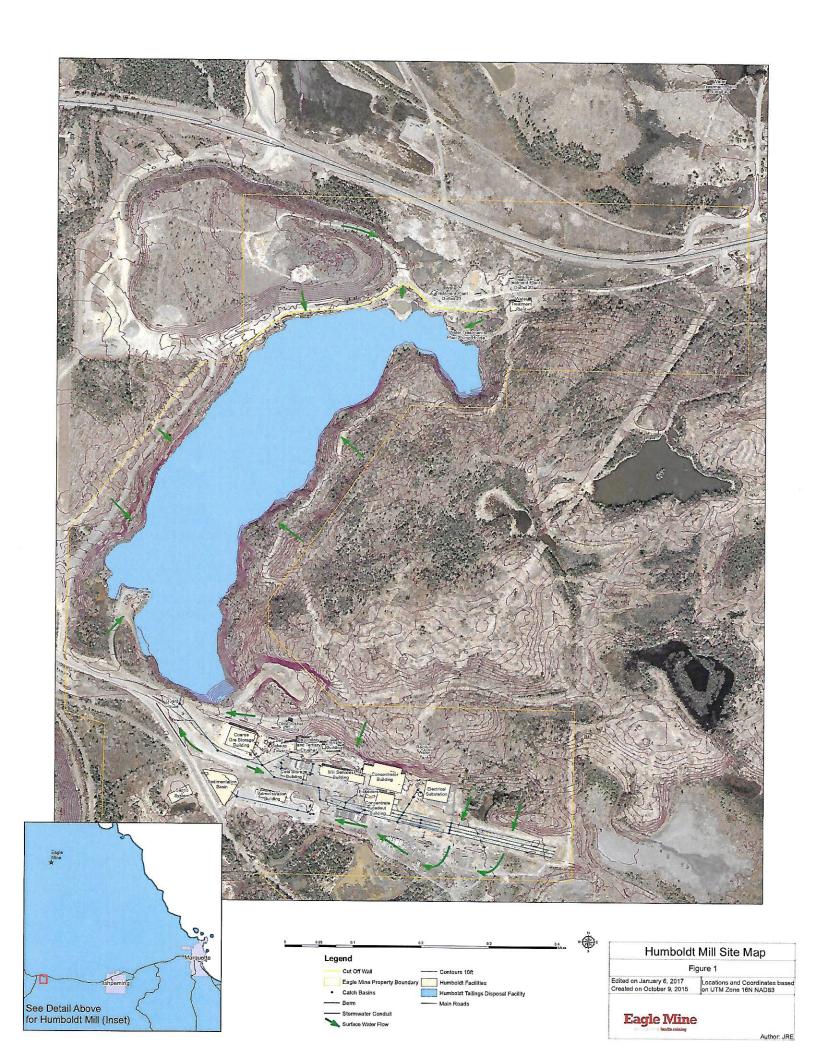
DESIGNED: DRAWN: CHECKED:

JOB NUMBER: 2014-100 SHEET TITLE: Tailings Basin November 2016

Profile A SHEET NUMBER:

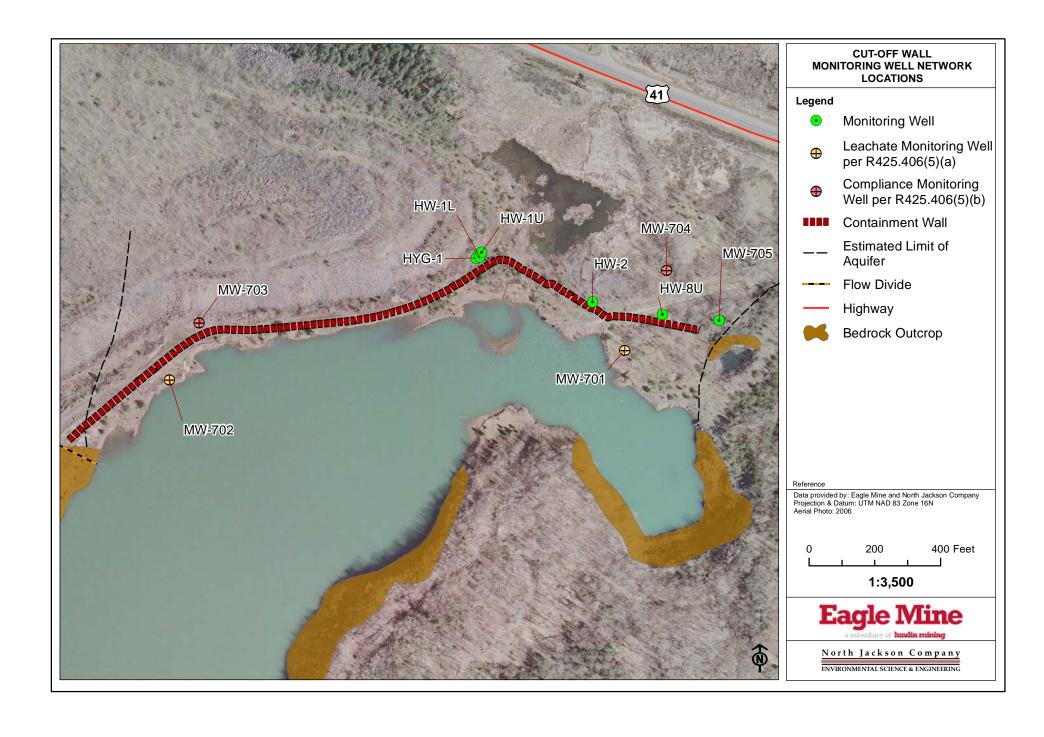
Appendix C

Humboldt Mill Storm Water Drainage Map



Appendix E

Humboldt Mill Groundwater Monitoring Well Location Map





LEGEND



New Compliance Monitoring Wells

NOTES

- 1. SCALE OF AERIAL IMAGERY IS APPROXIMATE.
- 2. THIS FIGURE HAS BEEN TRANSLATED AND SCALED TO THE HORIZONTAL DATUM NAD83 MICHIGAN STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM.
- 3. FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY. NOT TO BE USED FOR REPORTING.

REFERENCE

1. BASE MAP TAKEN FROM GOOGLE EARTH, 2014

CLIENT EAGLE MINE HUMBOLDT MILL

PROJEC

GROUNDWATER MONTIORING

TITLE

EAGLE MINE HUMBOLDT MILL COMPLIANCE MONITORING LOCATIONS

DRAFT

CONSULTANT



YYYY-MM-DD	2014-08-14
PREPARED	CJS
DESIGN	CJS
REVIEW	MAC
APPROVED	GJD

PROJECT Rev. FIGURE 1401484 0 **0 01**

Appendix F

Humboldt Mill

Groundwater Monitoring Well Results

&

Benchmark Summary Table

Humboldt Mill 2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Monitoring Benchmark Comparison Summary

Location	Location Classification	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
HW-1L	Monitoring	pH, chloride, sodium	рН	рН	pH , chloride, sulfate
					pH, ammonia, sodium,
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	pH, ammonia, sodium	pH, ammonia, sodium	pH, ammonia, sodium	sulfate
HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	alkalinity carbonate			
			chloride, sulfate, sodium,	pH, chloride, sulfate,	ammonia, chloride, sodium,
HW-2	Monitoring	sulfate	hardness	sodium, hardness	sulfate
HW-8U	Monitoring	sulfate	sulfate	manganese, sulfate	sulfate
					ammonia, manganese,
		copper, mercury, alkalinity	manganese, mercury,	manganese, mercury,	mercury, alkalinity
		bicarbonate, chloride,	alkalinity bicarbonate,	alkalinity bicarbonate,	bicarbonate, chloride,
HYG-1	Monitoring	sodium	chloride, potassium, sodium	chloride, potassium, sodium	sodium
KMW-5R	COSA			sulfate	sulfate
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	рН	pH	рН	pН
MW-701 UFB	Leachate			рН	рН
MW-702 QAL	Leachate	chloride, ammonia, nitrite	chloride , sodium	chloride, sodium, nitrite	рН
MW-702 UFB	Leachate	рН	pH	pH	рН
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	pH, nitrate	pH, nitrate	pH, nitrate	pH, nitrate
MW-703 UFB	Compliance	рН	pH	рН	рН
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	pH, alkalinity bicarbonate	alkalinity bicarbonate	pH, alkalinity bicarbonate	pH, alkalinity bicarbonate
		alkalinity carbonate,		lithium, ammonia, alkalinity	
MW-703-DBA	Compliance	potassium, sodium	potassium	bicarbonate	alkalinity bicarbonate
					mercury, ammonia,
			mercury, ammonia, nitrate,		potassium, nitrate, sulfate,
MW-704 QAL	Compliance	nitrate, magnesium	sulfate, magnesium	nitrate, sulfate, magnesium	magnesium
				iron, manganese, chloride,	iron, manganese, chloride,
		iron, manganese, calcium,	iron, manganese, calcium,	calcium, magnesium,	calcium, magnesium,
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	magnesium, hardness	magnesium, hardness	hardness	hardness, sulfate
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	pH, potassium, sodium	potassium, sodium	potassium, sodium	potassium, sodium
MW-704 DBA	Compliance		рН		pH, alkalinity bicarbonate
MW-705 QAL	Cut-off Wall Key in Well	ammonia	ammonia, sulfate	ammonia, potassium	ammonia
MW-705 UFB	Cut-off Wall Key in Well	рН	zinc, sodium		magnesium, sodium
	Mill Services				
	Building/Secondary				
MW-706 QAL	Crusher	pH, chloride	pH, chloride	pH, chloride	pH, chloride
		alkalinity bicarbonate,	alkalinity bicarbonate,	zinc, alkalinity bicarbonate,	alkalinity bicarbonate,
MW-707 QAL	Concentrator/CLO	hardness	hardness	hardness	hardness
MW-9R	Concentrator	pH, mercury, nitrate		nitrate	mercury, nitrate

Parameters listed in this table had values reported that were equal to or greater than a site-specific benchmark. Parameters in **BOLD** are instances in which the Department was notified because benchmark deviations were identified at compliance monitoring locations for two consecutive quarters. If the location is classified as background, Department notification is not required for an exceedance.

Blank data cells indicate that no benchmark deviations occurred at the location during the specified sampling quarter.

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data HW-1L (Monitoring) Humboldt Mill

	1	Recom-		Т		
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^D	5/17/16 ^D	8/24/16 ^D	11/22/16 ^D
Field		2014				
D.O. ¹	I nnm	T	0.14	0.24	111	0.45
	ppm mV		0.14 -251	-250	1.1 -84	0.45 -57
ORP pH	SU	9.0-10.0	8.5	8.4	8.7	8.4
Specific Conductance	μS/cm	9.0-10.0	372	365	272	240
Temperature	°C		6.5	9.0	12	8.2
Turbidity	NTU		64	25	55	6.5
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1451.87	1478.81	1472.12	1461.31
Metals	IL IVISE		1431.67	14/0.01	14/2.12	1401.51
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)	T	T T	< 50	T T
Antimony	ug/L ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L ug/L	1200 (p)			640	
Cadmium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	1134	1100	1000	540	700
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			22	
Manganese	ug/L	23	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	11	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	ug/L	1 11				
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	117	79	80	80	82
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	14	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	52	53	53	51	53
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.04	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	24	22	22	22	24
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations						
Calcium	mg/L	35	26	27	23	25
Magnesium	mg/L	17	11	11	10	11
Potassium	mg/L	11	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.8
Sodium	mg/L	27	27	27	24	25
General	. 0, -					- 1
Hardness	mg/L	157	108	122	112	110
i iui uliess	I IIIg/ L	13/		144	114	110

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data HW-1U LLA (Monitoring) Humboldt Mill

	1	Recom-		1	1	1
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^D	5/17/16 ^D	8/24/16 ^D	11/22/16 ^D
e. 11		2014				
Field		1	- 10	T 000 T	1 0 -0 1	1 000 1
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.12	0.09	0.59	0.68
ORP	mV		-232	-210	-92	-68
pH	SU	8.6-9.6	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.4
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		394	389	293	280
Temperature	°C		7.3	9.0	11	8.4
Turbidity	NTU		18	16	23	534
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1494.14	1487.61	1494.62	1490.03
Metals	T	I / >	T T		T T	
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)	 - F O		< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	800 (p)	< 200	< 200	< 200	470
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			20	
Manganese	ug/L	200 (p)	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions						
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	125	100	110	110	120
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	66	5.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	6.2
Chloride	mg/L	40 (p)	23	22	21	27
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.1 (p)	0.12	0.15	0.19	0.19
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.24
Sulfate	mg/L	58	52	55	56	76
Sulfide	mg/L	0.36	< 0.20	< 0.20		< 0.20
Major Cations	• "					
Calcium	mg/L	29	20	21	18	10
Magnesium	mg/L	15	7.8	8.2	6.9	3.7
Potassium	mg/L	50	2.6	2.4	1.4	0.57
Sodium	mg/L	33	43	50	54	79
General						
Hardness	mg/L	132	88	90	84	70
i iai ulicss	I IIIK/ L	132	55	30	04	70

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data HW-1U UFB (Monitoring) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^T	5/17/16 ^D	8/24/16 ^D	11/22/16 ^D
		2014				
Field						
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.33	0.90	0.08	0.90
ORP	mV		-169	-160	-210	-119
pН	SU	8.4-9.4	9.1	8.9	8.9	8.7
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		296	208	197	147
Temperature	°C		4.0	10	16	7.6
Turbidity	NTU		1.3	7.1	9.4	3.6
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1531.19	1531.51	1532.64	1530.83
Metals						
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	(q) 0.8			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	11	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	800 (p)	< 200	< 200	< 200	< 200
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	75	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L				< 4.0	
Zinc		16 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	ug/L	40 (p)	\10	10	1 10	1 10
	m = /I	127	77	01	T 0F T	1 04 1
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	127	14	81 6.1	95	94
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	14			4.0	10
Chloride	mg/L	121	23 < 1.0	<10	<10	<10
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.12 (p)	0.07	0.04	< 0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.67	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	76	20	14	10	7.4
Sulfide	mg/L	1.3	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20 e	< 0.20
Major Cations		T .				
Calcium	mg/L	46	11	14	19	19
Magnesium	mg/L	17	5.3	4.6	5.8	6.1
Potassium	mg/L	22	6.1	3.3	4.0	4.7
Sodium	mg/L	91	35	22	18	19
General						
Hardness	mg/L	189	54	56	76	70

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data HW-2 (Monitoring) Humboldt Mill

	Recom-				
		O1 2016	02 2016	03 2016	Q4 2016
Unit					
		2/24/16	5/18/16	8/25/16	11/28/16 ^D
	2014				
nnm		0.60	0.20	0.20	0.39
					-147
					8.3
					431
					9.3
	-				38
					1530.44
I IT IVISE		1330.20	1330.33	1551.05	1330.44
μσ/I	200 (n)		T I	< 250	
				< 5.0	< 5.0
					
		< 4.0		< 4.0	< 4.0
		1700		2200	590
		< 3.0		< 3.0	< 3.0
				< 10	
			190		170
					< 1.0
		< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
				< 5.0	
					
		< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
	1 (1-7				
mg/L	145	130	120	120	120
		< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0
	25	21	26	27	27
	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
mg/L	0.05	< 0.03	0.03	< 0.03	0.09
mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
mg/L	135	140	160	170	160
mg/L	0.47	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
mg/L	72	61	61	59	60
mg/L	28		24	23	25
mg/L	7.1		3.9	3.8	4.7
mg/L	15	14	18	21	26
mg/L	277	256	278	284	256
	ppm mV SU µS/cm °C NTU ft MSL ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug	Depm	Dunit Penchmark 2014 Penchmark 20	Dit Dit	Unit mended Benchmark 2014 Q1 2016 2/24/16° Q2 2016 5/18/16° Q3 2016 8/25/16° ppm 0.69 0.39 0.28 mV -178 -205 -125 SU 7.7-8.7 8.0 8.1 7.5 μS/cm 579 616 490 °C 5.5 8.9 13 NTU 53 75 21 ft MSL 1530.26 1530.55 1531.03 ug/L 200 (p) <250

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data HW-8U (Monitoring) Humboldt Mill

1		Recom-					
			Q1 2016		Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				_	-
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^T		5/17/16 ^T	8/26/16 ^T	11/28/16 ^T
		2014					
Field		1			1		
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.54		1.9	0.80	0.8
ORP	mV		-109		-115	-91	-95
pH	SU	6.4-7.4	7.1		7.0	7.0	6.9
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		325		335	272	246
Temperature	°C		5.2		9.8	13	8.1
Turbidity	NTU		0.75		1.7	59	1.7
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1532.50		1533.64	1533.2	1532.12
Metals						1	
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)				<100	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)				< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	6.7		7.9	10	8.9
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)				< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)				< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)				< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)				< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0		< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	27125	9600		10000	9000	10000
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0		< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)				11	
Manganese	ug/L	5498	4700	е	4800	5500	5400
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)				< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20		< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)				< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)				< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)				< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)				< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	26	< 10		< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions							
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	237	140		150	150	160
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	40 (p)	< 10		< 10	10	13
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.04	< 0.03		< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.10	< 0.1		< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1		< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	2.6	6.4		6.8	8.0	9.0
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations							
Calcium	mg/L	53	32		36	36	39
Magnesium	mg/L	22	12		13	12	13
Potassium	mg/L	4.1	2.7		3.0	2.9	3.5
Sodium	mg/L	4.4	3.4		3.9	3.6	4.1
General							
Hardness	mg/L	224	144		154	170	162

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data HYG-1 (Monitoring) Humboldt Mill

	ſ	Recom-				
			01 2016	02 2016	02 2016	04 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^T	5/18/16 ^T	8/25/16 ^D	11/29/16 ^T
		2014				
Field		•				
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.31	0.43	0.26	0.82
ORP	mV		54	23	-18	65
pH	SU	6.3-7.3	7.0	6.9	6.5	7.0
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		559	576	471	372
Temperature	°C		6.7	9.0	10	9.0
Turbidity	NTU		0.37	2.2	6.6	1.0
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1533.26	1533.68	1533.93	1532.21
Metals						
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			<100	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			7.4	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	4.4	7.6	4.2	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	800 (p)	< 200	< 200	270	< 200
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	286	210	580	470	340
Mercury	ng/L	6.2	20	22	23	17
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	19	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions						1
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	157	220	200	250	210
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	12	24	20	18	18
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.38	0.20	0.24	0.33	0.49
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.26	0.13	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	98	48	85	78	53
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations	· · · · · · · · ·					
Calcium	mg/L	52	35	41	42	38
Magnesium	mg/L	28	19	22	23	20
Potassium	mg/L	8.4	7.5	8.9	9.7	8.3
Sodium	mg/L	14	51	46	54	39
General						
Hardness	mg/L	230	170	200	222	186
i iai ui iess	IIIg/L	230	1,0			100

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data KMW-5R (COSA) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-					
		mended	Q1 2016		Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit						· ·
		Benchmark	2/26/16		5/19/16 ^D	8/26/16 ^D	11/30/16 ^D
Field		2014					
D.O. ¹	nnm		5.7	П	6.0	5.3	4.4
ORP	ppm mV		-29		40	5.1	28
pH	SU	6.7-7.7	7.1		7.4	7.0	7.0
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		1142		1075	690	590
Temperature	°C		7.5		9.8	9.3	5.5
Turbidity	NTU		>1000	*	98	177	89
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1556.38		1559.08	1558.64	1558.63
Metals	I ICIVISE		1330.38		1333.00	1556.04	1338.03
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)		П		< 250	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)				< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	6.0	< 5.0		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)				< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)				< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)				< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)				< 20	
Copper	ug/L	15	< 4.0		< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	33432	< 200		< 200	< 200	< 200
Lead	ug/L	4.8	< 3.0		< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)				17	
Manganese	ug/L	2815	2200		2100	1800	1900
Mercury	ng/L	2.1	< 1.0		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)				< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	е	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)				< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)				< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)				< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)				< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	19	< 10		< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions		•	•				
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	486	360		380	360	380
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	3.3	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	139	130		65	42	23
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.76	< 0.03		0.04	0.03	0.04
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.11	< 0.1		< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.06	< 0.1		< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	123	100		120	130	130
Sulfide	mg/L	3.9	< 0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20	e < 0.20
Major Cations							
Calcium	mg/L	169	150	е	130	130	120
Magnesium	mg/L	67	60	е	50	49	46
Potassium	mg/L	9.1	7.7		7.7	7.2	7.1
Sodium	mg/L	50	3.9		4.6	4.6	5.3
General							
Hardness	mg/L	800	600		568	592	520
	0/ -						

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-701 QAL (Leachate) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				· ·
		Benchmark	2/25/16 ^T	5/18/16 ^T	8/25/16 ^T	11/29/16 ^T
e. 11		2014				
Field		1		1 01 1	1 1	
D.O. ¹	ppm		7.2	8.4	7.6	8.9
ORP	mV		155	120	83	158
pH	SU	5.8-6.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.1
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		137	155	104	79
Temperature	°C		3.7	8.2	12	8.3
Turbidity	NTU		0.63	0.79	1.4	0.92
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1530.51	1531.34	1531.19	1530.32
Metals	T	T / >	1			T
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	459	< 200	< 200	< 200	< 200
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	4801	<50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Mercury	ng/L	11	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions		- 11-7	•	•	•	
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	189	33	39	29	32
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	19	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.39	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	3.1	0.71	1.3	0.53	0.56
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	110	22	25	25	17
Sulfide	mg/L	0.22	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations						
Calcium	mg/L	57	10	13	9.5	8.5
Magnesium	mg/L	26	4.4	5.7	4.3	3.9
Potassium	mg/L	9.2	3.3	3.4	3.0	2.8
Sodium	mg/L	14	6.9	7.6	5.8	6.3
General	0/ =		<u> </u>			0.0
Hardness	mg/L	272	44	54	46	36
i iai uliess	I IIIB/ L	L1 L	7-7	J4	70	30

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-701 UFB (Leachate) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-	01 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended	Q1 2016			
		Benchmark	2/25/16 ^D	5/18/16 ^D	8/25/16 ^D	11/29/16 ^D
		2014				
Field						
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.28	0.20	0.20	0.61
ORP	mV		-161	-187	-136	-102
pH	SU	7.2-8.2	7.4	7.4	7.0	7.0
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		378	362	276	248
Temperature	°C		4.8	8.5	12	7.2
Turbidity	NTU		72	106	37	19
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1530.79	1531.63	1530.76	1530.93
Metals						
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			150	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	30	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	27405	20000	15000	15000	17000
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			12	
Manganese	ug/L	6881	2600	2400	2000	2200
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L ug/L				< 4.0	
Zinc		16 (p) 26	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	ug/L	20	110	1 10	\ 10	10
	m a /I	172	140	140	140	150
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	172	< 2.0	140 < 2.0	< 2.0	150 < 2.0
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	18				
Chloride	mg/L	43	< 10	< 10 < 1.0	< 10 < 1.0	< 10 < 1.0
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	_		
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	1.6	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	80	28	22	23	21
Sulfide	mg/L	1.7	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations		1	26	1	1 1	1 1
Calcium	mg/L	40	36	35	31	34
Magnesium	mg/L	16	15	15	14	15
Potassium	mg/L	13	2.8	3.2	2.7	3.0
Sodium	mg/L	56	4.7	5.0	4.3	4.8
General						
Hardness	mg/L	163	154	158	158	156

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-702 QAL (Leachate) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				
		Benchmark	2/26/16 ^D	5/19/16 ^D	8/25/16 ^D	11/29/16 ^D
		2014				
Field	T	1	· 1			
D.O. ¹	ppm		1.6	1.3	1.5	1.5
ORP	mV		61	105	-33	53
pH	SU	9.8-10.8	10.0	9.8	10.1	8.7
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		463	512	341	285
Temperature	°C		6.1	7.1	11	6.8
Turbidity	NTU		5.3	7.2	11	3.5
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1530.23	1529.44	1530.14	1529.92
Metals						
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	7.5	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	155			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	386	< 200	< 200	< 200	< 200
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	717	150	60	< 50	97
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			4.1	
Zinc	ug/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	ug/L	40 (p)			1	1
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	194	74	70	47	130
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	54	4.0	5.1	22	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	12	14	13	13	< 10
Fluoride	mg/L mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia					< 0.03	
Nitrogen, Ammonia Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L mg/L	0.03 1.8	0.04 0.99	< 0.03 1.2	1.2	< 0.03 0.63
Nitrogen, Nitrate						0.00
	mg/L mg/L	0.12	0.17 89	0.11 100	0.14 87	< 0.1 86
Sulfate		148				
Sulfide Major Cations	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations	I /1	00	45	1 40	1 27 1	1 20 1
Calcium	mg/L	99	9.9	46	37	36
Magnesium	mg/L	17	5.4	7.8	8.4	10
Potassium	mg/L	36	36	5.3	5.0	4.8
Sodium	mg/L	42	30	55	49	41
General	T			,		, ,
Hardness	mg/L	286	152	152	150	134

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-702 UFB (Leachate) Humboldt Mill

Parameter Field D.O.¹ ORP pH Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation Metals	Dnit ppm mV SU μS/cm °C NTU ft MSL	Recom- mended Benchmark 2014 8.5-9.5 	Q1 2016 3/3/16 ^D 0.40 112 5.9 305 6.9	Q2 2016 5/17/16 ^D 2.9 -140 7.9 247	Q3 2016 8/24/16 ^D 0.69 265 4.0	Q4 2016 11/22/16 ^D 1.9 137
Field D.O.¹ ORP pH Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	ppm mV SU µS/cm °C NTU	 8.5-9.5 	0.40 112 5.9 305	5/17/16 ^D 2.9 -140 7.9	8/24/16 ^D 0.69 265 4.0	11/22/16 ^D 1.9 137
D.O. 1 ORP pH Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	mV SU μS/cm °C NTU	2014 8.5-9.5 	0.40 112 5.9 305	2.9 -140 7.9	0.69 265 4.0	1.9
D.O. 1 ORP pH Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	mV SU μS/cm °C NTU	 8.5-9.5 	112 5.9 305	-140 7.9	265 4.0	137
D.O. 1 ORP pH Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	mV SU μS/cm °C NTU	 8.5-9.5 	112 5.9 305	-140 7.9	265 4.0	137
ORP pH Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	mV SU μS/cm °C NTU	 8.5-9.5 	112 5.9 305	-140 7.9	265 4.0	137
pH Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	SU μS/cm °C NTU	8.5-9.5 	5.9 305	7.9	4.0	
Specific Conductance Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	μS/cm °C NTU	 	305			6.8
Temperature Turbidity Water Elevation	°C NTU			47/	175	157
Turbidity Water Elevation	NTU		0.5	7.1	10	6.4
Water Elevation			18	19	7.6	3
	TC IVISE		1522.62	1525.75	1524.61	1526.19
			1322.02	1323.73	1324.01	1 1320.13
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)		T T	< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	2484	850	630	540	630
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			12	
Manganese	ug/L	126	96	85	89	78
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	(q) 0.8			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	66	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	• •					
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	125	92	89	91	94
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	15	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.12 (p)	0.04	< 0.03	0.07	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	36	32	34	31	33
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20 e	< 0.20
Major Cations						
Calcium	mg/L	49	28	30	26	29
Magnesium	mg/L	14	9.0	9.6	8.8	9.5
Potassium	mg/L	22	3.1	3.1	2.9	3.2
Sodium	mg/L	8.0	2.9	2.9	2.8	3.2
General						
Hardness	mg/L	160	110	118	114	116

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-703 QAL (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
		mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit					
		Benchmark	2/26/16 ^D	5/18/16 ^D	8/25/16 ^D	11/29/16 ^T
Field		2014				
Field D.O. ¹	I 222	T	5.1	1.6	6.5	7.6
	ppm			4.6	6.5	
ORP pH	mV SU	7.2-8.2	148 6.4	6.6	65 6.2	5.9
Specific Conductance	μS/cm	7.2-0.2	155	372	89	97
Temperature	°C		5.7	7.5	9.1	6.5
Turbidity	NTU		3.3	3.7	3.7	2.4
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1533.59	1534.82	1535.66	1534.58
Metals	I I IVISL		1555.55	1554.02	1555.00	1554.56
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)		I	< 50	
Antimony	ug/L ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	255	< 200	< 200	< 200	< 200
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	105	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	40 (p)	<10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	us/ L	+υ (ρ)	-			
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	100	57	61	53	58
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Fluoride	mg/L	131	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.12 (p)	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.22	0.54	0.53	0.97	1.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	50 50	21	21	12	13
Sulfide	mg/L	0.30	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations				. 5.25	3.20	
Calcium	mg/L	40	17	17	13	16
Magnesium	mg/L	11	7.4	6.9	5.9	6.7
Potassium	mg/L	3.1	1.5	1.8	1.3	1.5
Sodium	mg/L	10	3.0	2.9	2.4	2.6
General	<u> </u>					· · · · · ·
Hardness	mg/L	136	80	72	64	66
i iai uliess	IIIg/L	130	55	12	U- 1	UU

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-703 UFB (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
		mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit					
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^D	5/17/16 ^D	8/24/16 ^D	11/22/16 ^D
Field		2014				
D.O. ¹	I	T	0.24	0.07	101	1 000
	ppm		0.24	0.87	1.0	0.90
ORP	mV		-14	-181	114	50
pH	SU	8.3-9.3	5.3	8.0	6.3	7.4
Specific Conductance	μS/cm °C		273	268	193	170
Temperature			6.5	7.0	11	6.7
Turbidity	NTU		4.6	4.8	32	4.7
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1529.40	1532.30	1532.69	1532.19
Metals	/1	200 (-)	I I	T	1 .50	T 1
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)	 < 5.0	 < 5.0	< 2.0 < 5.0	 < 5.0
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)		\ J.U		
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)	 < 4.0	< 4.0	< 20	< 4.0
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	-		< 4.0	
Iron	ug/L	2441	1100 < 3.0	910	490	1500
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)		< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			12	
Manganese	ug/L	194	170	< 250	160	170
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	14	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions		1				
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	127	83	84	83	81
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	28	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.47	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.4 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.4 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	53	45	46	45	45
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20 e	< 0.20
Major Cations						
Calcium	mg/L	53	31	32	28	31
Magnesium	mg/L	17	11	11	9.8	11
Potassium	mg/L	5.9	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.4
Sodium	mg/L	35	3.0	2.9	2.7	3.1
General						
Hardness	mg/L	193	124	126	128	124

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-703 LLA (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
			01 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended	Q1 2016			
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^D	5/17/16 ^D	8/24/16 ^D	11/22/16 ^T
		2014				
Field	1	•				
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.13	0.97	0.10	0.36
ORP	mV		-219	-219	-127	-136
pH	SU	8.2-9.2	8.1	8.3	8.0	8.0
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		267	265	190	162
Temperature	°C		5.4	7.8	11	5.8
Turbidity	NTU		4.3	4.3	4.6	1.9
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1531.55	1532.15	1532.75	1532.11
Metals						
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	2966	590	600	560	750
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	30			14	
Manganese	ug/L	101	74	74	78	79
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	1
Zinc	ug/L	40+	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			I.	· L	
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	84	87	86	86	86
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	4.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	124	14	14	12	12
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.08	<0.03	0.05	0.04	0.04
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0,40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	44	27	29	30	32
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	
Major Cations	p/ -	0.00 (p)	<u> </u>	. 0.20	. 0.20	
Calcium	mg/L	39	25	26	25	26
Magnesium	mg/L	13	11	11	10	11
Potassium	mg/L	9.7	3.6	3.6	3.1	3.6
Sodium	mg/L	67	7.7	7.6	6.4	6.5
General	8/ -	5,	<u> </u>	, ,.0	1 0.7	, 0.5
Hardness	ma/l	120	106	110	110	112
nai uliess	mg/L	138	100	110	118	112

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-703 DBA (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-			1	
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				
		Benchmark	2/24/16 ^T	5/17/16 ^T	8/24/16 ^T	11/22/16 ^T
e: 11		2014				
Field	ı			1 222	1 0 -0 1	1 224
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.21	0.90	0.70	0.34
ORP	mV		-236	-163	-100	-213
pH	SU	8.7-9.7	9.6	9.4	9.1	8.9
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		230	233	189	160
Temperature	°C		4.4	8.6	11	6.0
Turbidity	NTU		1.5	2.1	2.3	0.9
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1531.32	1531.66	1532.25	1531.77
Metals						
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	2738	260	< 200	< 200	< 200
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	17			17	
Manganese	ug/L	60	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	22	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	74	41	71	91	79
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	27	34	12	4.0	10
Chloride	mg/L	20	18	18	18	18
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.12	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.82	0.05
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.12	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	91	<1.0	6.0	17	17
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	0.75			
Major Cations	IIIK/L	υ.ου (μ)	0.75	0.36	< 0.20	< 0.20
Calcium	mg/L	29	5.5	10	10	10
		17	6.2		18	19
Magnesium	mg/L		23	10	14	13
Potassium	mg/L	15	14	17	12	11
Sodium	mg/L	14	4-7	12	9.2	8.2
General			42		1	1 1
Hardness	mg/L	137	42	70	100	98

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-704 QAL (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

	1	Recom-		Т		
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended				
		Benchmark	2/25/16 ^D	5/18/16 ^D	8/25/16 ^D	11/28/16 ^T
et-14		2014				
Field	1		0.47	1 046	1 000	0.07
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.47	0.16	0.39	0.87
ORP	mV		170	17	103	1.7
pH	SU	5.5-6.5	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.7
Specific Conductance	μS/cm °C		250	446	226	265
Temperature			2.9	7.4	12	8.1
Turbidity	NTU		3.4	3.1	14	0.51
Water Elevation Metals	ft MSL		1534.11	1534.65	1534.57	1531.48
	/1	200 (n)		T T		
Antimony	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L ug/L	8.0 (p) 24	< 5.0	13	< 2.0 < 5.0	< 5.0
Arsenic Barium	ug/L ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron		1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Cobalt	ug/L ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L ug/L	37038	< 200	15000	< 200	2200
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	7914	900	5500	520	3900
Mercury	ng/L	6.0	< 1.0	6.1	< 1.0	9.7
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	44 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions	<u> </u>	4+ (β <i>)</i>				
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	241	83	170	66	140
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	18	14	17	17	16
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.04	< 0.03	0.06	< 0.03	0.09
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.17	0.76	0.79	1.5	0.74
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	23	22	24	49	38
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations	. 0	M-1				
Calcium	mg/L	51	27	38	29	40
Magnesium	mg/L	9.0	9.6	10	11	11
Potassium	mg/L	3.1	1.9	2.5	2.4	3.2
Sodium	mg/L	27	5.1	19	8	21
General	. OI -					<u> </u>
Hardness	mg/L	185	110	154	124	156
riaraness	1118/ L	103		194	144	130

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-704 UFB (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
		mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit					· ·
		Benchmark	2/25/16 ^D	5/18/16 ^D	8/24/16 ^D	11/28/16 ^D
Field		2014				
Field D.O. ¹	Innm		0.29	0.22	0.29	0.44
ORP	ppm mV		-80	-116	-145	-108
pH	SU	6.4-7.4	6.7	6.6	6.9	6.8
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		407	452	368	345
Temperature	°C		4.3	7.7	14	8.3
Turbidity	NTU		33	12	15	4.7
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1534.49	1535.03	1535.01	1531.63
Metals	I ICIVISE		1334.43	1333.03	1555.01	1331.03
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)		T T	< 250	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	5.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	23040	26000	36000	37000	28000
Lead	ug/L	4.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	618	810	700	630	1000
Mercury	ng/L	2.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	15	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions						
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	181	150	140	130	160
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	18	14	17	18	19
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.27	0.03	< 0.03	0.04	0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.14	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	38	11	20	35	47
Sulfide	mg/L	(q) 08.0	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20 e	< 0.20
Major Cations	1	1	FA 1			
Calcium	mg/L	38	50	46	44	56
Magnesium	mg/L	7.0	7.8	7.9	9.4	11
Potassium	mg/L	4.0	2.8	2.6	2.6	4.1
Sodium	mg/L	65	5.1	5.0	6.1	7.6
General	1	1				
Hardness	mg/L	106	160	160	164	198

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-704 LLA (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-						
			01 2016		02 2016	02 2016		04 2016
Parameter	Unit	mended	Q1 2016		Q2 2016	Q3 2016		Q4 2016
		Benchmark	2/25/16 ^D	'	5/17/16 ^D	8/24/16	,	11/28/16 ^D
		2014						
Field								
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.50		0.43	0.56		0.32
ORP	mV		-211		195	-75		-185
pH	SU	8.2-9.2	9.2		8.7	8.9		8.3
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		186		211	177		157
Temperature	°C		2.5		12	17		7.7
Turbidity	NTU		9.0		14	6.3		3.1
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1533.95		1534.75	1534.55		1531.75
Metals								
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)				< 50		
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)				< 2.0		
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0		< 5.0	< 5.0		< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)				< 100		
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0		
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)				< 300		
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0		
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)				< 10		
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)				< 20		
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0		< 4.0	< 4.0		< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	4974	< 200		420	< 200		650
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0		< 3.0	< 3.0		< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)				26		
Manganese	ug/L	90	< 50	е	< 50	< 50		50
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0		< 1.0	< 1.0		< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)	\ 1.0 		<u> </u>	< 50		<u> </u>
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20		< 20	< 20		< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)				< 5.0		
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)				< 0.20		
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)				< 2.0		
Vanadium	ug/L ug/L	16 (p)				< 4.0		
Zinc	ug/L	10 (p) 11	< 10		< 10	< 10		< 10
Major Anions	ug/L	11	110		110	1 110		110
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	132	77		55	96	I 1	120
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	10	7.0		2.0	4.0		4.1
Chloride	mg/L mg/L	40 (p)	< 10 < 1.0		< 10 < 1.0	< 10 < 1.0		< 10 < 1.0
Fluoride	.,,	4.0 (p)				_		_
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.12 (p)	< 0.03		< 0.03	< 0.03		< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1		< 0.1	< 0.1		< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1 4.7		< 0.1	< 0.1		< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	23		Ш	5.1	4.2		5.7
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20	е	< 0.20
Major Cations	1,	22	11		45	1 45		46
Calcium	mg/L	33	11	Щ	15	13		19
Magnesium	mg/L	17	10		12	10		12
Potassium	mg/L	5.0	11		10	9.5		8.1
Sodium	mg/L	5.0	5.8	Ш	5.7	5.3	Щ	5.1
General					_			_
Hardness	mg/L	149	66		84	80		98

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-704 DBA (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

Parameter			Recom-				
Parameter				O1 2016	02 2016	03 2016	O4 2016
Pield Piel	Parameter	Unit					
Field				2/25/16	5/1//16	8/24/16	11/28/16
DO DORP	Field		2014				
DRP		nnm		0.52	10	0.52	0.7
DH							
Specific Conductance							
Temperature			1				
Turbidity							
Metals			+				
Metals			+				
Aluminum		I IT WISE		1333.23	1337.37	1 1333.30	1331.37
Antimony		ug/l	200 (n)	1	T T	< 50	T T
Arsenic Ug/L 20 (p) < 5.0 < 5.0 < 5.0 < 5.0 Barium Ug/L 400 (p) < 100 Beryllium Ug/L 400 (p) < 1.00 Boron Ug/L 1480 < 300 Cadmium Ug/L 4.0 (p) < 1.0 Chromium Ug/L 4.0 (p) < 1.0 Chromium Ug/L 80 (p) < 1.0 Copper Ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 Iron Ug/L 12 (p) < 3.0 < 3.0 < 3.0 < 3.0 Lithium Ug/L 40 (p) 15 Manganese Ug/L 58 < 50 < 50 < 50 < 51 Mercury ng/L 40 (p) < 50 Mickel Ug/L 200 (p) < 50 Silver Ug/L 20 (p) < 50 Vanadium Ug/L 20 (p) < 5.0 Vanadium Ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0 Vanadium Ug/L 16 (p) < 5.0 Vanadium Ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0 Vanadium Ug/L 16 (p) < 2.0 Vanadium Ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0 Vanadium Ug/L 17 19 10 10 10 10 10 Vanadium Ug/L 17 19 110 120 120 130 Alkalinity, Bicarbonate mg/L 40 (p) 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4							-
Barium Ug/L 400 (p) < 100							
Berryllium							
Boron							+
Cadmium ug/L 4.0 (p) < 1.0 Chromium ug/L 40 (p) < 10				1			
Chromium ug/L 40 (p) < 10 Cobalt ug/L 80 (p) < 20				1			
Cobalt ug/L 80 (p) < 20 Copper ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0							
Copper ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 Iron < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 < 4.0 Iron ug/L 9645 660 660 410 600 600 600							
Iron					< 4.0		< 4.0
Lead ug/L 12 (p) < 3.0 < 3.0 < 3.0 < 3.0 Lithium ug/L 40 (p) 15 Manganese ug/L 58 < 50				660	660	410	600
Lithium ug/L 40 (p) 15 Manganese ug/L 58 < 50				< 3.0			
Manganese ug/L 58 < 50 < 50 < 50 51 Mercury ng/L 4.0 (p) < 1.0						15	
Mercury ng/L 4.0 (p) < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 2.0 < 1.0 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10							
Molybdenum							
Nickel Ug/L 80 (p) < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 20 < 2	Molybdenum						
Selenium ug/L 20 (p) < 5.0 Silver ug/L 0.8 (p) < 0.20				< 20	< 20		< 20
Silver ug/L 0.8 (p) < 0.20 Thallium ug/L 8.0 (p) < 2.0	Selenium					< 5.0	
Thallium ug/L 8.0 (p) < 2.0 Vanadium ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0						< 0.20	
Vanadium ug/L 16 (p) < 4.0 Zinc ug/L 11 <10	Thallium						
Zinc ug/L 11 < 10 < 10 < 10 < 10 Major Anions Alkalinity, Bicarbonate mg/L 129 110 120 120 130 Alkalinity, Carbonate mg/L 32 16 2.0 2.0 4.1 Chloride mg/L 40 (p) < 10		+	16 (p)				
Major Anions Alkalinity, Bicarbonate mg/L 129 110 120 130 Alkalinity, Carbonate mg/L 32 16 2.0 2.0 4.1 Chloride mg/L 40 (p) < 10				< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Alkalinity, Carbonate mg/L 32 16 2.0 2.0 4.1 Chloride mg/L 40 (p) < 10		•	•	-		-	
Chloride	Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	129	_	120	120	130
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	32	16	2.0	2.0	4.1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		mg/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Nitrogen, Ammonia		0.04	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Sulfate mg/L 6.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0 < 1.0	Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfide mg/L 0.80 (p) < 0.20 < 0.20 < 0.20 e < 0.20 Major Cations Calcium mg/L 27 21 21 19 22 Magnesium mg/L 14 11 12 10 12 Potassium mg/L 4.0 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.8	Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)				
Major Cations Calcium mg/L 27 21 21 19 22 Magnesium mg/L 14 11 12 10 12 Potassium mg/L 4.0 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.8	Sulfate	mg/L	6.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Major Cations Calcium mg/L 27 21 21 19 22 Magnesium mg/L 14 11 12 10 12 Potassium mg/L 4.0 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.8		mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20 e	< 0.20
Magnesium mg/L 14 11 12 10 12 Potassium mg/L 4.0 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.8	Major Cations						
Potassium mg/L 4.0 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.8		mg/L			21	19	22
Potassium mg/L 4.0 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.8	Magnesium	mg/L	14		12	10	12
			4.0		2.8	2.6	2.8
Sodium mg/L 14 11 11 10 11	Sodium	mg/L	14	11	11	10	11
General							
Hardness mg/L 111 98 106 106 108	Hardness	mg/L	111	98	106	106	108

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-705 QAL (Cutoff Wall Key-In) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
		mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit					
		Benchmark	2/25/16 ^T	5/18/16 ^T	8/25/16 ^D	11/28/16 ^T
Field		2014				
Field D.O. ¹	l nnm		0.35	0.15	0.21	0.59
ORP	ppm mV		-16	-83	-18	-17
pH	SU	5.6-6.6	6.3	6.3	5.9	6.1
Specific Conductance	μS/cm	3.0-0.0 	250	249	205	169
Temperature	°C		3.2	7.4	12	8.5
Turbidity	NTU		2.1	1.9	8.1	1.3
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1533.96	1536.06	1534.92	1534.12
Metals	I ICIVISE		1333.30	1 1330.00	1334.32	1337.12
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	14081	10000	8300	8800	8700
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Manganese	ug/L	1674	870	790	810	750
Mercury	ng/L	1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	174	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions						
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	94	62	41	47	61
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	66	31	40	44	32
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.11
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	6.0	3.6	8.1	4.4	5.0
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations			4-	,	, ,	,
Calcium	mg/L	27	17	15	16	15
Magnesium	mg/L	13	7.4	6.7	7.4	6.7
Potassium	mg/L	3.0	2.4	2.3	3.0	2.7
Sodium	mg/L	17	12	12	15	13
General			-			
Hardness	mg/L	115	72	66	76	70

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-705 UFB (Cutoff Wall Key-In) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
		mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit					· ·
		Benchmark	2/26/16 ^D	5/18/16 ^D	8/25/16 ^D	11/28/16 ^D
Field		2014				
Field D.O. ¹	Innm		0.60	0.42	1.7	0.77
ORP	ppm mV		-202	-38	-21	-68
DKP DH	SU	6.7-7.7	8.1	6.8	7.2	7.0
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		279	256	197	188
Temperature	°C		7.8	8.4	10	8.1
Turbidity	NTU		49	29	14	3.8
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1533.52	1535.77	1534.46	1534.16
Metals	I ICIVISE		1555.52	1555.77	1334.40	1334.10
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	11214	9400	9200	8600	9700
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			12	
Manganese	ug/L	866	820	750	600	710
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	(q) 0.8			< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	17	< 10	30	< 10	< 10
Major Anions		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	103	81	85	87	86
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	40 (p)	16	20	23	24
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.12 (p)	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	15	4.2	4.7	4.0	4.7
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations						
Calcium	mg/L	26	20	21	20	23
Magnesium	mg/L	12	9.9	11	10	12
Potassium	mg/L	4.0	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.9
Sodium	mg/L	3.0	2.8	3.4	2.5	3.0
General						
Hardness	mg/L	111	98	102	108	110
	6/ -				50	

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-706 QAL (MSB & Crusher) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-					
		mended	Q1 2016		Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit						
		Benchmark	2/26/16		5/19/16 ^T	8/26/16 ^T	11/30/16 ^T
Field		2014					
D.O. ¹	nnm		0.33	I	0.34	0.34	0.56
ORP	ppm mV		46		45	46	37
pH	SU	6.2-7.2	5.9		6.0	5.6	5.8
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		898		928	701	670
Temperature	°C		6.0		9.2	11	7.7
Turbidity	NTU		0.78		2.0	2.1	7.7
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1558.11		1560.78	1560.65	1560.54
Metals	I I IVISL	<u> </u>	1556.11	<u> </u>	1300.78	1 1300.03	1300.34
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)		Ī		< 200	T T
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)				< 2.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	16	<5.0		< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)				< 100	
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)				< 300	
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)				< 1.0	
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)				< 10	
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)				30	
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0		< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0
Iron	ug/L	10846	5400	е	4900	4600	4300
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	_	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)				12	
Manganese	ug/L	27225	17000		17000	< 25000	18000
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)				< 50	
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	24		25	26	26
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)				< 5.0	
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)				< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	(q) 0.8				< 2.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)				< 4.0	
Zinc	ug/L	55	< 10		< 10	< 10	< 10
Major Anions				•	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	153	83		82	73	75
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	105	120		130	140	150
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0		< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	1.4	0.41	е	0.43	0.44	0.43
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.4 (p)	< 0.1		< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.4 (p)	< 0.1		< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Sulfate	mg/L	479	200		200	180	200
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20		< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Major Cations	• "	., ,					
Calcium	mg/L	183	89		85	85	88
Magnesium	mg/L	56	32		32	33	34
Potassium	mg/L	6.0	4.3		4.7	4.5	4.5
Sodium	mg/L	234	26		26	26	29
General	<u> </u>						
Hardness	mg/L	609	384		178	70	6
i iai ai icos	6/ L	503		<u> </u>	1,5	, ,	

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-707 QAL (Concentrator & CLO) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-						
			Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016		
Parameter	Unit	mended						
		Benchmark	2/26/16 ^T	5/19/16 ^T	8/26/16 ^T	11/30/16 ^T		
e. 11		2014						
Field	ı				1 000 1	T 000 T		
D.O. ¹	ppm		0.64	0.77	0.32	0.39		
ORP	mV		-95	-101	-93	-59		
pH	SU	6.3-7.3	7.0	7.1	6.8	6.7		
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		318	320	236	219		
Temperature	°C		5.5	9.8	11	8.4		
Turbidity	NTU		1.3	1.4	2.5	0.96		
Water Elevation	ft MSL		1581.84	1583.28	1582.64	1582.02		
Metals								
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50			
Antimony	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0			
Arsenic	ug/L	20 (p)	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0		
Barium	ug/L	400 (p)			< 100			
Beryllium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0			
Boron	ug/L	1200 (p)			< 300			
Cadmium	ug/L	4.0 (p)			< 1.0			
Chromium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10			
Cobalt	ug/L	80 (p)			< 20			
Copper	ug/L	16 (p)	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0	< 4.0		
Iron	ug/L	7493	5700	5100	4800	4900		
Lead	ug/L	12 (p)	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0		
Lithium	ug/L	40 (p)			< 10			
Manganese	ug/L	1189	1000	950	< 1200	810		
Mercury	ng/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0		
Molybdenum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50			
Nickel	ug/L	80 (p)	< 20	< 20	< 20	< 20		
Selenium	ug/L	20 (p)			< 5.0			
Silver	ug/L	0.8 (p)			< 0.20			
Thallium	ug/L	8.0 (p)			< 2.0			
Vanadium	ug/L	16 (p)			< 4.0			
Zinc	ug/L	19	11	< 10	25	< 10		
Major Anions	•		•					
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	150	160	150	160	160		
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (p)	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		
Chloride	mg/L	40 (p)	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10		
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0 (p)	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0		
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.34	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.23		
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1		
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.40 (p)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1		
Sulfate	mg/L	8.0	6.8	4.4	6.3	5.2		
Sulfide	mg/L	0.80 (p)	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20		
Major Cations	. 0	M-1			·			
Calcium	mg/L	51	41	39	39	41		
Magnesium	mg/L	15	12	11	11	12		
Potassium	mg/L	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.5		
Sodium	mg/L	4.0	2.7	3.0	2.8	2.9		
General						. =		
Hardness	mg/L	149	156	154	156	156		
i iai ulicss	I IIIB/ L	143	130	134	130	130		

2016 Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data MW-9R (Concentrator) Humboldt Mill

	Recom-						
		O1 2016	02 2016	03 2016	Q4 2016		
Unit							
		2/26/16	5/19/16	8/26/16	11/30/16 ^T		
	2014						
nnm	T I	1 0	0.21	0.56	3.60		
					108		
	5 1 6 1				5.6		
	3.4-0.4				427		
					12		
	+				2.6		
					1595.52		
IT IVISE		1393.7	1393.74	1330.71	1393.32		
ug/l	200 (n)	I	T T	< 200	I I		
				< 5.0	< 5.0		
			_				
		-			 		
		-					
		4.8	< 4.0	4.1	< 4.0		
		< 200	< 200		< 200		
		< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0	< 3.0		
				< 10			
			79		66		
	_		< 1.0		1.9		
		51	< 20	29	25		
				< 5.0			
· · · · · · ·							
		18	21	19	15		
<u>~~~</u>		Į.	- I	l l			
mg/L	137	29	24	59	50		
		< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		
		16	23	32	14		
			< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0		
		< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03		
	1.0		0.18	1.5	2.2		
mg/L	0.07	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1		
		210	77	170	200		
	1.0	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20		
• "							
mg/L	123	55	26	59	62		
	48	21	10	22	25		
		2.9		3.5	3.5		
mg/L	289	17	8.2	15	15		
<u></u>					•		
mø/l	510	232	114	242	256		
	ppm mV SU µS/cm °C NTU ft MSL ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug	Depm	Digit Senchmark 2/26/16 ^T 2/26 5U 5.4-6.4 5.4 μS/cm 554 5.4 μS/cm 554 5.4 μS/cm 554 5.4 μS/cm 1.3 ft MSL 1.595.7 1.9	Unit mended Benchmark 2/26/16 ^T Q2 2016 5/19/16 ^T ppm 1.8 0.21 mV 226 91 SU 5.4-6.4 5.4 6.4 μS/cm 554 295 °C 6.0 8.6 NTU 1.3 1.8 ft MSL 1595.7 1595.74 ug/L 200 (p) ug/L 8.0 (p) ug/L 8.0 (p) ug/L 4.0 (p) ug/L 4.0 (p) ug/L 4.0 (p) ug/L 4.0 (p) ug/L 8.0 (p) ug/L 8.0 (p) ug/L 2.0 (p) ug/L 2.0 (p)	Unit mended Benchmark 2014 Q1 2016 2/26/16 ^T Q2 2016 5/19/16 ^T Q3 2016 8/26/16 ^T ppm 1.8 0.21 0.56 mV 226 91 107 SU 5.4-6.4 5.4 6.4 5.8 μS/cm 554 295 454 °C 6.0 8.6 14 NTU 1.3 1.8 2.4 ft MSL 1595.7 1595.74 1596.71 ug/L 200 (p) < 2.0		

2016

Mine Permit Groundwater Quality Monitoring Data Abbreviations & Data Qualifiers Humboldt Mill

Notes:

Benchmarks are calculated based on guidance from Eagles Mine's Development of Site Specific Benchmarks for Mine Permit Water Quality Monitoring.

Results in **bold** text indicate that the parameter was detected at a level greater than the laboratory reporting limit.

Highlighted Cell = Value is equal to or above site-specific benchmark. An exceedance occurs if there are 2 consecutive sampling events with a value equal to or greater than the benchmark at a compliance monitoring location.

- (p) = Due to less than two detections in baseline dataset, benchmark defaulted to four times the reporting limit.
- --Denotes no benchmark required or parameter was not required to be collected during the sampling quarter.
- T = Sample was not filtered and all values are total concentrations.
- D = Samples for metals and major cation parameters were filtered and values are dissolved concentrations.
- e = estimated value, results of laboratory control parameters were outside of established control limits.

Appendix G

Humboldt Mill Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary

2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Humboldt Mill

Location	Classification	Parameter	Unit	Count (n)	Number of Non- Detects	Mean	UCL	Median	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation	Skewness	Minimum	Maximum	Man- Kendall S	Sen Slope	Positive or Negative Trend (Minimum 95% Confidence)
HW-1L	Monitoring	Alkalinity Carbonate	mg/L	12	0	2.97	4.14	2.00	2.26	0.76	2.06	2.00	7.80	-20	0.0000	Negative
HW-1L	Monitoring	Boron	μg/L	4	1	538.00	680.76	620.00	149.73	0.28	-1.32	300.00	650.00	8	0.312	Positive
HW-1L	Monitoring	Chloride	mg/L	8	0	47.92	50.89	50.50	5.74	0.12	-1.44	34.00	53.00	33	0.007	Positive
HW-1L	Monitoring	Hardness	mg/L	8	0	101.08	114.82	109.00	26.49	0.26	-2.84	22.00	122.00	41	0.018	Positive
HW-1L	Monitoring	Lithium	μg/L	5	0	19.40	21.38	19.00	2.07	0.11	0.24	17.00	22.00	8	0.005	Positive
HW-1L	Monitoring	Magnesium	mg/L	12	0	9.77	11.02	10.50	2.41	0.25	-3.02	2.40	11.00	26	0.001	Positive
HW-1L	Monitoring	Potassium	mg/L	12	0	2.65	3.66	1.90	1.95	0.73	2.43	1.60	8.00	-39	-0.0009	Negative
HW-1L	Monitoring	Sulfate	mg/L	12	0	18.13	21.36	20.00	6.23	0.34	-2.02	1.60	24.00	59	0.010	Positive
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	Ammonia	μg/L	10	1	94.90	131.39	70.50	62.96	0.66	0.63	25.00	190.00	38	0.204	Positive
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	Calcium	mg/L	10	0	20.60	23.31	21.50	4.67	0.23	-1.17	10.00	27.00	10	-23	Negative
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	Hardness	mg/L	10	0	95.60	103.68	93.00	13.94	0.15	-0.27	70.00	113.00	-34	-0.053	Negative
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	Magnesium	mg/L	10	0	8.63	9.90	8.90	2.19	0.25	-1.25	3.70	11.00	-37	-0.006	Negative
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	Potassium	mg/L	10	0	5.58	9.29	4.50	6.40	1.15	2.66	0.57	23.00	-39	-0.008	Negative
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	Sodium	mg/L	10	0	43.20	51.92	38.50	15.05	0.35	1.67	31.00	79.00	37	0.036	Positive
HW-1U LLA	Monitoring	Sulfate	mg/L	10	0	50.30	56.73	48.50	11.09	0.22	1.39	38.00	76.00	29	0.032	Positive
HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	Arsenic	μg/L	16	14	5.44	6.02	5.00	1.31	0.24	3.15	5.00	9.90	-23	0.0000	Negative
HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	Chloride	mg/L	16	5	38.81	52.20	24.50	30.55	0.79	0.74	10.00	98.00	-87	-0.068	Negative
HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	Hardness	mg/L	16	0	81.50	97.06	73.50	35.51	0.44	1.20	45.00	165.00	-46	-0.057	Negative
HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	Magnesium	mg/L	10	0	8.43	10.27	5.95	4.19	0.50	0.64	3.80	16.00	-59	-0.010	Negative
HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	Manganese	μg/L	16	14	52.00	54.53	50.00	5.76	0.11	2.98	50.00	71.00	-23	0.0000	Negative
HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	Potassium	mg/L	16	0	10.32	13.22	6.20	6.63	0.64	0.32	3.30	21.00	-83	-0.018	Negative
HW-1U UFB HW-1U UFB	Monitoring	Sodium Sulfate	mg/L	16 10	0	39.44 39.9	47.73 52.5	36.50 44.0	18.92 21.7	0.48 0.55	0.60 0.05	17.00 13.0	77.00 73.0	-73 -27	-0.053 -0.107	Negative
HW-10 UFB	Monitoring Monitoring	Sulfide	mg/L	16	10	0.56	0.84	0.20	0.64	1.15	1.84	0.20	2.10	-27	0.0000	Negative Negative
HW-10 0FB	Monitoring	Calcium	mg/L mg/L	14	0	51.89	56.81	54.50	10.40	0.20	-0.66	34.00	65.00	41	0.0000	Positive
HW-2	Monitoring	Chloride	mg/L	14	0	17.86	20.62	15.00	5.84	0.33	0.69	12.00	27.00	66	0.0190	Positive
HW-2	Monitoring	Hardness	mg/L	14	0	236.00	250.28	240.50	30.17	0.33	-0.12	190.00	284.00	44	0.014	Positive
HW-2	Monitoring	Potassium	mg/L	14	0	4.45	4.85	4.20	0.84	0.19	0.62	3.30	6.20	-39	-0.002	Negative
HW-2	Monitoring	Sodium	mg/L	14	0	16.04	17.82	14.50	3.77	0.24	1.70	13.00	26.00	48	0.007	Positive
HW-2	Monitoring	Sulfate	mg/L	14	0	127.64	137.99	120.00	21.86	0.17	0.84	97.00	170.00	43	0.049	Positive
HW-2	Monitoring	Sulfide	mg/L	13	9	0.23	0.26	0.20	0.07	0.29	2.72	0.20	0.43	-27	0.0000	Negative
HW-8U	Monitoring	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	17	0	157.06	169.56	150.00	29.53	0.19	1.04	130.00	220.00	-59	0.066	Negative
HW-8U	Monitoring	Arsenic	μg/L	17	13	5.79	6.47	5.00	1.60	0.28	1.88	5.00	10.00	56	0.0000	Positive
HW-8U	Monitoring	Iron	μg/L	17	0	13,918	15,658	13,000	4,110	0.30	1.09	9,000	23,000	-89	-10.373	Negative
HW-8U	Monitoring	Magnesium	mg/L	17	0	13.59	14.70	13.00	2.62	0.19	1.36	11.00	19.00	-47	-0.004	Negative
HW-8U	Monitoring	Sulfate	mg/L	17	4	4.32	5.38	4.90	2.49	0.58	0.09	1.00	9.00	115	0.008	Positive
HW-8U	Monitoring	Zinc	μg/L	17	14	11.59	13.14	10.00	3.66	0.32	2.11	10.00	21.00	-31	0.0000	Negative
HYG-1	Monitoring	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	17	0	197.06	221.56	170.00	57.85	0.29	0.96	140.00	330.00	80	0.091	Positive
HYG-1	Monitoring	Ammonia	μg/L	17	0	277.06	331.63	290.00	128.87	0.47	0.67	85.00	570.00	64	0.277	Positive
HYG-1	Monitoring	Chloride	mg/L	17	0	15.65	17.35	15.00	4.03	0.26	0.80	12.00	24.00	83	0.008	Positive
HYG-1	Monitoring	Manganese	μg/L	17	0	224.06	285.52	210.00	145.13	0.65	1.09	60.00	580.00	79	0.357	Positive
HYG-1	Monitoring	Mercury	ng/L	17	0	14.14	18.27	10.20	9.76	0.69	0.71	4.23	36.70	84	0.022	Positive
HYG-1	Monitoring	Sodium	mg/L	17	0	31.12	38.48	24.00	17.38	0.56	0.10	12.00	54.00	90	0.038	Positive
HYG-1	Monitoring	Sulfate	mg/L	17	0	73.12	81.31	78.00	19.35	0.26	-0.16	47.00	95.00	-66	-0.028	Negative
KMW-5R	COSA	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	13	0	355.38	364.09	360.00	17.61	0.05	-1.21	310.00	380.00	33	0.026	Positive
KMW-5R	COSA	Ammonia	μg/L	13	0	28.92	31.74	25.00	5.69	0.20	1.44	25.00	42.00	29	0.009	Positive
KMW-5R	COSA	Lithium	μg/L	6	1	15.00	17.94	15.50	3.58	0.24	-0.12	10.00	20.00	11	0.009	Positive
KMW-5R	COSA	Sodium	mg/L	13	0	3.96	4.37	3.80	0.82	0.21	0.97	3.20	5.60	42	0.001	Positive
KMW-5R	COSA	Sulfate	mg/L	13	0	91.69	102.69	82.00	22.26	0.24	0.83	67.00	130.00	75	0.063	Positive
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	15	0	72.27	92.62	60.00	44.77	0.62	1.00	29.00	150.00	-89	-0.103	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Ammonia	μg/L	15	9	104.53	155.04	25.00	111.08	1.06	0.82	25.00	300.00	-60	-0.239	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Calcium	mg/L	15	0	25.47	32.20	25.00	14.80	0.58	0.45	8.50	49.00	-97	-0.043	Negative

2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Humboldt Mill

																Positive or Negative
Location	Classification	Parameter	Unit	Count (n)	Number of Non- Detects	Mean	UCL	Median	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation	Skewness	Minimum	Maximum	Man- Kendall S	Sen Slope	Trend (Minimum 95% Confidence)
MW-701 OAL	Leachate	Hardness	mg/L	15	0	115.27	146.78	112.00	69.30	0.60	0.53	36.00	228.00	-93	-0.194	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Iron	μg/L	15	11	238.00	271.64	200.00	73.99	0.31	1.64	200.00	390.00	-50	0.000	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Magnesium	mg/L	15	0	10.94	13.97	10.00	6.67	0.61	0.63	3.90	22.00	-95	-0.019	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Manganese	μg/L	15	6	1,626	2,384	1,400	1,666	1.02	0.35	50	4,100	-78	-4.951	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Mercury	ng/L	15	5	2.93	4.15	1.56	2.69	0.92	1.30	1.00	9.04	-71	-0.004	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Potassium	mg/L	15	0	5.71	6.65	6.00	2.05	0.36	-0.15	2.80	8.30	-89	-0.006	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Sodium	mg/L	15	0	8.96	10.04	8.30	2.38	0.27	0.46	5.80	13.00	-77	-0.006	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Sulfate	mg/L	15	0	51.07	63.75	46.00	27.88	0.55	0.47	17.00	94.00	-98	-0.081	Negative
MW-701 QAL	Leachate	Sulfide	mg/L	15	13	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.01	0.05	-2.40	0.17	0.20	26	0.000	Positive
MW-701 UFB	Leachate	Ammonia	μg/L	14	11	148.93	324.80	25.00	371.57	2.49	3.41	25.00	1,400.00	-28	0.000	Negative
MW-701 UFB	Leachate	Chloride	mg/L	14	11	13.36	17.18	10.00	8.07	0.60	2.69	10.00	38.00	-36	0.000	Negative
MW-701 UFB	Leachate	Iron	μg/L	14	0	14,936	17,407	16,000	5,219	0.35	-2.02	210	20,000	32	7.463	Positive
MW-701 UFB	Leachate	Potassium	mg/L	14	0	4.49	5.62	3.45	2.40	0.53	1.93	2.70	11.00	-70	-0.004	Negative
MW-701 UFB	Leachate	Sodium	mg/L	14	0	11.73	17.82	5.35	12.87	1.10	2.17	4.30	48.00	-70	-0.004	Negative
MW-701 UFB	Leachate	Sulfide	mg/L	14	10	0.34	0.51	0.20	0.36	1.06	2.96	0.20	1.50	-32	0.000	Negative
MW-702 QAL	Leachate	Alkalinity Carbonate	mg/L	16	10	10.75	16.38	4.55	12.85	1.20	1.99	2.00	49.00	-45	-0.015	Negative
MW-702 QAL	Leachate	Calcium	mg/L	16	0	50.66	56.26	48.50	12.78	0.25	1.61	35.00	87.50	-76	-0.013	Negative
MW-702 QAL	Leachate	Hardness	mg/L	16	0	178.13	193.58	173.00	35.27	0.23	1.01	134.00	270.00	-76	-0.023	Negative
MW-702 QAL	Leachate	Manganese	μg/L	16	4	196.94	265.61	140.00	156.69	0.20	0.94	50.00	550.00	-38	-0.074	Negative
MW-702 QAL	Leachate	Potassium	mg/L	16	0	10.27	13.87	6.25	8.23	0.80	1.60	4.70	29.00	-97	-0.277	Negative
MW-702 QAL		Sodium	mg/L	16	0	29.78	35.04	27.00	12.01	0.40	0.76	17.00	55.00	45	0.020	
MW-702 QAL	Leachate Leachate	Sulfate		16	0	103.13	110.22	100.00	16.18	0.40	0.76	82.00	130.00	-79	-0.043	Positive
MW-702 QAL	Compliance	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	16	0	58.69	65.74	59.00	16.18	0.16	0.72	30.00	91.00	38	0.027	Negative Positive
MW-703 DBA	Compliance	Calcium	mg/L mg/L	16	0	15.74	19.11	18.50	7.69	0.27	-0.24	4.10	25.00	-53	-0.018	Negative
			U,						0.81	0.49	0.20	17.00	20.00	-53 -65	-0.018	
MW-703 DBA	Compliance	Chloride	mg/L	16	0	18.56 88.31	18.92	18.50			-0.44	29.00		-63		Negative
MW-703 DBA MW-703 DBA	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	16 16	9	449.38	102.91 672.10	99.00 200.00	33.30 508.21	0.38 1.13	1.91	29.00	130.00 1,700.00	-63 -56	-0.081 -0.028	Negative
MW-703 DBA	Compliance	Iron Lithium	μg/L		2	12.88	14.85	11.50	2.95	0.23	0.52	10.00	17.00	-56 19	0.009	Negative
	Compliance		μg/L	8										-51		Positive
MW-703 DBA	Compliance	Magnesium	mg/L	16	0	11.74 12.25	13.36 13.17	13.00 13.00	3.69	0.31 0.17	-0.72	4.20 8.10	16.00 15.00	-51	-0.008 -0.003	Negative
MW-703 DBA	Compliance	Sodium	mg/L	16 16	0	30.84	43.37	17.00	2.09 28.59		-0.96 0.57	1.00	80.00	-65	-0.003	Negative
MW-703 DBA	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L							0.93		1				Negative
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	Calcium	mg/L	11	0	27.55	30.12	26.00	4.72	0.17	0.19	20.00	35.00	-31	-0.020	Negative
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	Chloride	mg/L	11	0	58.18	71.12	61.00	23.68	0.41	-0.11	22.00	100.00	-31	-0.093	Negative
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	11	0	115.82	122.79	119.00	12.76	0.11	-0.19	96.00	135.00	-43	-0.076	Negative
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	Manganese	μg/L	11	3	10.19	10.78	10.00	1.08	0.11	0.10	8.30	12.00	-21	-0.040	Negative
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	Potassium	mg/L	11	0	5.62	6.35	5.70	1.33	0.24	-0.49	3.00	7.60	-26	-0.004	Negative
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	Sodium	mg/L	11	0	30.23	37.11	30.00	12.60	0.42	0.21	12.00	53.00	-33	-0.050	Negative
MW-703 LLA	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L	11		28.64	34.32	34.00	10.40	0.36	-0.60	10.00	42.00	-46	-0.059	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	15	0	70.33	76.75	67.00	14.11	0.20	0.52	53.00	95.00	-84	-0.044	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Calcium	mg/L	15	0	20.83	24.43	19.00	7.92	0.38	-0.06	4.00	33.00	-83	-0.019	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	15	0	88.13	96.76	80.00	18.98	0.22	0.75	64.00	123.00	-87	-0.053	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Magnesium	mg/L	15	0	7.27	8.21	7.30	2.06	0.28	-2.03	1.00	9.65	-54	-0.003	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Manganese	μg/L	15	8	63.53	71.60	50.00	17.74	0.28	0.79	50.00	92.00	-51	-0.019	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Nitrate	μg/L	15	0	422.00	557.93	350.00	298.96	0.71	1.15	110.00	1,100.00	84	0.759	Positive
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Potassium	mg/L	15	0	1.86	2.12	1.80	0.57	0.31	-0.54	0.50	2.70	-77	-0.001	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Sodium	mg/L	15	0	4.55	5.60	3.70	2.32	0.51	0.65	1.00	9.20	-82	-0.006	Negative
MW-703 QAL	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L	15	0	25.60	29.85	24.00	9.34	0.36	0.59	12.00	43.00	-75	-0.029	Negative
MW-703 UFB	Compliance	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	13	0	77.23	86.47	81.00	18.69	0.24	-3.40	16.00	91.00	33	0.006	Positive
MW-703 UFB	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	13	0	118.00	131.53	124.00	27.37	0.23	-3.45	28.00	137.00	29	0.005	Positive
MW-703 UFB	Compliance	Manganese	μg/L	13	0	165.62	186.62	160.00	42.50	0.26	0.98	93.00	250.00	37	0.032	Positive
MW-703 UFB	Compliance	Potassium	mg/L	13	0	2.84	3.25	2.50	0.82	0.29	2.61	2.20	5.30	-61	-0.001	Negative
MW-703 UFB	Compliance	Sodium	mg/L	13	0	5.30	8.84	3.00	7.16	1.35	3.53	2.70	29.00	-41	-0.002	Negative

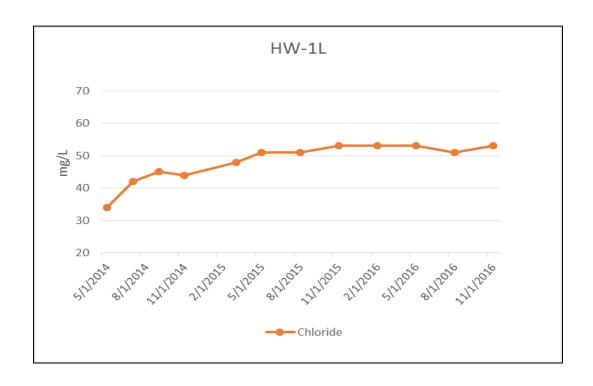
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Humboldt Mill

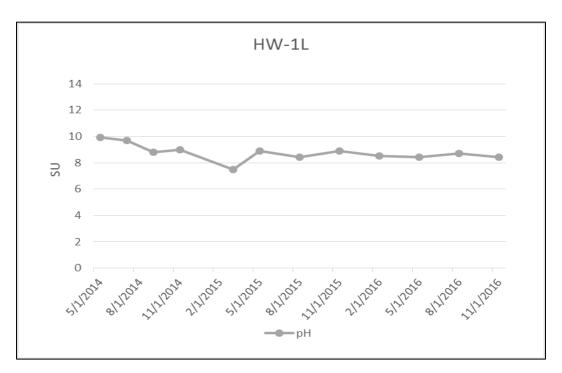
																Positive or Negative
					Number of Non-				Standard	Coefficient				Man-		Trend (Minimum 95%
Location	Classification	Parameter	Unit	Count (n)	Detects	Mean	UCL	Median	Deviation	of Variation	Skewness	Minimum	Maximum	Kendall S	Sen Slope	Confidence)
MW-704 DBA	Compliance	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	17	0	102.41	111.92	110.00	22.46	0.22	-1.48	39.00	130.00	99	0.053	Positive
MW-704 DBA	Compliance	Alkalinity Carbonate	mg/L	17	3	10.96	13.95	12.00	7.06	0.64	0.97	2.00	29.00	-58	-0.013	Negative
MW-704 DBA	Compliance	Calcium	mg/L	17	0	19.14	20.62	20.00	3.48	0.18	-1.73	8.90	23.00	56	0.006	Positive
MW-704 DBA	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	17	0	92.65	99.02	97.00	15.05	0.16	-1.75	48.00	108.00	101	0.034	Positive
MW-704 DBA	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L	17	6	2.46	3.14	1.90	1.60	0.65	0.58	1.00	5.50	-110	-0.005	Negative
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	15	0	96.80	105.30	100.00	18.69	0.19	-0.41	55.00	130.00	-42	-0.037	Negative
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Calcium	mg/L	15	0	18.83	21.54	19.00	5.95	0.32	0.70	11.00	32.00	-58	-0.015	Negative
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	15	0	98.00	108.54	96.00	23.18	0.24	0.61	66.00	149.00	-64	-0.069	Negative
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Magnesium	mg/L	15	0	12.08	12.97	12.00	1.96	0.16	0.32	9.20	15.00	-56	-0.005	Negative
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Manganese	μg/L	15	9	55.47	59.76	50.00	9.45	0.17	1.74	50.00	80.00	-57	-0.006	Negative
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Potassium	mg/L	15	0	6.80	8.00	6.20	2.63	0.39	0.32	3.80	11.00	69	0.008	Positive
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Sodium	mg/L	15	0	6.12	8.51	4.90	5.26	0.86	3.78	3.75	25.00	50	-0.018	Positive
MW-704 LLA	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L	15	0	11.23	13.88	10.00	5.83	0.52	0.35	4.20	22.00	-88	-0.018	Negative
MW-704 QAL	Compliance	Ammonia	μg/L	15		43.47	52.80	38.00	20.53	0.47	0.70	25.00	89.00	35	0.025	Positive
MW-704 QAL	Compliance	Chloride	mg/L	15	4	15.47	17.59	15.00	4.67	0.30	0.87	10.00	27.00	41	0.007	Positive
MW-704 QAL	Compliance	Magnesium	mg/L	15		7.78	8.62	7.20	1.85	0.24	0.69	5.70	11.00	62	0.005	Positive
MW-704 QAL	Compliance	Nitrate	μg/L	15		330.00	521.81	100.00	421.85	1.28	1.89	100.00	1,500.00	36	0.000	Positive
MW-704 QAL	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L	15		17.28	22.78	14.00	12.10	0.70	1.63	1.00	49.00	53	0.021	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Ammonia	μg/L	14	0	61.07	88.51	33.50	57.98	0.95	1.88	25.00	200.00	-37	-0.047	Negative
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Calcium	mg/L	14	0	34.54	41.37	33.50	14.44	0.42	-0.15	10.00	56.00	66	0.043	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Chloride	mg/L	14	7	13.21	14.94	11.50	3.64	0.28	0.44	10.00	19.00	49	0.043	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	14	0	123.21	143.25	118.50	42.32	0.34	0.18	68.00	198.00	75	0.127	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Iron	μg/L	14	0	12,906	19,272	7,500	13,450	1.04	0.84	210	37,000	56	23.005	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Magnesium	mg/L	14	0	6.61	7.94	7.20	2.82	0.43	-0.43	1.80	11.00	70	0.008	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Manganese	μg/L	14	0	576.36	723.20	600.00	310.25	0.54	-0.05	89.00	1,100.00	59	0.764	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Potassium	mg/L	14	0	2.77	3.36	3.00	1.26	0.46	-0.29	0.81	4.80	37	0.002	Positive
MW-704 UFB	Compliance	Sodium	mg/L	14	0	17.53	24.68	10.50	15.11	0.86	1.21	5.00	50.00	-61	-0.025	Negative
MW-705 QAL	Compliance	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	15	0	60.27	65.56	61.00	11.63	0.19	0.82	41.00	90.00	-51	-0.021	Negative
MW-705 QAL	Compliance	Ammonia	μg/L	15	0	81.87	92.96	74.00	24.39	0.30	0.40	39.00	130.00	73	0.068	Positive
MW-705 QAL	Compliance	Calcium	mg/L	15	0	18.53	19.96	17.00	3.14	0.17	0.50	15.00	24.00	-69	-0.008	Negative
MW-705 QAL	Compliance	Hardness	mg/L	15	0	84.67	91.11	77.00	14.18	0.17	0.35	66.00	109.00	-78	-0.041	Negative
MW-705 QAL	Compliance	Magnesium	mg/L	15	0	8.26	8.96	7.60	1.53	0.19	0.80	6.70	11.00	-70	-0.004	Negative
MW-705 QAL	Compliance	Manganese	μg/L	15	0	1,045	1,153	950	239	0.23	0.48	750	1,500	-69	-0.518	Negative
MW-705 QAL	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L	15	0	6.22	9.67	4.40	7.59	1.22	3.56	1.80	33.00	46	0.005	Positive
MW-705 UFB	Compliance	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	16	0	93.13	99.09	89.00	13.62	0.15	2.99	81.00	140.00	-71	-0.015	Negative
MW-705 UFB	Compliance	Chloride	mg/L	16	10	13.13	15.31	10.00	4.99	0.38	1.41	10.00	24.00	75	0.010	Positive
MW-705 UFB	Compliance	Iron	μg/L	16	0	7,752	8,943	8,600	2,717	0.35	-1.34	680	12,000	71	4.875	Positive
MW-705 UFB	Compliance	Sulfate	mg/L	16	0	8.52	10.01	9.45	3.40	0.40	-0.03	4.00	13.00	-104	-0.011	Negative
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	13	0	97.62	107.19	94.00	19.36	0.20	0.87	73.00	140.00	-72	-0.051	Negative
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Arsenic	μg/L	13	4	7.26	8.56	6.40	2.64	0.36	1.54	5.00	14.00	-54	-0.005	Negative
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Calcium	mg/L	13	0	96.54	107.17	89.00	21.52	0.22	0.91	57.00	150.00	-35	-0.031	Negative
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Chloride	mg/L	13	0	107.77	117.81	98.00	20.31	0.19	1.16	86.00	150.00	38	0.050	Positive
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Hardness	mg/L	13	0	262.23	358.57	267.00	194.92	0.74	-0.18	6.00	503.00	-34	-0.441	Negative
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Nickel	μg/L	13	4	22.54	23.73	22.00	2.40	0.11	0.31	20.00	26.00	61	0.007	Positive
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Potassium	mg/L	13	0	4.71	4.96	4.50	0.50	0.11	1.95	4.20	6.10	-34	-0.0007	Negative
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Sodium	mg/L	13	0	56.08	81.15	33.00	50.74	0.90	1.95	24.00	190.00	-55	-0.052	Negative
MW-706 QAL	Mill Services	Sulfate	mg/L	13	0	280.77	325.55	250.00	90.60	0.32	0.57	180.00	430.00	-65	-0.271	Negative
MW-707 QAL	Concentrator/CLO	Alkalinity Bicarbonate	mg/L	13	0	154.62	157.18	150.00	5.19	0.03	0.18	150.00	160.00	32	0.000	Positive
MW-707 QAL	Concentrator/CLO	Hardness	mg/L	13	0	151.31	153.27	153.00	3.97	0.03	-0.23	145.00	156.00	62	0.011	Positive
MW-707 QAL	Concentrator/CLO	Iron	μg/L	13	0	5,884.62	6,216.68	6,000.00	671.87	0.11	-0.009	4,800.00	7,200.00	-64	-1.817	Negative
MW-707 QAL	Concentrator/CLO	Sodium	mg/L	13	0	3.08	3.24	3.00	0.31	0.10	1.67	2.70	3.90	-32	-0.0003	Negative
	+	Ammonia	μg/L	13	9	46.23	69.32	25.00	46.72	1.01	2.83	25.00	190.00	-32	0.000	Negative

2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Humboldt Mill

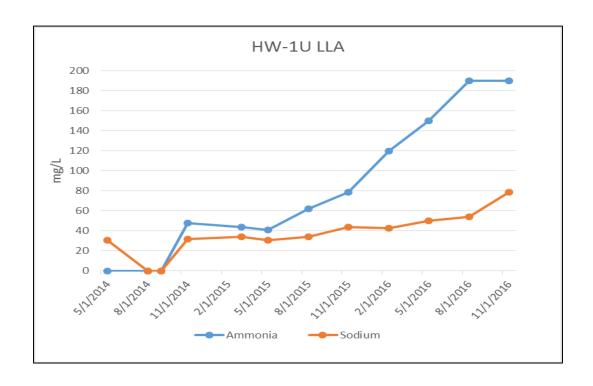
Location	Classification	Parameter	Unit	Count (n)	Number of Non- Detects	Mean	UCL	Median	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation	Skewness	Minimum	Maximum	Man- Kendall S	Sen Slope	Positive or Negative Trend (Minimum 95% Confidence)
MW-9R	Concentrator	Chloride	mg/L	13	0	61.31	92.57	30.00	63.26	1.03	1.26	14.00	190.00	-35	-0.096	Negative
MW-9R	Concentrator	Iron	μg/L	13	7	1,028.46	1,619.63	200.00	1,196.12	1.16	1.41	200.00	3,800.00	-43	-2.000	Negative
MW-9R	Concentrator	Manganese	μg/L	13	0	518.85	714.50	430.00	395.87	0.76	1.01	66.00	1,400.00	-49	-1.098	Negative
MW-9R	Concentrator	Potassium	mg/L	13	0	3.55	3.98	3.50	0.85	0.24	-0.48	2.10	4.60	-28	-0.001	Negative
MW-9R	Concentrator	Sodium	mg/L	13	0	23.86	30.02	19.00	12.45	0.52	0.72	8.20	47.00	-49	-0.033	Negative

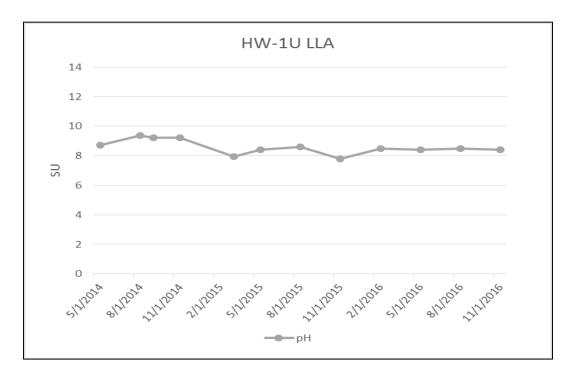
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



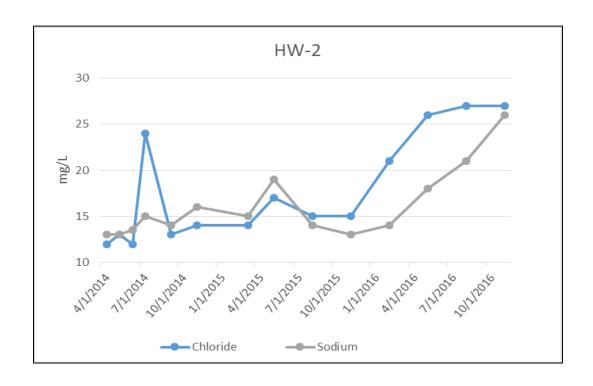


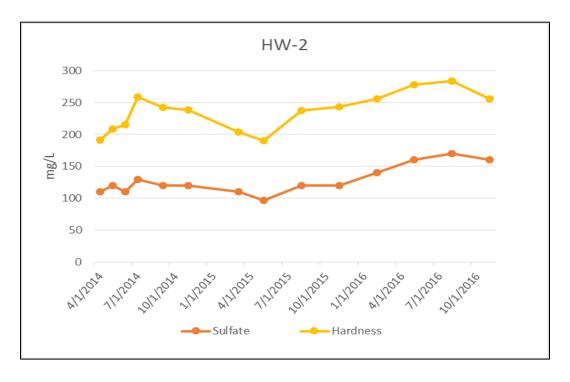
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



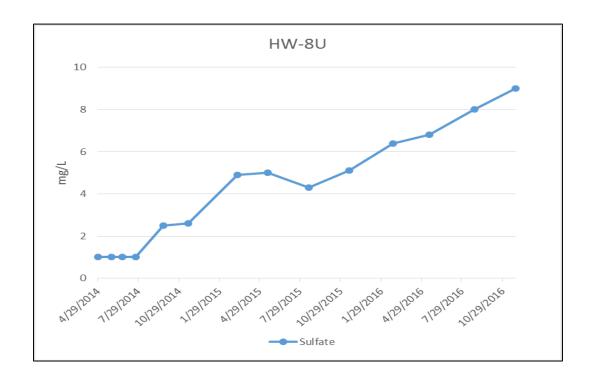


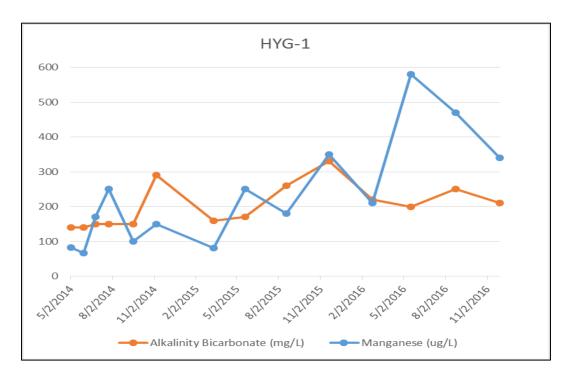
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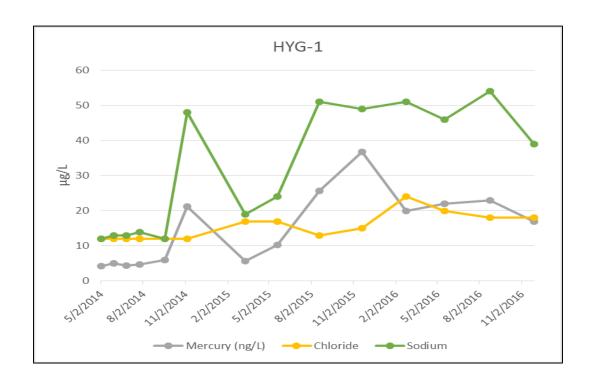


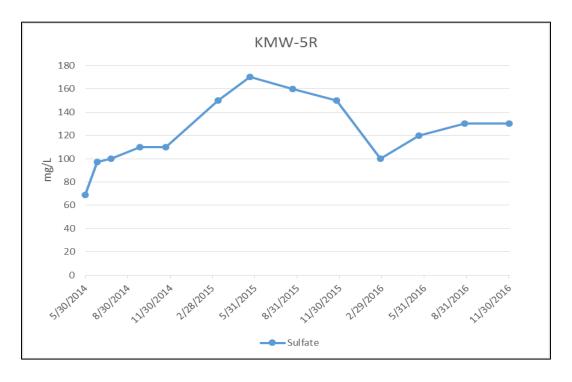
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



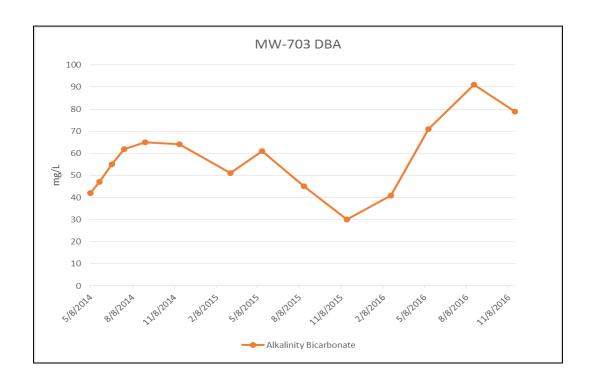


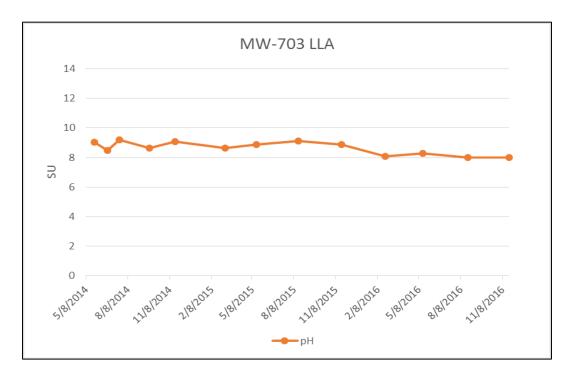
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



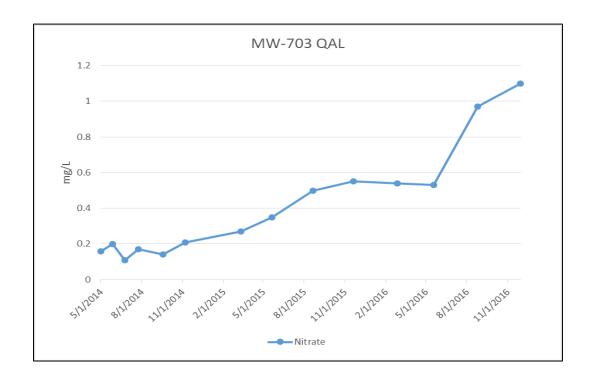


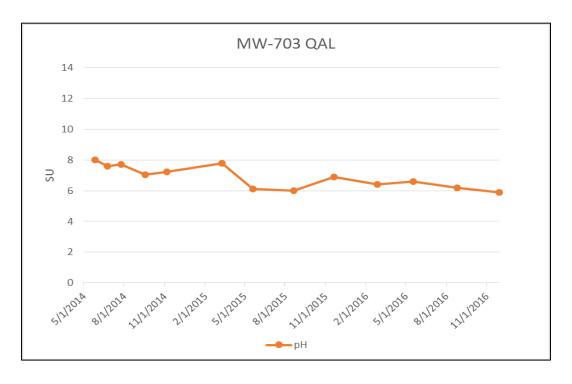
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



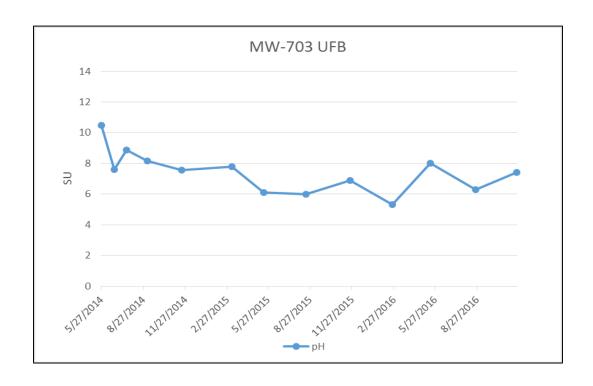


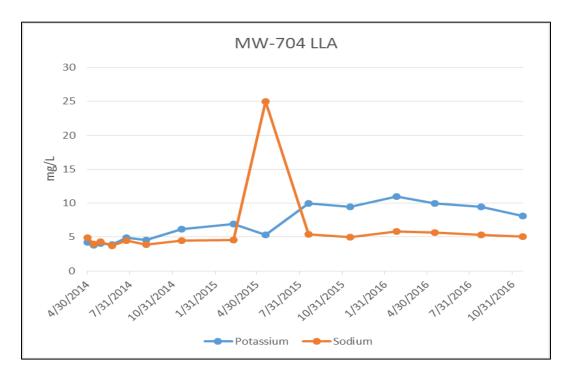
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



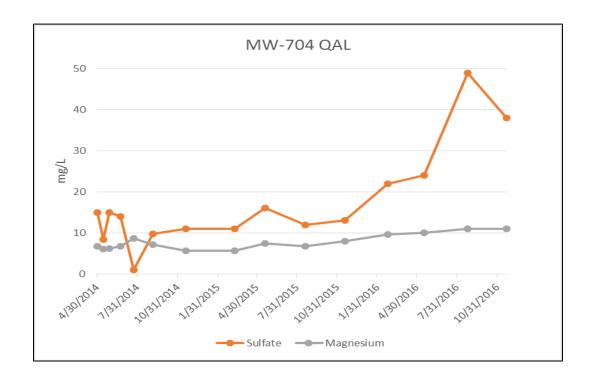


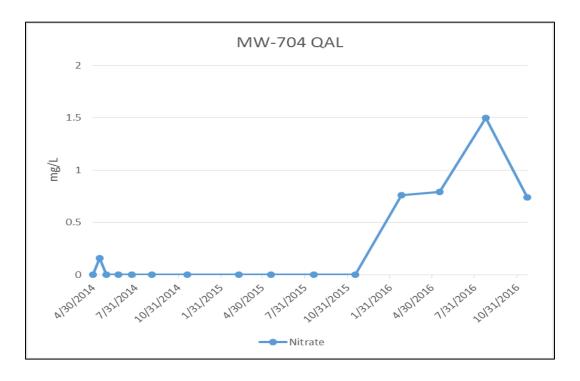
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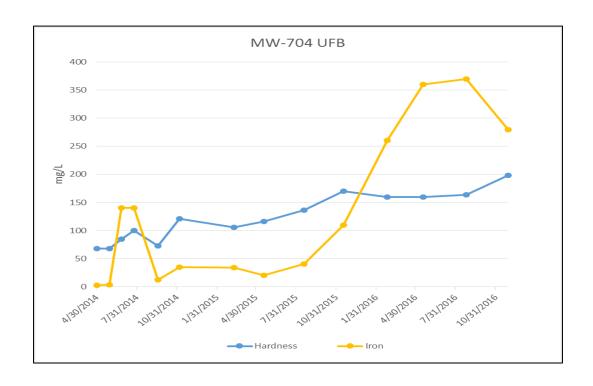


2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



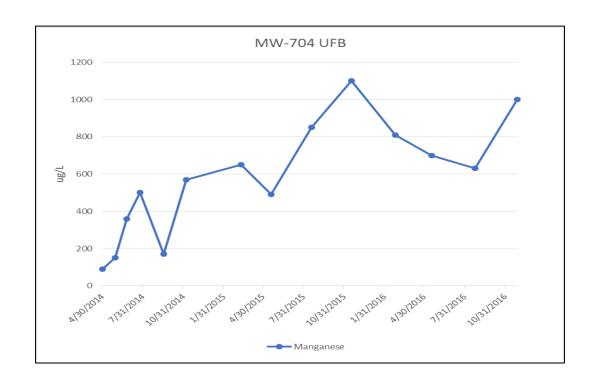


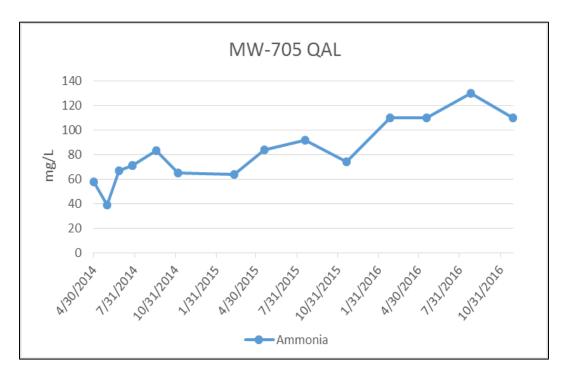
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



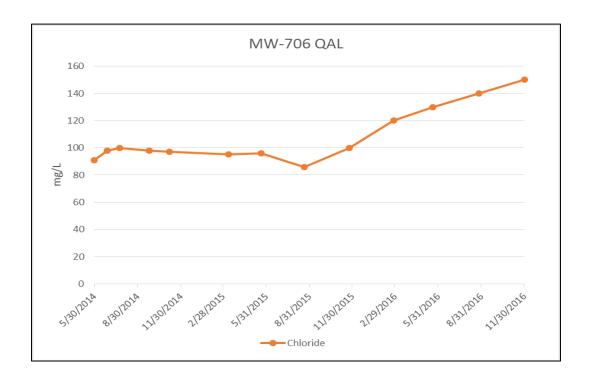


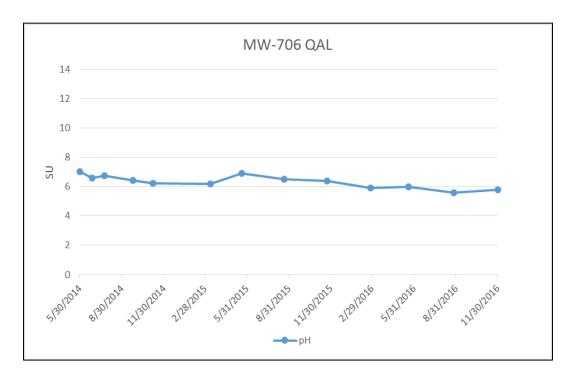
2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



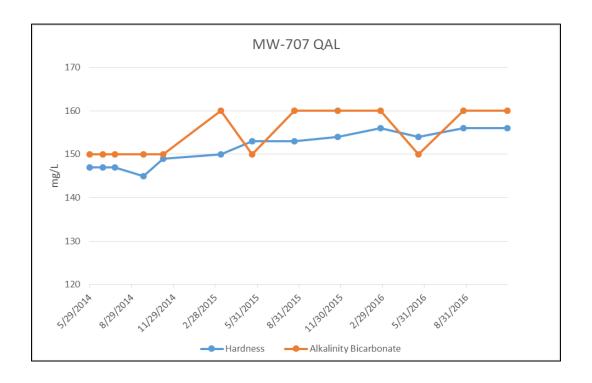


2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



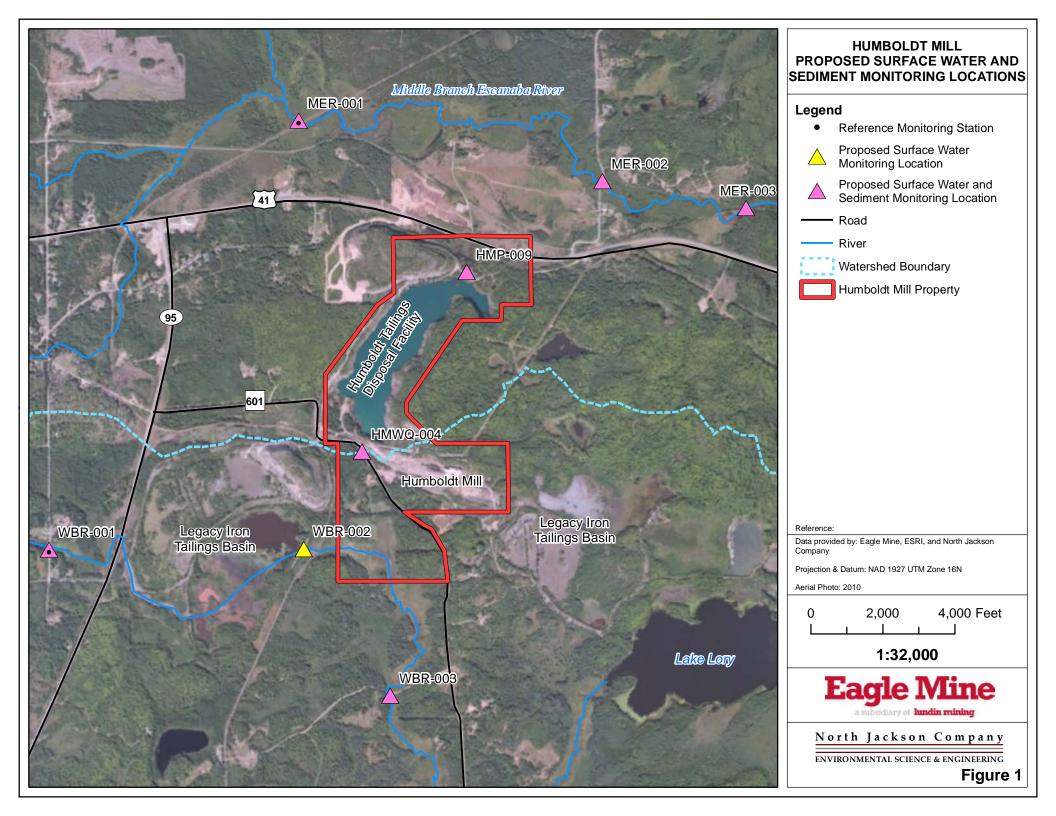


2016 Groundwater Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill



Appendix H

Humboldt Mill Surface Water Monitoring Location Map



Appendix I

Humboldt Mill
Surface Water Results

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Benchmark Summary Table

Humboldt Mill 2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Monitoring Benchmark Comparison Summary

Location	Location Classification	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
HMP-009	Compliance - HTDF subwatershed		chloride, sulfate, sodium, total dissolved solids	pH, mercury, chloride, sulfate, sodium, total dissolved solids	
HMWQ-004	Compliance - Mill subwatershed				
MER-001	Reference - HTDF subwatershed	рН	рН	selenium	pH, zinc, total dissolved solids
MER-002	Compliance - HTDF subwatershed			cobalt, selenium	рН
MER-003	Compliance - HTDF subwatershed	рН		pH, selenium	pH , total suspended solids
WBR-001	Reference - Mill subwatershed	рН	sodium	aluminum, selenium, zinc,	рН
WBR-002	Compliance - Mill subwatershed	pH, lead, nickel,	copper, lead, nickel, zinc	pH, copper, lead, nickel , selenium	pH, copper, lead, nickel
WBR-003	Compliance - Mill subwatershed	рН		pH, selenium	рН

Parameters listed in this table had values reported that were equal to or greater than a site-specific benchmark. Parameters in **BOLD** are instances in which the Department was notified because benchmarks deviations were identified at compliance monitoring locations for two consecutive sampling events. If the location is classified as background, Department notification is not required for an exceedance.

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data HMP-009 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-				
Parameter	Unit	mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
raiailletei	Oilit	Benchmark	2/22/16	5/16/16	8/23/16	11/30/16
Field		2014				
D.O. ¹	l nnm		NM	11	14	NM I
ORP	ppm mV		NM	178	31	NM
pH	SU	7.0-8.0	NM	7.2	6.8	NM
Specific Conductance	μS/cm	7.0-8.0	NM	637	544	NM
1	°C		NM	7.8	21	NM
Temperature Turbidity	NTU		NM	3.5	7.3	NM
Flow	cfs		NM	NM	NM	NM
Metals	CIS		INIVI	INIVI	INIVI	INIVI
	ug/L	200 (n)		1	T < F0 T	
Antimony		200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	11.5 2.2	NM	<1.0	5.3 < 1.0	NM
Arsenic	ug/L	2.2			13	
Barium	ug/L					
Beryllium	ug/L	0.67			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	113			87	
Clauseine	ug/L	0.1			< 0.02	
Chromium	ug/L	1.3			< 1.0	
Cobalt	ug/L	3.0			1.7	
Copper	ug/L	7.9	NM	5.3	3.5	NM
Iron	ug/L	1620	NM	83	89	NM
Lead	ug/L	1.0	NM	0.03		e NM
Lithium	ug/L	5.3			< 8.0	
Manganese	ug/L	337	NM	23	21	NM
Mercury	ng/L	1.1	NM	0.86	1.5	NM
Molybdenum	ug/L	13			9.5	
Nickel	ug/L	17	NM	9.8	6.8	NM
Selenium	ug/L	0.36			3.03	
Silver	ug/L	0.12			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	0.68			< 1.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	1.7			< 1.0	
Zinc	ug/L	6.1	NM	0.40	0.77	NM
Major Anions	,	1		1		T
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	124	NM	92	89	NM
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	2.0	NM	< 2.0	< 2.0	NM
Chloride	mg/L	15	NM	29	30	NM
Fluoride	mg/L	0.41	NM	0.15	< 0.10	NM
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	2.0 (P)	NM	< 0.5	< 0.5	NM
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	2.5	NM	< 0.50	< 0.50	NM
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.34	NM	< 0.50	< 0.50	NM
Sulfate	mg/L	138	NM	180	150	NM
Sulfide	mg/L	3.0	NM	<5.0	<5.0	e NM
Major Cations						
Calcium	mg/L	68	NM	51	48	NM
Magnesium	mg/L	26	NM	25	20	NM
Potassium	mg/L	9.4	NM	8.5	6.9	NM
Sodium	mg/L	15	NM	33	27	NM
General						
Hardness	mg/L	251	NM	230	220	NM
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	361	NM	414	450	NM
		501	14141		730	14141

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data HMWQ-004 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

	T	Recom-			l	
Parameter	Unit	mended Benchmark	Q1 2016 2/22/16	Q2 2016 5/16/16	Q3 2016 8/23/16	Q4 2016 11/30/16
Field		2014				
D.O. ¹	ppm	I	NM	NM	NM	NM
ORP	mV		NM	NM	NM	NM
pH	SU	5.7-6.7	NM	NM	NM	NM
Specific Conductance	μS/cm	3.7-0.7	NM	NM	NM	NM
Temperature	°C		NM	NM	NM	NM
Turbidity	NTU		NM	NM	NM	NM
Flow	cfs		NM	NM	NM	NM
Metals	LIS		INIVI	INIVI	INIVI	INIVI
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)	1	T T	NM	
Antimony	ug/L ug/L	2.3			NM	
Arsenic	ug/L ug/L	35	NM	NM	NM	NM
Barium		118			NM	
Beryllium	ug/L ug/L	4.0 (p)			NM	
					NM	
Boron	ug/L	36				
Characiana	ug/L	0.10 14			NM	
Chromium	ug/L	3.0			NM	
Cobalt	ug/L		 NIN 4	 NIN 4	NM	 NIN 4
Copper	ug/L	11 73,409	NM	NM	NM	NM
Iron	ug/L		NM	NM	NM	NM
Lead	ug/L	2.1	NM	NM	NM	NM
Lithium	ug/L	16			NM	 NIN 4
Manganese	ug/L	2541	NM	NM	NM	NM
Mercury	ng/L	43	NM	NM	NM	NM
Molybdenum	ug/L	4.7			NM	
Nickel	ug/L	5.6	NM	NM	NM	NM
Selenium	ug/L	0.44			NM	
Silver	ug/L	0.35			NM	
Thallium	ug/L	4.0 (P)			NM	
Vanadium 	ug/L	39			NM	
Zinc	ug/L	44	NM	NM	NM	NM
Major Anions	1			1		
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	68	NM	NM	NM	NM
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	8.0 (P)	NM	NM	NM	NM
Chloride	mg/L	68	NM	NM	NM	NM
Fluoride	mg/L	0.23	NM	NM	NM	NM
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	1.9	NM	NM	NM	NM
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	2.0 (P)	NM	NM	NM	NM
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	2.0 (P)	NM	NM	NM	NM
Sulfate	mg/L	4.0 (P)	NM	NM	NM	NM
Sulfide	mg/L	20 (P)	NM	NM	NM	NM
Major Cations			•			
Calcium	mg/L	21	NM	NM	NM	NM
Magnesium	mg/L	8.1	NM	NM	NM	NM
Potassium	mg/L	3.3	NM	NM	NM	NM
Sodium	mg/L	49	NM	NM	NM	NM
General						
Hardness	mg/L	88	NM	NM	NM	NM
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	209	NM	NM	NM	NM
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	353	NM	NM	NM	NM

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data MER-001 (Reference) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-					
Parameter	Unit	mended Benchmark	Q1 2016 2/22/16	Q2 2016 5/16/16	Q3 2016 8/23/16	Q4 2016 11/30/16	
		2014					
Field					1.		
D.O. ¹	ppm		10	9.8	6.9	11	
ORP	mV		180	341	129	113	
pH	SU	6.1-7.1	6.1	5.9	6.4	5.4	
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		83	66	67	35	
Temperature	°C		0.1	8.6	17	1.6	
Turbidity	NTU		6.7	2.1	7.3	4.3	
Flow	cfs		NM	NM	NM	NM	
Metals							
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	0.73			< 1.0	< 1.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	3.4	< 1.0	< 1.0	1.7	< 1.0	
Barium	ug/L	12			8.8		
Beryllium	ug/L	0.73			< 1.0		
Boron	ug/L	14.8			< 10		
Cadmium	ug/L	0.10			< 0.1		
Chromium	ug/L	1.2			< 1.0		
Cobalt	ug/L	0.42				2	
Copper	ug/L	0.86	0.44	0.58	0.58	0.54	
Iron	ug/L	3255	1200	880	1800	1100	
Lead	ug/L	0.35	0.11	0.12		9 0.16	
Lithium	ug/L	5.7			< 8.0		
Manganese	ug/L	226	72	81	91	55	
Mercury	ng/L	8.5	2.5	3.8	5.9	4.2	
Molybdenum	ug/L	1.0			< 1.0		
Nickel	ug/L	1.0	0.52	0.57	0.75	0.75	
Selenium	ug/L	0.19			0.48		
Silver	ug/L	0.13			< 0.20		
Thallium	ug/L	0.75			< 1.0		
Vanadium	ug/L	1.5			< 1.0		
Zinc	ug/L	2.6	1.6	1.7		18	
Major Anions	ug/L	2.0	1.0	1./	1./	10	
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	50	25	22	27	16	
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	
Chloride	mg/L	13	5.2	5.2	7.5	7.8	
Fluoride		0.19	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10	
	mg/L	2.0 (P)	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.34	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
Nitrogen, Nitrate Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L mg/L	0.36	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
c Bondy		10	3.3		< 1.0		
Sulfate	mg/L	3.2	< 5.0	< 1.0 < 5.0		< 1.0 < 5.0	
Sulfide Major Cations	mg/L	J.Z	` 3.0	\ 3.0	\ 3.0 (25.0 ع	
Major Cations	mc = /1	15	0.5	1 60	04	[0]	
Calcium	mg/L	4.1	8.5	6.9	8.4	5.9	\vdash
Magnesium	mg/L	1.0	2.4	2.2	2.2	1.9	\vdash
Potassium	mg/L	6.9	0.57	0.52	0.61	0.61	
Sodium	mg/L	0.9	3.1	3.2	4.1	3.8	
General	_			,		,	
Hardness	mg/L	56	34	26	36	22	
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	111	62	58	104	140	е
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	4.0	< 3.3	< 3.3	< 3.3	< 3.3	

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data MER-002 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-						
			04 2046	02 2046	02 2046		04 204	_
Parameter	Unit	mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016		Q4 2016	
		Benchmark	2/22/16	5/16/16	8/23/16		11/30/1	6
		2014						
Field		1						
D.O. ¹	ppm		10	9.2	6.6		12	\perp
ORP	mV		141	148	88		125	\perp
pH	SU	6.0-7.0	6.3	6.8	6.5		5.4	4
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		118	79	78		30	\perp
Temperature	°C		0	9.2	17		1.6	\bot
Turbidity	NTU		5.7	2.3	8.5		5.4	
Flow	cfs		17	38	75		103	\perp
Metals					_			
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50			
Antimony	ug/L	0.72			< 1.0			
Arsenic	ug/L	5.1	1.1	< 1.0	2.4		1.1	
Barium	ug/L	20			10			
Beryllium	ug/L	0.73			< 1.0			
Boron	ug/L	14			< 10			
Cadmium	ug/L	0.09			< 0.02			
Chromium	ug/L	1.2			< 0.1			
Cobalt	ug/L	0.65			1.7	е		
Copper	ug/L	0.90	0.42	0.57	0.56		0.50	
Iron	ug/L	6440	1600	1100	2200		1600	
Lead	ug/L	0.37	0.10	0.11	0.21		0.15	
Lithium	ug/L	5.7			< 8.0			
Manganese	ug/L	560	150	96	110		90	
Mercury	ng/L	7.5	2.4	3.7	6.4		4.0	
Molybdenum	ug/L	0.73			< 1.0			
Nickel	ug/L	1.2	0.96	0.62	0.83		0.57	
Selenium	ug/L	0.19			0.44			
Silver	ug/L	0.12			< 0.20			
Thallium	ug/L	0.73			< 1.0			
Vanadium	ug/L	3.0			< 1.0			
Zinc	ug/L	3.0	1.5	1.7	2.3	е	2.2	
Major Anions	-							
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	53	30	21	27		15	
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	
Chloride	mg/L	16	7.6	6.4	9.6		6.8	
Fluoride	mg/L	0.19	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10		< 0.10	\Box
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	2.0 (P)	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	е
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.40	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	\top
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.37	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	
Sulfate	mg/L	14	13	3.9	< 1.0		< 1.0	\top
Sulfide	mg/L	3.2	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	е	< 5.0	\top
Major Cations								
Calcium	mg/L	18	11	8.3	8.8		6.5	T
Magnesium	mg/L	4.9	3.4	2.4	2.4		2.0	+
Potassium	mg/L	1.2	0.94	0.62	0.63	\vdash	1.0	+
Sodium	mg/L	9.4	5.0	4.2	5.0	\vdash	3.7	+
General	1 1118/ -		2.0	, TIE	<u> </u>		5.7	_
	m=/1	67	40	30	24		24	$\overline{}$
Hardness	mg/L		40	30	34		24	+
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	125	72	56	114		90	е
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	12	< 3.3	< 3.3	< 3.3		< 3.3	

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data MER-003 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom- mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016		Q4 2016	5
Parameter	Unit	Benchmark 2014	2/22/16	5/16/16	8/23/16		11/30/1	
Field								
D.O. ¹	ppm		10	9.4	6.6		13	T
ORP	mV		148	89	211		124	
Hq	SU	6.0-7.0	6.0	6.7	5.5		5.6	
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		130	112	85		47	
Temperature	°C		0.1	9.2	16		1.7	
Turbidity	NTU		6.2	2.5	8.8		7.7	
Flow	cfs		NM	NM	42.3		NM	
Metals								•
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50			T
Antimony	ug/L	0.70			< 1.0			
Arsenic	ug/L	3.3	1.2	<1.0	2.4		2.1	
Barium	ug/L	15			10			
Beryllium	ug/L	0.73			< 1.0			
Boron	ug/L	15			10			
Cadmium	ug/L	0.09			< 0.1			
Chromium	ug/L	0.85			< 1.0			
Cobalt	ug/L	0.65			0.33	е		
Copper	ug/L	0.92	0.43	0.55	0.55	Ť	0.51	
Iron	ug/L	4268	1700	1200	2300		2900	
Lead	ug/L	0.35	0.09	0.10	0.18	е	0.20	
Lithium	ug/L	5.7			< 8.0	Ť		
Manganese	ug/L	280	170	110	100		140	
Mercury	ng/L	7.6	2.2	3.7	6.1		6.2	
Molybdenum	ug/L	0.80			< 1.0			
Nickel	ug/L	1.3	1.2	0.95	1.1		0.68	
Selenium	ug/L	0.20			0.53			
Silver	ug/L	0.12			< 0.20			
Thallium	ug/L	0.70			< 1.0			
Vanadium	ug/L	1.2			< 1.0			
Zinc	ug/L	2.9	1.6	1.9	2.5	е	2.7	
Major Anions	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						•
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	56	32	25	27		19	Т
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	
Chloride	mg/L	19	8.9	9.4	10		8.6	
Fluoride	mg/L	0.29	< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.10		< 0.10	
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	2.0 (P)	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.34	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	1
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.37	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	1
Sulfate	mg/L	16	14	11	< 1.0		< 1.0	1
Sulfide	mg/L	3.2	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0	е	< 5.0	1
Major Cations	1118/ -	<u> </u>						1
Calcium	mg/L	19	12	9.8	9.5		7.2	Т
Magnesium	mg/L	5.3	3.7	3.0	2.6		2.3	
Potassium	mg/L	1.4	1.1	0.87	0.75		1.2	
Sodium	mg/L	11	5.8	6.2	5.6		4.9	\vdash
General	IIIK/L		5.0	0.2	J.0	_	7.3	1
	m /1	71	40	1 24	1 20 1		30	Т
Hardness	mg/L	71	40	34	38		28	1
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	141	78	82	112		100	е
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	3.1	< 3.3	< 3.3	< 3.3		12	

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring5Data WBR-001 (Reference) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-							_
Parameter	Unit	mended	Q1 2016	5	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	•	Q4 2010	5
r ai ailletei	Oilit	Benchmark	2/22/16	5	5/16/16	8/23/16	;	11/30/1	6
		2014							
Field									
D.O. ¹	ppm		10		8.0	3.8		11	
ORP	mV		253		165	90		96	
pH	SU	5.0-6.0	6.0		5.3	5.5		5.0	
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		110		99	64		45	
Temperature	°C		0.3		13	19		1.6	
Turbidity	NTU		3.2		3.5	21		2.4	
Flow	cfs		NM		NM	NM		NM	
Metals									
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)				210			
Antimony	ug/L	0.70				< 1.0			
Arsenic	ug/L	8.7	1.2		1.2	1.6		<1.0	
Barium	ug/L	26				12			
Beryllium	ug/L	0.73				< 1.0			
Boron	ug/L	12.7				< 10			
Cadmium	ug/L	0.06				< 0.1			
Chromium	ug/L	2.7				< 1.0			
Cobalt	ug/L	0.85				0.33	е		
Copper	ug/L	1.0	0.62		0.63	0.81		0.53	
Iron	ug/L	11056	1800		1200	1700		1400	
Lead	ug/L	1.8	1.0		0.69	1.0		0.8	
Lithium	ug/L	8.6				< 8.0			
Manganese	ug/L	641	150		77	89		65	
Mercury	ng/L	17	7.5		7.0	12		7.7	
Molybdenum	ug/L	8.1				< 1.0			
Nickel	ug/L	1.9	0.73		0.67	1.0		0.68	
Selenium	ug/L	0.33				0.33	е		
Silver	ug/L	0.12				< 0.20			
Thallium	ug/L	0.70				< 1.0			
Vanadium	ug/L	4.2				1.1			
Zinc	ug/L	9.2	6.0		4.9	9.6		5.4	
Major Anions									
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	15	5.5		4.5	7.8		3.0	
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	< 2.0		< 2.0	
Chloride	mg/L	24	15		23	12		16	
Fluoride	mg/L	0.26	< 0.10		< 0.10	< 0.10		< 0.10	
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.78	< 0.50		< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.34	< 0.50		< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.37	< 0.50		< 0.50	< 0.50		< 0.50	
Sulfate	mg/L	9.3	< 1.0	е	< 1.0	< 1.0		< 1.0	
Sulfide	mg/L	3.2	< 5.0	Ť	< 5.0	< 5.0	е	< 5.0	
Major Cations	<i>ai</i> =	<u> </u>		•	<u>.</u>				
Calcium	mg/L	8.3	5.1		4.5	4.4		3.9	
Magnesium	mg/L	3.3	2.0	ĺ	1.8	1.7		1.7	1
Potassium	mg/L	2.6	0.89	Ť	0.69	0.67		1.1	
Sodium	mg/L	11	6.8	t	11	5.6		7.1	
General	1		2.0	1					<u> </u>
Hardness	mg/L	38	35	T	20	22		20	T
				+			\vdash		+
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	204	108	₽	92	136	\vdash	105	е
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	34	< 3.3	1	< 3.3	< 3.3		< 3.3	

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data WBR-002 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-					
		mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016	
Parameter	Unit	Benchmark		5/16/16			
			2/22/16	5/16/16	8/23/16	11/30/16	
Field		2014					
D.O. ¹	ppm		6.9	8.7	1.8	11	
ORP	mV		160	125	175	73	
pH	SU	6.3-7.3	6.0	6.8	6.3	6.0	
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		233	161	175	106	
Temperature	°C		0.2	10	19	2.2	
Turbidity	NTU		33	29	24	26	
Flow	cfs		NM	NM	NM	NM	
Metals	CIS		14141	14141	14141	14141	
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)		T	< 50		
Antimony	ug/L	0.72			< 1.0		_
Arsenic	ug/L	10	3.4	2.0	3.4	2.3	
Barium	ug/L	19			11		
Beryllium	ug/L	0.73			< 1.0		
Boron	ug/L	18			14		_
Cadmium	ug/L	0.09			< 0.1		
Chromium	ug/L	10			< 1.0		
Cobalt	ug/L	0.80			0.53		
Copper	ug/L	1.3	1.0	1.9	1.3	1.3	
Iron	ug/L	15593	8300	3300	7300	3300	
Lead	ug/L	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.42	0.31	
Lithium	ug/L	5.6			< 8.0		
Manganese	ug/L	1295	400	94	190	120	
Mercury	ng/L	4.3	3.2	3.1	2.2	2.2	_
Molybdenum	ug/L	2.8			< 1.0		
Nickel	ug/L	1.9	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.0	
Selenium	ug/L	0.18			0.72		
Silver	ug/L	0.12			< 0.20		
Thallium	ug/L	0.72			< 1.0		
Vanadium	ug/L	0.8			< 1.0		_
Zinc	ug/L	4.5	3.7	4.7	4.3	2.9	_
Major Anions	ug/L		3.7	7./	1 7.5	<u> </u>	
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	41	28	12	25	19	_
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	
Chloride	mg/L	56	47	37	42	41	
Fluoride	mg/L	0.31	< 0.10	< 0.10	0.11	< 0.10	
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	0.61	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.36	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.37	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
Sulfate	mg/L	10	2.0	5.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	
Sulfide	mg/L	3.2	< 5.0	< 5.0		< 5.0	
Major Cations	ı IIIK/L	J.E		. 5.0	1 . 5.5		
Calcium	mg/L	13	11	6.1	8.4	7.7	
Magnesium	mg/L	5.8	5.1	3.1	4.0	3.8	
Potassium	mg/L	2.7	1.8	1.8	0.94	1.7	
Sodium	mg/L	28	23	18	21	22	_
General	ı IIIK/L		23	10			
	/1	Ec. 1		1 22	1 40	1 22 1	
Hardness	mg/L	56	50	28	40	32	
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	182	172	92	158		e
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	9.8	10	9.3	8.3	4.7	

2016 Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data WBR-003 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

		Recom-		1	1	1
		mended	Q1 2016	Q2 2016	Q3 2016	Q4 2016
Parameter	Unit	Benchmark				
			2/22/16	5/16/16	8/23/16	11/30/16
Field		2014				
D.O. ¹	ppm		3.6	NM	1.3	8.6
ORP	mV		117	125	90	70
pH	SU	6.1-7.1	6.0	6.7	6.1	5.6
Specific Conductance	μS/cm		226	151	118	67
Temperature	°C		0.2	12	17	0.8
Turbidity	NTU		19	10	21	16
Flow	cfs		NM	NM	NM	NM
Metals	0.3			1	1	
Aluminum	ug/L	200 (p)			< 50	
Antimony	ug/L	0.70			< 1.0	
Arsenic	ug/L	4.4	2.4	1.3	1.8	1.3
Barium	ug/L	19			11	
Beryllium	ug/L	0.70			< 1.0	
Boron	ug/L	19			13	
Cadmium	ug/L	0.09			< 0.1	
Chromium	ug/L	0.74			< 1.0	
Cobalt	ug/L	1.2			0.33	_
Copper	ug/L	1.0	0.52	0.55	0.65	0.25
Iron	ug/L	11315	9600	4600	4700	2600
Lead	ug/L	0.44	0.39	0.13	0.23	0.12
Lithium	ug/L	5.5			< 8.0	
Manganese	ug/L	2101	1400	320	210	60
Mercury	ng/L	6.0	3.7	3.3	5.4	1.9
Molybdenum	ug/L	1.9			< 1.0	
Nickel	ug/L	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.5	0.59
Selenium	ug/L	0.19			0.39	
Silver	ug/L	0.12			< 0.20	
Thallium	ug/L	0.72			< 1.0	
Vanadium	ug/L	0.82			< 1.0	
Zinc	ug/L	10	5.3	1.5	4.0	2.2
Major Anions	US/ L		<u> </u>	1.5	7.0	
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate	mg/L	56	45	31	26	16
Alkalinity, Carbonate	mg/L	2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0
Chloride	mg/L	43	35	25	23	23
Fluoride	mg/L	0.34	<0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	2.0 (P)	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.30	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.37	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50
Sulfate	mg/L	14	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Sulfide	mg/L	3.2	< 5.0	< 5.0	< 5.0 €	
Major Cations	1118/ -		- 1	1	10	
Calcium	mg/L	16	13	10	8.1	7.0
Magnesium	mg/L	6.6	5.5	4.3	3.5	3.5
Potassium	mg/L	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.8
Sodium	mg/L	21	16	13	12	15
General	1118/ -		10	1 -5		
Hardness	ma/l	69	56	40	32	30
	mg/L					
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	184	136	114	136	85 e
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	15	12	7	12	< 3.3

2016

Mine Permit Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data Abbreviations & Data Qualifiers Humboldt Mill

Notes:

Benchmarks are calculated based on guidance from Eagles Mine's Development of Site Specific Benchmarks for Mine Permit Water Quality Monitoring.

Results in **bold** text indicate that the parameter was detected at a level greater than the laboratory reporting limit.

Highlighted Cell = Value is equal to or above site-specific benchmark. An exceedance occurs if there are 2 consecutive sampling events with a value equal to or greater than the benchmark at a compliance monitoring location.

(p) = Due to less than two detections in baseline dataset, benchmark defaulted to four times the reporting limit.

--Denotes no benchmark required or parameter was not required to be collected during the sampling quarter.

e = estimated value. The laboratory statement of data qualifications indicates that a quality control limit for this parameter was exceeded.

NM = Not measured.

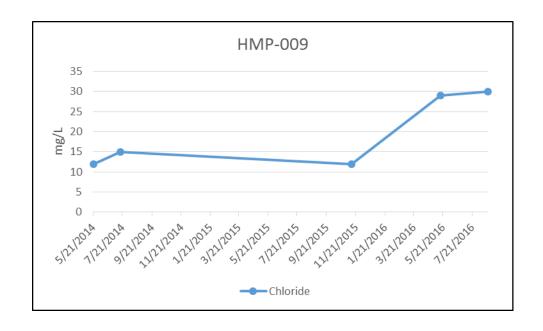
Appendix J

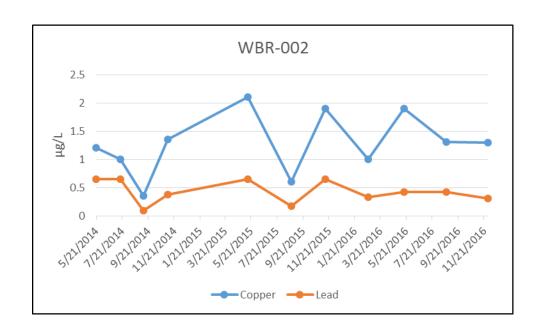
Humboldt Mill Surface Water Trend Analysis Summary

2016 Surface Water Trend Analysis Summary Humboldt Mill

Location	Classification	Parameter	Unit	Count (n)	Number of Non-Detects	Mean	UCL	Median	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation		Minimum	Maximum	Mann- Kendall S	Sen Slope	Positive or Negative Trend (Minimum 95% Confidence)
HMP-009	Monitoring	Chloride	mg/L	6	0	17.1	23.5	13.5	7.7	0.45	1.16	10.6	30.0	12	0.004	Positive
HMP-009	Monitoring	Fluoride	mg/L	6	1	0.18	0.26	0.14	0.09	0.52	1.02	0.10	0.33	-12	-0.0001	Negative
WBR-002	Monitoring	Copper	ug/L	19	0	1.1	1.3	1.0	0.51	0.45	0.40	0.35	2.1	76	0.0003	Positive
WBR-002	Monitoring	Lead		18		0.48	0.58	0.66	0.25	0.51	-0.39	0.09	0.89	47	0.0001	Positive

2016 Surface Water Trend Analysis Summary Charts Humboldt Mill





Appendix K

Humboldt Mill
Sediment Results

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring Data HMP-009 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16
Metals			
Aluminum			6200
Antimony			1.1
Arsenic	9.79	33	4.6
Barium			28
Beryllium			0.49
Boron			4.0
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	< 0.19
Chromium	43.4	111	8.6
Cobalt			4.3
Copper	31.6	149	26
Iron			11000
Lead	35.8	128	11
Lithium			5.3
Manganese			330
Mercury	0.18	1.06	< 0.05
Molybdenum			< 0.94
Nickel	22.7	48.6	17
Selenium			0.30
Silver			0.12
Thallium			< 0.47
Vanadium			14
Zinc	121	459	27
Major Anions			
Sulfide			< 16
Major Cations			
Magnesium			7200

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring Data HMWQ-004 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16
Metals			
Aluminum			2100
Antimony			< 0.30
Arsenic	9.79	33	3.1
Barium			77
Beryllium		-	< 0.47
Boron		-	2.5
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	0.36
Chromium	43.4	111	3.7
Cobalt		-	1.6
Copper	31.6	149	6.0
Iron		-	7300
Lead	35.8	128	12
Lithium		-	< 0.94
Manganese		-	33
Mercury	0.18	1.06	< 0.14
Molybdenum		1	< 0.94
Nickel	22.7	48.6	3.6
Selenium		-	0.80
Silver			< 0.094
Thallium			< 0.47
Vanadium			5.5
Zinc	121	459	9.4
Major Anions			
Sulfide			< 49
Major Cations			
Magnesium			1700

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring Data MER-001 (Reference) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16
Metals	<u>_</u>		
Aluminum			3800
Antimony			< 0.28
Arsenic	9.79	33	4.3
Barium			9.9
Beryllium			< 0.46
Boron			< 0.92
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	< 0.18
Chromium	43.4	111	11
Cobalt			3.5
Copper	31.6	149	4.2
Iron		-	8800
Lead	35.8	128	1.1
Lithium			5.5
Manganese			71
Mercury	0.18	1.06	< 0.05
Molybdenum			< 0.92
Nickel	22.7	48.6	13
Selenium			< 0.18
Silver			< 0.092
Thallium			< 0.46
Vanadium			12
Zinc	121	459	26
Major Anions			
Sulfide			< 12
Major Cations	•		•
Magnesium			2000

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring Data MER-002 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16
Metals			
Aluminum			6100
Antimony			< 0.30
Arsenic	9.79	33	3.8
Barium		-	12
Beryllium		-	< 0.50
Boron		-	1.9
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	< 0.20
Chromium	43.4	111	17
Cobalt			5.5
Copper	31.6	149	21
Iron			19000
Lead	35.8	128	3.2
Lithium			8.1
Manganese			130
Mercury	0.18	1.06	< 0.05
Molybdenum			< 1.0
Nickel	22.7	48.6	18
Selenium			< 0.20
Silver			< 0.10
Thallium			< 0.50
Vanadium			35
Zinc	121	459	30
Major Anions	<u>.</u>		
Sulfide			< 11
Major Cations	-		
Magnesium			3400
	•		

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring Data MER-003 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16	
Metals				
Aluminum			3300	
Antimony			0.44	
Arsenic	9.79	33	6.8	
Barium			17	
Beryllium			4.2	
Boron			2.5	
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	< 0.20	
Chromium	43.4	43.4 111		
Cobalt			2.6	
Copper	31.6	149	5.2	
Iron			28000	
Lead	35.8	35.8 128		
Lithium				
Manganese			190	
Mercury	0.18	1.06	< 0.047	
Molybdenum			< 1.0	
Nickel	22.7	48.6	12	
Selenium			< 0.20	
Silver			< 0.10	
Thallium				
Vanadium				
Zinc	121	121 459 1		
Major Anions				
Sulfide			< 13	
Major Cations				
Magnesium			2500	

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring5Data WBR-001 (Reference) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16	
Metals	-			
Aluminum			3800	
Antimony			< 0.30	
Arsenic	9.79	33	6.6	
Barium		-	13	
Beryllium			< 0.50	
Boron			< 1.0	
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	< 0.20	
Chromium	43.4	111	6.7	
Cobalt			2.2	
Copper	31.6	149	8.1	
Iron			15000	
Lead	35.8	128	4.3	
Lithium			4.1	
Manganese		440		
Mercury	0.18	1.06	< 0.046	
Molybdenum			<1.0	
Nickel	22.7	48.6	7.6	
Selenium		-	< 0.20	
Silver			< 0.10	
Thallium			< 0.50	
Vanadium			12	
Zinc	121	459	18	
Major Anions				
Sulfide			< 15	
Major Cations				
Magnesium			1800	

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring Data WBR-002 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16	
Metals			7800	
Aluminum				
Antimony			0.49	
Arsenic	9.79	33	7.1	
Barium			26	
Beryllium			0.89	
Boron			2.6	
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	< 0.20	
Chromium	43.4	111	15	
Cobalt			7.3	
Copper	31.6	149	23	
Iron			28000	
Lead	35.8	128	11	
Lithium			8.4	
Manganese			230	
Mercury	0.18	1.06	< 0.050	
Molybdenum			< 1.0	
Nickel	22.7	48.6	21	
Selenium			0.24	
Silver			< 0.10	
Thallium				
Vanadium			22	
Zinc	121	459	32	
Major Anions				
Sulfide			< 16	
Major Cations	-			
Magnesium			2900	

2016 Mine Permit Sediment Monitoring Data WBR-003 (Compliance) Humboldt Mill

Parameter	Threshold Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Probable Effects Concentration (mg/kg Dry Wt)	Q3 2016 8/23/16	
Metals				
Aluminum			4500	
Antimony			0.33	
Arsenic	9.79	33	18	
Barium			30	
Beryllium			0.0	
Boron			2.7	
Cadmium	0.99	4.98	0.21	
Chromium	43.4	43.4 111		
Cobalt			4.3 14	
Copper	31.6			
Iron			21000	
Lead	35.8	35.8 128		
Lithium				
Manganese			250	
Mercury	0.18	1.06	0.055	
Molybdenum			1.8	
Nickel	22.7	48.6	12	
Selenium			0.73	
Silver			< 0.10	
Thallium				
Vanadium				
Zinc	121	121 459 3		
Major Anions				
Sulfide			< 31	
Major Cations			•	
Magnesium			1600.0	

2016

Mine Permit Sediment Quality Monitoring Data Abbreviations & Data Qualifiers Humboldt Mill

Notes:

Threshold Effects Concentration (TEC) and Probable Effects Concentration (PEC) are consensus based guidelines developed by D.D. MacDonald, C.G. Inersol, T.A. Berger and published in the Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology, "Development and Evaluation of Consensus Based Sediment Quality Guidelines for Freshwater Ecosystems," January 2000.

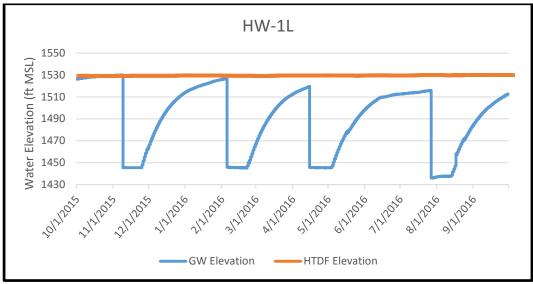
Results in **bold** text indicate that the parameter was detected at a level greater than the laboratory reporting limit.

Highlighted Cell = Value is equal to or greater than the TEC or PEC established for the parameter.

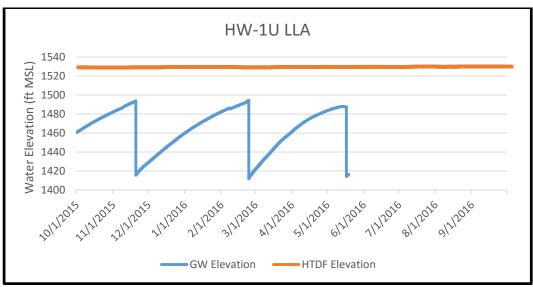
-Denotes no TEC or PEC is established for the parameter

Appendix L

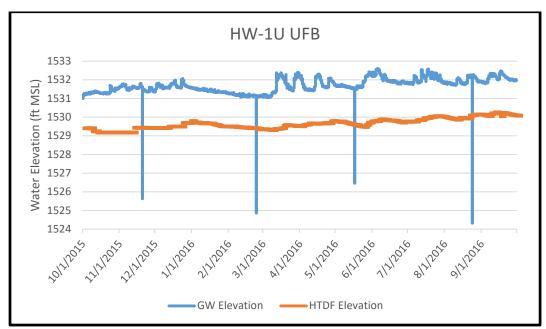
Humboldt Mill
Groundwater Hydrographs



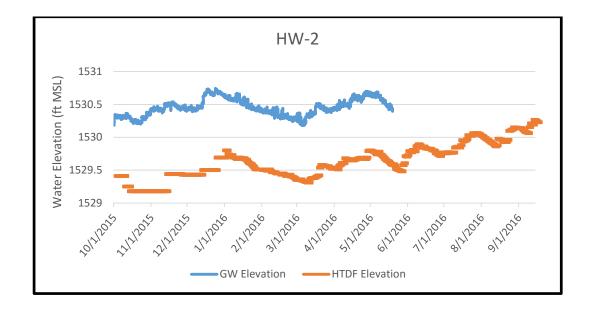
Notes: The large drops in water level are associated with the location being pumped down in preparation of sampling.

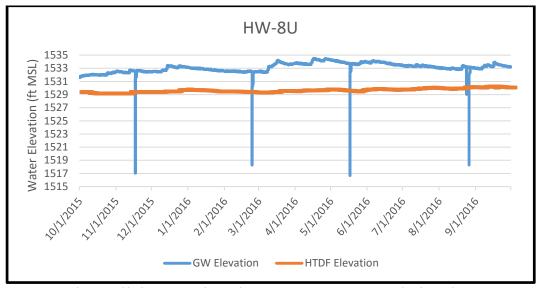


Notes: The large drops in water level are associated with the location being pumped down in preparation of sampling.

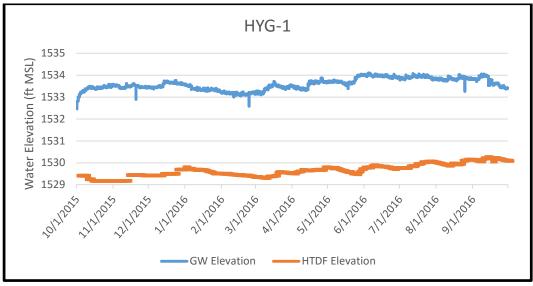


Notes: The noticeable drops in groundwater elevation at HW-1U UFB are associated with sampling events.

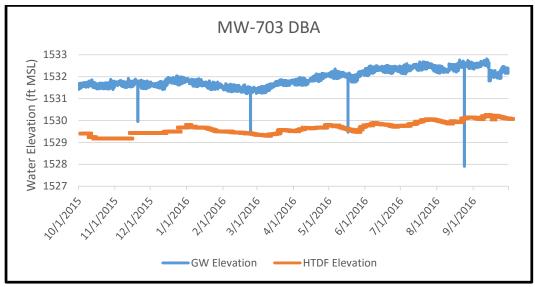




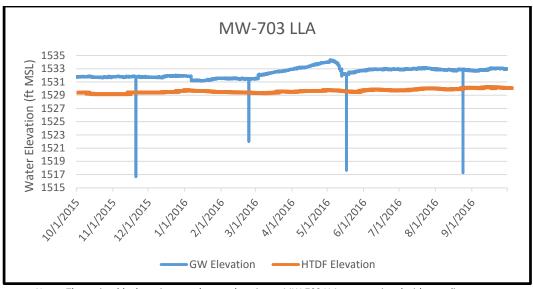
Notes: The noticeable drops in groundwater elevation at HW-1U UFB are associated with sampling events.



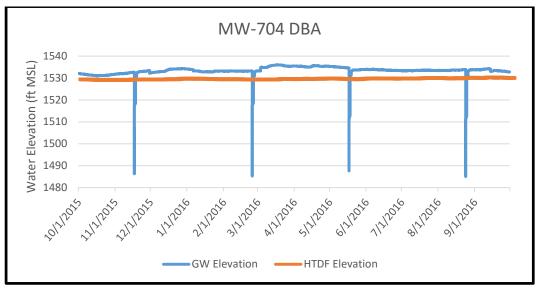
 $Notes: The \ noticeable \ drops \ in \ groundwater \ elevation \ at \ HYG-1 \ are \ associated \ with \ sampling \ events.$



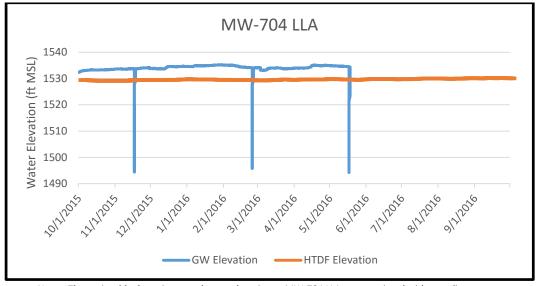
Notes: The noticeable drops in groundwater elevation at MW-703 DBA are associated with sampling events.



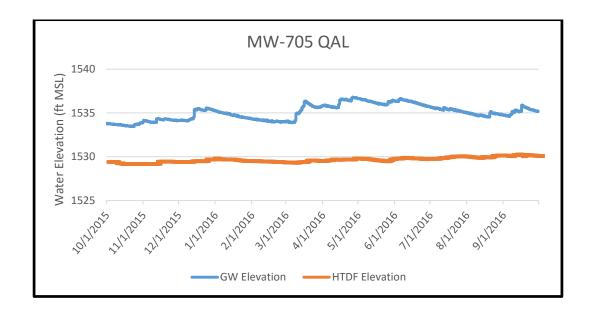
Notes: The noticeable drops in groundwater elevation at MW-703 LLA are associated with sampling events.

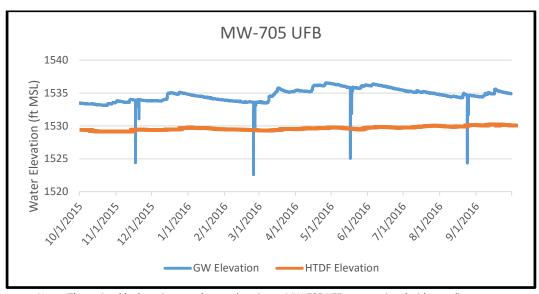


Notes: The noticeable drops in groundwater elevation at MW-704 DBA are associated with sampling events.

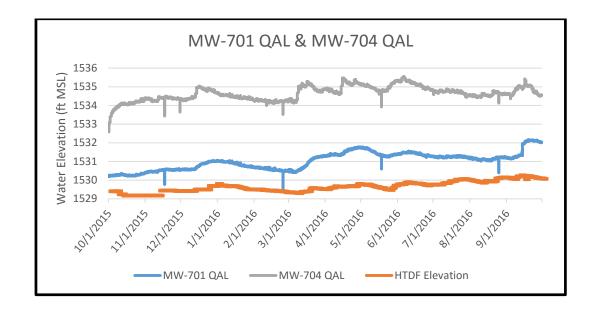


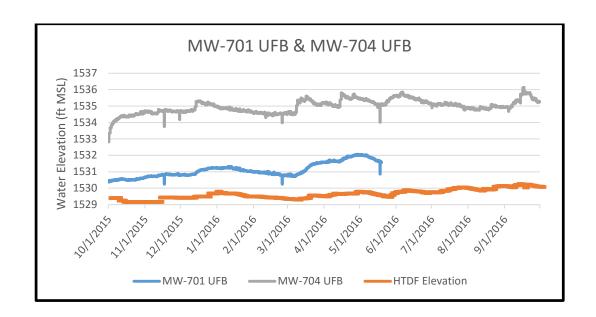
 $Notes: The \ noticeable \ drops \ in \ groundwater \ elevation \ at \ MW-704 \ LLA \ are \ associated \ with \ sampling \ events.$

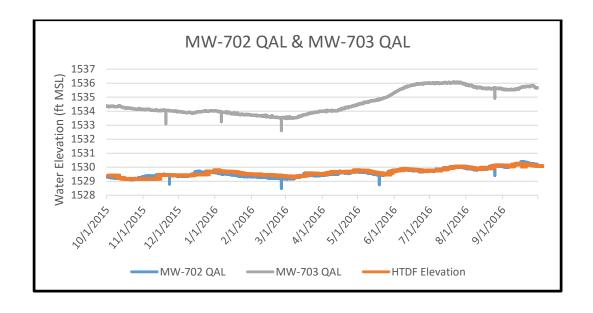


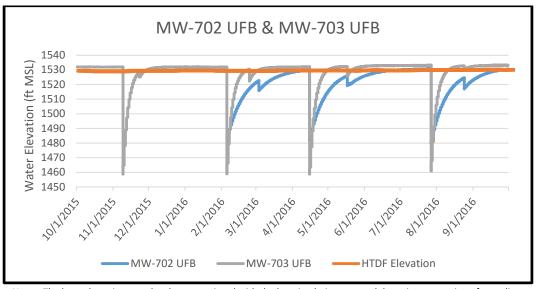


 $Notes: The \ noticeable \ drops \ in \ groundwater \ elevation \ at \ MW-705 \ UFB \ are \ associated \ with \ sampling \ events.$









Notes: The large drops in water level are associated with the location being pumped down in preparation of sampling.

Appendix M

Humboldt Mill Flora & Fauna Survey Location Maps

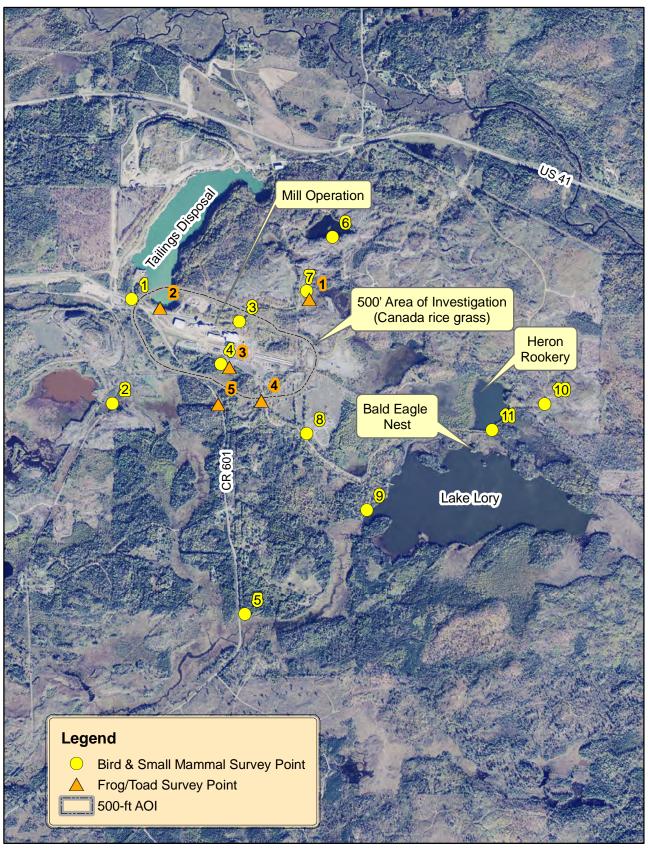
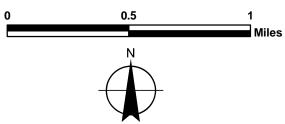


Figure 1-3. Biological Survey Areas





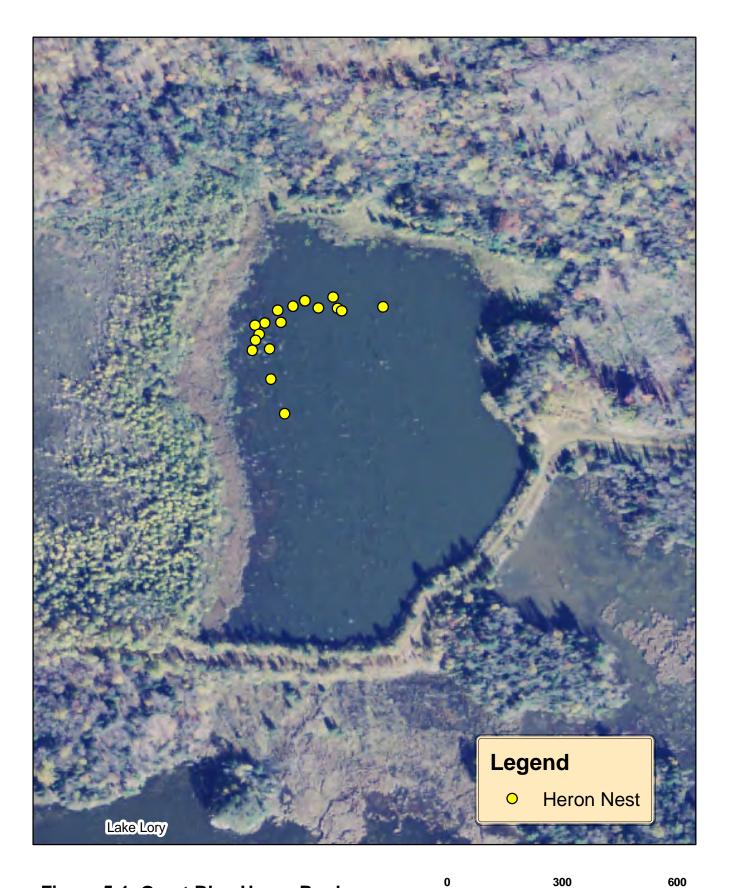


Figure 5-1. Great Blue Heron Rookery



Feet

Appendix N

Humboldt Mill Aquatic Survey Location Maps



Legend

Wetland Complex EE Station

Stream Sample Station Locations

Feet 0 875 1,750 3,500 5,250 7,000

Aerial imagery obtained from Michigan Center for Geographic Information (http://www.michigan.gov/cgi/)



AeM

ADVANCED ECOLOGICAL

PROJECT

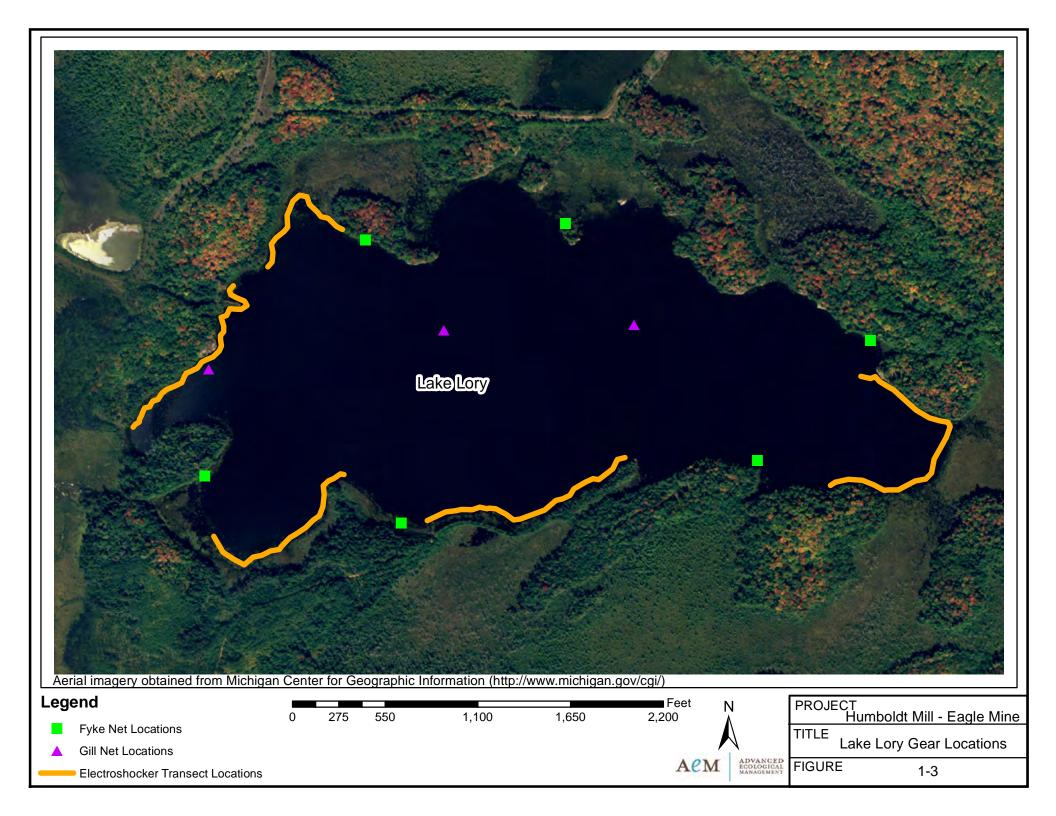
Humboldt Mill - Eagle Mine

TITLE

Sample Station Locations

FIGURE

1-2



Appendix O

Humboldt Mill
Contingency Plan Update



1 Contingency Plan – Humboldt Mill

This contingency plan addresses requirements defined in R 425.205. This includes a qualitative assessment of the risk to public health and safety or the environment (HSE risks) associated with potential accidents or failures involving activities with the Eagle Project. Engineering or operational controls to protect human health and the environment are discussed in Section 4 and Section 5 of this document. The focus of this contingency plan is on possible HSE risks and contingency measures. Possible HSE risks to on-site workers will be addressed by Eagle Mine through HSE procedures in accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) requirements.

The Humboldt Mill involves processing ore, as well as storing and treating by-products of that process. The milling, storage, and treatment facilities have been designed, constructed, and are operated in a manner that is protective of the environment through the use of proven technologies and engineering practices.

1.1 Contingency Items

This contingency plan addresses the items listed below in this Section in accordance with R 425.205 (1)(a)(i) - (xii).

- Release or threat of release of toxic or acid-forming materials
- Storage, transportation and handling of explosives
- Fuel storage and distribution
- Fires
- Wastewater collection and treatment system
- Air emissions
- Spills of hazardous substances
- Other natural risks defined in the EIA
- Power disruption, and
- Leaks from containment systems for stockpiles or disposal and storage facilities.

For each contingency item, a description of the risk is provided, followed by a qualitative assessment of the risk(s) to the environment or public health and safety. Next, the response measures to be taken in the event of an accident or failure are described.

1.1.1 Release of Toxic or Acid-Forming Materials

Potentially reactive materials generated as a result of processing operations include ore concentrate and tailings. Both materials have the potential to leach metals constituents when exposed to air and water. As described in the following sub-sections, handling and temporary storage of both the ore concentrate and tailings have been carefully considered in the design of the Humboldt Mill so as to prevent the uncontrolled release of acid rock drainage (ARD).

1.1.1.1 Coarse Ore Storage Area (COSA) and Concentrate Load-Out (CLO) Areas

Potential environmental risks associated with the COSA is the release of contact water to the environment via cracks in the floor areas or collection sumps. The COSA is a steel sided building with a full roof that is used for temporary storage of stockpiled coarse ore that has been transported from the mine and is awaiting crushing. The COSA has a concrete floor that is sloped to keep any water associated with the ore inside the facility. The lower level of the facility is equipped with an epoxy lined sump and any water collected is pumped to the Humboldt Tailings Disposal Facility (HTDF) for eventual treatment by the water treatment plant.

Contingency planning for this facility includes timely repair of cracks in the floors and walls that could allow the release of material into the environment. An impermeable surface inspection plan has been developed and describes procedures for routine impermeable surface inspections, preventative and remedial actions as well as documentation procedures. Also, in accordance with Air Permit (No. 405-08) all overhead doors must be closed during loading or unloading of ore and a watering program is in place to minimize the generation of dust.

1.1.1.2 Concentrate Load-Out (CLO)

Potential environmental risks associated with the CLO is the release of acid generating material via track out and fugitive emissions. The CLO is a steel sided building with a full roof that is used for temporary storage of stockpiled nickel and copper concentrate prior to loading the material into railcars destined for customers. The CLO has concrete floors and does not contain any floor drains as water use is discouraged in this area.

Contingency planning for this facility includes timely repair of cracks in the floors and walls that could allow the release of material into the environment. An impermeable surface inspection plan has been developed and describes procedures for routine impermeable surface inspections, preventative and remedial actions as well as documentation procedures. Also, in accordance with Air Permit (No. 405-08) all overhead doors must be closed during loading operations and a sweeping program in place to minimize the generation of dust and track out of material. Track out is also managed in accordance with procedures outlined in the facilities Standard operating procedures and includes inspecting and removing any residual concentrate from the exterior of the railcars prior to leaving the facility.

1.1.1.3 Humboldt Tailings Disposal Facility (HTDF)

Potential contaminant release from the HTDF could be waters having elevated metal concentrations that impact surface water or groundwater quality. The HTDF is a former open pit mine that was allowed to fill with water. Process tailings are sub-aqueously disposed which is industry best practice for materials that could be potentially acid generating. The anoxic environment minimizes the potential for generation of ARD. The HTDF was originally comprised of bedrock walls on three sides and alluvial soils on the north end in which water was allowed to naturally flow into the nearby wetland. A cut-off wall has been installed on the north end to prevent the release of water from the HTDF through the alluvial soils. Therefore, groundwater quality surrounding the HTDF will not be influenced by HTDF operations. Natural discharges from the HTDF have been essentially eliminated and any water that leaves the HTDF must now pass through the water treatment plant prior to discharge into the environment. Surface water discharge from the HTDF will be treated through the water treatment plant prior to discharge to a nearby wetland. In addition, the installation of the cut-off wall in the alluvial soils along the north perimeter of the HTDF will prevent release to the groundwater.

Groundwater seeps from the HTDF will not occur due to the low permeability of the surrounding Precambrian geologic formation. Furthermore, groundwater and surface water quality and elevations/flow will be routinely monitored in accordance with the Part 632 Mining and NPDES permits and will quickly identify changes to surrounding water quality that would be indicative of groundwater release from the HTDF. Contingency planning from an unlikely groundwater release from the HTDF includes:

- Identify the nature and extent of the release,
- Implement additional monitoring to ascertain extent of release,
- Develop a remedial action plan to bring facility back into compliance,
- Implement remedial action plan.

Specific details of the remedial action plan would be developed based upon the nature of the release and with agreements with the MDEQ.

As a further contingency against groundwater seepage from the HTDF, the operating level has been lowered to a level below that of the adjacent wetland creating a reverse gradient that does not facilitate the movement of water from the HTDF to the adjoining wetlands. The lower operating level of the HTDF also provides for additional freeboard in the event of a significant weather event or operational situation that results in the inability to operate the WTP and discharge water.

Eagle will monitor water quality in the HTDF during operations and post-closure. The WTP and associated infrastructure will remain in place for five years after tailings disposal has ceased. If monitoring indicated that there are elevated metals in the HTDF that could impact surface water one of the following treatment options may be implemented:

- Continue the treatment of the HTDF water through the WTP until water quality conditions in the HTDF meet surface water standards; and/or
- Amend the HTDF with appropriate reagents to reduce elevated metal parameters in order to meet surface water standards.

Specific reagents and application rate(s) would be identified upon determination of elevated metal parameters of concern. Past phosphate seeding of HTDF by previous owners was shown to be effective for nickel concentration reduction. Alum could also be used as a flocculent to enhance metal precipitation thereby improving water quality.

1.1.1.4 Tailings Transport System

Tailings are transported to the HTDF via slurry contained within a double-cased HDPE pipe conveyance system. The pipe conveyance system consists of a 4-in diameter carrier pipe within an 8-in outer containment pipe. Two tailings lines are available for use, but only one is utilized at a time. In addition, the tailings lines are equipped with a leak detection system; any water released into the outer piping would drain to the shore vault and trigger an alarm, notifying operations of a potential system breach. The shore vault is also visually inspected twice per day (once per shift) by operators and the Environmental Department checks the tailings lines for signs of leakage once per week.

If a breach is identified, the slurry pumps will be shut-down until the source of breach is identified and repaired. The contingency plan for moving tailings to the HTDF facility is to use the second set of tailings lines that are already in place. In the event both lines were down, they could either be pumped into a truck with a sealed cargo area or the tailings will be held within the plant thickener vessel until the pipeline is repaired.

1.1.2 Storage, Transportation and Handling of Chemicals

Potential risks associated with chemical use include surface and groundwater quality impacts. Chemicals are brought to the site by certified chemical haulers, meeting MDOT transportation requirements. Storage of these chemicals are provided in secure locations within building(s) or outdoor bulk storage silos designed for that application. Transferring chemicals is conducted by qualified site personnel. Bulk granular products are conveyed pneumatically to the storage silos. Specific procedures for chemical storage and emergency response procedures are included in the facilities Pollution Incident Prevention Plan (PIPP).

Because chemicals will be stored in secure areas, the potential for release into the environment is very remote. If a breach of contaminant vessel does occur, the chemical will be contained within the secondary containment area. The spill or release will be immediately cleaned using appropriate methods specified in the Safety Data Sheets (SDS). SDS are maintained on-site for all chemicals.

1.1.3 Fuel Storage and Distribution

There is currently one 4,000 gallon diesel mobile fueling truck located onsite. This truck is used to fuel all mobile equipment onsite. A fuel provider refills this fuel truck on an as needed basis. The fuel truck is parked on an asphalt surface in which any spills or leaks would be captured in a catch basin and routed to the HTDF.

In general, fuel spills and leaks will be minimized by the following measures:

- A Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Plan (SPCC) has been written and implemented.
- Training of personnel responsible for handling fuel in proper procedures and emergency response;
- Regular equipment inspections and documentation of findings, and
- Staging of on-site emergency response equipment to quickly respond to unanticipated spills or leaks.

Specific procedures have been prepared as part of the project's SPCC Plan. In addition, a PIPP has been prepared which addresses potential spillage of fuels and other polluting materials.

Diesel fuel and propane (fuels) are transported to the Eagle Project by tanker truck from local petroleum distributors. The probability of an accidental release during transportation will be dependent on the location of the supplier(s) and the frequency of shipment. A fuel release resulting from a vehicular accident during transportation is judged to be a low probability event. Transport of fuel in tanker trucks does not pose an unusual risk to the region since tanker trucks currently travel to the region on a regular basis to deliver fuels to gasoline stations located in the communities surrounding the Eagle Mine.

Three potential release events associated with the surface-stored fuels are a bulk tank failure, mishandling/leaking hoses, and a construction/reclamation phase release.

<u>Bulk Tank Failure</u> – A release may result from a failure of the storage tank on the fuel truck. This type of release is judged to be low probability as the vehicle is inspected on a daily basis prior to use for signs of leakage or potential failure. In addition, as stated above the fuel truck is parked and utilized in locations in which asphalt is present and any spills would be directed to catch basins or sumps in which the fuel would be directed to the HTDF and not to an offsite or unprotected surface location. In addition, a spill

response trailer is located onsite and contains spill containment and clean-up equipment in the event of a spill. Eagle also has a spill response contractor on call to immediately respond to situations that cannot be handled by onsite personnel.

Mishandling/Leaking Hoses - A release might result from leaking hoses or valves, or from operator mishandling. This type of release is likely to be small in volume and is judged to be a low probability event given that operators will be trained to manage these types of potential releases. These small spills will be cleaned up by using on-site spill response equipment such as absorbent materials and/or removing impacted soils.

<u>Construction/Reclamation Phase Release</u> - A major fuel spill during the construction or reclamation phases could occur from a mobile storage tank failure or mishandling of fuels. Such a release is also considered to be a low probability event given that operators will be trained to manage these types of potential releases and all tanks are required to have secondary containment. As with mishandling or leaking hoses, these small spills will be cleaned up by using on-site spill response equipment such as absorbent materials and/or removing impacted soils.

Absorptive materials may be used initially to contain a potential spill. After the initial response, soil impacted with residual fuel would be addressed. Remedial efforts could include, if necessary, the removal of soil to preclude migration of fuel to groundwater or surface water. The project's PIPP and SPCC plans addresses fueling operations, fuel spill prevention measures, inspections, training, security, spill reporting, and equipment needs. In addition standard operating procedures have been developed which cover fueling operations and spill response activities. All responses to a fuel spill, both large and small, will follow the guidelines dictated by the spill response plan and be reported internally. The tanks will be inspected regularly, and records of spills will be kept and reported to MDEQ and other agencies as required.

Contingency plans for responding to fuel spills from tanker trucks are required of all mobile transport owners as dictated by Department of Transportation (DOT) regulation 49 CFR 130. These response plans require appropriate personnel training and the development of procedures for timely response to spills. The plan must identify who will respond to the spill and describe the response actions to potential releases, including the complete loss of cargo. The plan must also list the names and addresses of regulatory contacts to be notified in the event of a release.

1.1.4 Fires

Surface fires can be started by a variety of causes including vehicular accidents, accidental ignition of fuels or flammable chemical reagents, and lightning strikes. Smoking is only allowed in designated areas on the site. Contingency measures include having the required safety equipment, appropriate personnel training and standard operating procedures. Given these measures, uncontrolled or large surface fires are considered a low probability event with negligible risk.

Because the Humboldt Mill is situated in a forested region, forest fires started off-site could potentially impact the mill site. The cleared area in the vicinity of the surface facilities serves as a fire break to protect surface facilities. Contingency measures discussed below can be implemented in the event of an off-site forest fire.

In order to minimize the risk of a fire on-site, stringent safety standards are being followed. All vehicles/equipment are required to be equipped with fire extinguishers and all personnel trained in their

use. Water pipelines and network of fire hydrants have been installed throughout the site and additional fire extinguishers are also located in high risk areas. On-site firefighting equipment includes an above ground water storage tank and distribution system for fire suppression. At Humboldt Mill a Wildfire Response Guideline has been developed in conjunction with Michigan DNR Fire Division to ensure the best possible response to a wildland fire.

Contingency planning for managing materials that oxidize includes training equipment operators on the material characteristics. Because the concentrate is only present for short periods of time in either the mill building or concentrate load-out building, and given that the concentrate will have a moisture content of at least 15%, the likelihood of an oxidation is very remote. The temperature of the material is routinely measured and any material exhibiting signs of self-heating is immediately compacted or exposed and spread out depending on the situation.

1.1.5 Wastewater Collection and Treatment

The major source of water from the facility requiring treatment is process water and tailings, groundwater infiltration into the HTDF, precipitation, and storm water runoff. The HTDF is sized to provide wastewater storage and equalization capacity. Water from the HTDF is conveyed to the WTP which is comprised of several unit processes, including: metals precipitation, ultra-filtration and reverse-osmosis filtration (when necessary). The final product water is discharged to a nearby wetland area. This discharge is authorized by the State of Michigan under an NPDES permit.

The water treatment system is designed to handle various process upset conditions such as power disruption (Section 1.1.9) or maintenance of the various process units. The effluent is continually monitored for key indicator parameters to verify the proper operation. Effluent not meeting treatment requirements is pumped back to the HTDF for re-treatment. The water level of the HTDF is maintained at a level that provides ample storage capacity that would allow for sufficient time to correct a process upset condition. Potential hazards and chemical reagents associated with the WTP are discussed in Section 1.1.7.

1.1.6 Air Emissions

The operation and reclamation phases of the project will be performed in a manner to minimize the potential for accidents or failures that could result in off-site air quality impacts. All phases of the project will incorporate a combination of operating and work practices, maintenance practices, emission controls and engineering design to minimize potential accidents or failures. Below is a description of identified areas of risk and associated contingency measures that may be required. As part of a comprehensive environmental control plan, these contingency measures will assist in minimizing air impacts to the surrounding area.

1.1.6.1 Air Emissions during Operations

During operation of the mine, potential emissions from the facility will be controlled as detailed in the project's current Michigan Air Use Permit (No. 405-08). These controls include use of building enclosures for material handling, installation of dust collection or suppression systems such as baghouses or water sprays to control dust during ore crushing and transfer operations and following prescribed preventive maintenance procedures for the facility. Tailings generated during the milling process are slurried to the HTDF and therefore will not generate particulate matter. Ore brought from off-site is transported in covered trucks to minimize dust emissions. Below is a more detailed discussion of potential airborne risks associated with proposed operations at the facility.

To minimize dust emissions from the COSA and concentrate load-out building, these areas are fully enclosed. Ore transported from the mine site may only be dumped in the COSA when the doors are closed to minimize dust emissions from the building. Water sprays are used at the primary crusher, rock breaker, and conveyor transfer points located in the conveyor transfer station and mill building.

Fabric filter baghouses are used throughout the facility to minimize emissions of dust. Bag houses are located in the Secondary Crusher building and the Fine Ore Bins. Two insertable filter systems are installed in the transfer building. Baghouse malfunction is a possibility and can include a bag break or offset and excessive dust loading. These potential malfunctions are addressed in the malfunction prevention and abatement plan. The plan includes regular inspections and maintenance activities of dust collection and suppression systems which is accomplished through monitoring of pressure drop across the bags, monitoring of gas flow, and visual observations of stack emissions to assess opacity per permit conditions. In the event the monitoring program indicates a malfunction, a thorough investigation of the cause will occur. If necessary, ore processing operations will be shut down until the problem is corrected.

During facility operations, Eagle Mine will utilize certain pieces of mobile equipment to move material about the site. Equipment includes front end loaders, product haul trucks, and miscellaneous delivery trucks. Although the movement of most vehicles across the site is on asphalt surfaces, a comprehensive on-site sweeping and watering program has been developed to control potential fugitive sources of dust. If excessive dust emissions should occur, the facility will take appropriate corrective action, which may include intensifying and/or adjusting the sweeping/watering program to properly address the problem.

1.1.6.2 Air Emissions during Reclamation

Once milling operations are completed at the site, reclamation will commence in accordance with R 425.204. Similar to construction activities, there is a moderate risk fugitive dust emissions could be released during certain re-vegetation activities and during temporary storage of materials in stockpiles. Similar to controls employed during the construction phase, areas that are reclaimed will be re-vegetated to stabilize soil and reduce dust emissions. If severe wind or an excessive rain event reduces the effectiveness of these protective measures, appropriate action will take place as soon as possible to restore vegetated areas to their previous effectiveness and replace covers as necessary.

To the extent necessary, areas being reclaimed will be kept in a wet state by continuing the watering program. It is anticipated this program should minimize the possibility of excessive dust associated with mobile equipment. In the event fugitive dust is identified as an issue, corrective action will determine the cause of the problem and appropriate action will occur.

1.1.7 Spills of Hazardous Substances

Chemical reagents onsite are primarily used for the ore flotation and water treatment plant processes. Table 1.1.8 includes a list of reagents reported under the SARA Tier II Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory that are being used onsite along with the approximate storage volumes and storage location.

Table 1.1.7 Chemical Reagents Used at the Water Treatment Plant & Mill Building

Item No.	Chemical Name	Trade Name	CAS No.	Storage Volumes (pounds)	Solid/Liquid	Storage Areas
140.	Chemical Name	Trade Name	CAS NO.	(pourius)	Joha Liquid	Storage Areas
1	Hydrochloric acid 35%	Muratic Acid	7647-01-0	3,400	liquid	WTP chemical storage
2	Sodium bisulfite 30%	sodium bisulfite	7631-90-5	2,300	liquid	WTP chemical storage
3	Sodium hypochlorite	Chlorine Bleach	7681-52-9	1,200	liquid	WTP chemical storage
4	Sodium hydroxide 25%	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	40	liquid	WTP chemical storage
	Aluminum Chloride Hydroxide					WTP chemical
5	Sulfate	Nalco 8136	39290-78-3	14,600	liquid	storage
6	Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose	СМС	9004-32-4	40,000	solid	Reagent storage area
7	Calcium Oxide	High Calcium Quick Lime	1305-78-8	78,000	solid	Lime silo
8	Methyl isobutyl carbinol (MIBC)	Flomin F500 Frother	108-11-2	4,400	solid	MIBC tank
9	Sodium isopropyl xanthane (SIPX)	SIPX	140-93-2	30,000	solid	Reagent storage area
10	Sodium carbonate	Soda Ash	497-19-8	160,000	solid	Soda ash silo

Chemical storage and delivery systems follow current standards that are designed to prevent and to contain spills. All use areas and indoor storage areas were designed, constructed and/or protected to prevent run-on and run-off to surface or groundwater. This includes development of secondary containment areas for liquids. The secondary containment area is constructed of materials that are compatible with and impervious to the liquids that are being stored. A release in the WTP or concentrator building from the associated piping would be contained within the contained plant area, neutralized, and sent to the HTDF for disposal. Absorbent materials are available to contain acid or caustic spills. Eagle Mine has an emergency response contractor on call to immediately respond to environmental incidents, assist with clean-up efforts, and conduct environmental monitoring associated with any spills.

Spill containment measures for chemical storage and handling will reduce the risk of a spill from impacting the environment. Due to the low volatility of these chemicals, fugitive emissions from the WTP or concentrator building to the atmosphere during a spill incident are likely to be negligible. Off-site exposures are not expected. It is therefore anticipated that management and handling of WTP and processing reagents will not pose a significant risk to human health or the environment.

1.1.8 Other Natural Risks

Earthquakes – The Upper Peninsula of Michigan is in a seismically stable area. The USGS seismic impact zone maps show the maximum horizontal acceleration to be less than 0.1 g in 250 years at 90% probability. Therefore, the mine site is not located in a seismic impact zone and the risk of an earthquake is minimal. Therefore, no contingency measures are discussed in this section.

Floods - High precipitation events have been discussed previously in the section that describes the HTDF. High precipitation could also lead to the failure of erosion control structures. The impacts of such an event would be localized erosion. Contingency measures to control erosion include sandbag sediment barriers and temporary diversion berms. Long term or off-site impacts would not be expected. Failed erosion control structures would be repaired or rebuilt. Impacts from high precipitation are reversible and off-site impacts are not expected to occur. Given the considerable planning and engineering efforts to manage high precipitation events, the risk posed by high precipitation is considered negligible.

Severe Thunderstorms or Tornadoes – Severe thunderstorms or tornadoes are addressed in the emergency procedures developed for the Eagle Mine and Humboldt Mill. Certain buildings are designated shelters in the event of severe weather. Evacuation procedures are part of the on- site training of all employees.

Blizzard – The mill site will be designed to accommodate the winter conditions anticipated in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan. The Marquette County Road Commission is responsible for maintaining roadways near the Humboldt Mill. If road conditions deteriorate beyond the capability of the county or township maintenance equipment, Eagle will have provisions to keep workers housed on-site for extended periods, as needed.

Forest Fires – Forest fires were discussed in Section 1.1.4.

1.1.9 Power Disruption

Electrical power for the project is provided by the Upper Peninsula Power Company. The facility is presently served by a 34 kV overhead electric utility feeder. In the unlikely event that power is disrupted, a back-up generator is on-site to power essential facilities needs including the tailings slurry pump and concentrate and tailings thickeners.

In the event the WTP would need to be temporarily shut down during power disruptions, the water level of the HTDF is maintained at a level that provides enough capacity to store water for an extended period of time if necessary.

1.2 Emergency Procedures

This section includes the emergency notification procedures and contacts for the Humboldt Mill Site. In accordance with R 425.205(2), a copy of this contingency plan will be provided to each emergency management coordinator having jurisdiction over the affected area at the time the application is submitted to the MDEQ.

<u>Emergency Notification Procedures</u> – An emergency will be defined as any unusual event or circumstance that endangers life, health, property or the environment. If an incident were to occur, all employees are instructed to contact Security via radio or phone. Security then makes the proper notifications to the facility managers and activates the Eagle Mine Emergency Response Guideline as needed. If personnel on site need to be notified of such an event an emergency toned broadcast via radio and all-call speakers will be made with instructions.

Eagle Mine has adopted an emergency response structure that allows key individuals to take immediate responsibility and control of the situation and ensures appropriate public authorities, safety agencies and the general public are notified, depending on the nature of the emergency. A brief description of the key individuals is as follows:

- Health & Safety Officer: The facility H&S manager and H&S staff are responsible for monitoring activities in response to any emergencies. During an emergency, H&S representatives will manage special situations that expose responders to hazards, coordinate emergency response personnel, mine rescue teams, fire response, and ensure relevant emergency equipment is available for emergency service. This individual will also ensure appropriate personnel are made available to respond to the situation.
- <u>Environmental Officer</u>: The facility environmental manager will be responsible for managing any environmental aspects of an emergency situation. This individual will coordinate with personnel to ensure environmental impact is minimized, determine the type of response that is needed and act as a liaison between environmental agencies and mine site personnel.
- <u>Public Relations Officer</u>: The facility external relations manager will be responsible for managing all contacts with the public and will coordinate with the safety and environmental officers to provide appropriate information to the general public.

In addition to the emergency response structure cited above, a Crisis Management Team (CMT) has also been established for situations that may result in injuries, loss of life, environmental damage, property or asset loss, or business interruption. If a situation is deemed a "crisis" the CMT immediately convenes to actively manage the situation. The following is a description of the core members and their roles:

Crisis Management Team – Core Members and Roles

Core Members	Role
Team Leader	Responsible for strategy and decision making by
	the CMT during a crisis and maintaining a strategic
	overview.
Coordinator	Ensures a plan is followed and all
	logistical/administrative support required is
	provided.
Administrator	Records key decisions and actions and provides
	appropriate administrative supports to the CMT.
Information Lead	Gathers, shares, and updates facts on a regular
	basis.
Emergency Services and Security	Liaises with external response agencies and
	oversees requests for resources. Maintains a link
	between the ERT and CMT and oversees and
	necessary evacuations.
Communications Coordinator	Develops and implements the communications
	plan with support from an external resource.
Spokesperson	Conducts media interviews and stakeholder
	briefings.

<u>Evacuation Procedures</u> – While the immediate surrounding area is sparsely populated, if it is necessary to evacuate the general public, this activity will be handled in conjunction with emergency response agencies. The Public Relations Officer will be responsible for this notification, working with other site personnel, including the H&S and environmental officers.

In the event evacuation of mill personnel is required, Eagle Mine has developed emergency response procedures for all surface facilities. All evacuation procedures were developed in compliance with MSHA regulations. In addition, an Emergency Response Team was formed to assist in emergency response situations should they arise. This team is not required by MSHA but was established to help ensure the safety of employee while at work. The team is comprised of 22 individuals that are divided into four teams each of which includes at least one licensed EMS professional and one NFPA certified firefighter. Training occurs on a monthly basis and may include first aid, rapid trauma assessments, emergency shutdown procedures for equipment, industrial firefighting, and vehicle and building extrications.

In addition to the Emergency Response Team, security personnel are EMTs and paramedics who are trained in accordance with state and federal regulations. This allows for immediate response to medical emergency situations.

<u>Emergency Equipment</u> – Emergency equipment includes but is not be limited to the following:

- ABC Rechargeable fire extinguishers
- Radios
- First aid kits, stretchers, backboards, and appropriate medical supplies
- Gas detection monitors that detect 5 gases and LEL.
- Spill Kits (hydrocarbon and chemical)
- Certified EMT's Basic and Paramedics are on site at all times to respond in the event of an emergency.
- A trained Emergency Response Team with specialized training in fire, EMS and rescue.

This equipment is located at the surface facilities. Fire extinguishers are located at appropriate locations throughout the facility, in accordance with MSHA requirements. Surface facility personnel are also equipped with radios for general communications and emergencies. Other emergency response equipment is located at appropriate and convenient locations for easy access for response personnel.

response agencies, as required by R 425.205(1)(c). They are as follows:

• Mill Security: (906) 339-7017

• Local Ambulance Services: UP Health Systems Bell. Contact Security at Extension 7017, or by radio using the Emergency Channel to alert on site responders. Dial 911.

• Hospitals: Marquette General Hospital – (906) 225-3560

Bell Hospital - (906) 485-2200

• Local Fire Departments: Humboldt Township, Ishpeming Township – 911

• Local Police: Marquette County Central Dispatch – 911

Marquette County Sheriff Department – (906) 225-8435

Michigan State Police – (906) 475-9922

Trimedia 24-hr emergency spill response: (906) 360-1545

MDEQ Marquette Office: (906) 228-4853

Michigan Pollution Emergency Alerting System: (800) 292-4706

• Federal Agencies: EPA Region 5 Environmental Hotline: (800) 621-8431

EPA National Response Center: (800) 424-8802 MSHA North Central District: (218) 720-5448

• MDNR Marquette Field Office: (906) 228-6561

• Humboldt Township Supervisor: Tom Prophet, (906) 339-4477

1.3 Testing of Contingency Plan

During the course of each year, the facility will test the effectiveness of the Contingency Plan. Conducting an effective test will be comprised of two components. The first component will include participation in adequate training programs on emergency response procedures for those individuals that will be involved in responding to emergencies. These individuals will include the Incident Commander, Safety Officer, Environmental Officer, Public Relations Officer and other individuals designated to respond to fires and participate in mine rescue. Individuals will receive appropriate information with respect to their specific roles, including procedures and use of certain emergency response equipment.

The second component of an effective Contingency Plan will be to conduct mock field tests. At least one mock field test will be performed each year. The Safety Officer will work with the Environmental Officer and the Incident Commander to first define the situation that will be tested. The types of test situations may include responding to a release of a hazardous substance, responding to a fire (aboveground or underground) or responding to a natural disaster such as a tornado. A list of objectives will be developed for planning and evaluating each identified test situation. A date and time will then be established to carry out the test. Local emergency response officials may be involved, depending on the type of situation selected.

Once the test is completed, members of the crisis management team and other Eagle Mine officials will evaluate the effectiveness of the response and make recommendations to improve the system. These recommendations will then be incorporated into a revision of the facility Contingency Plan.

Appendix P

Humboldt Mill
Organizational Information



Eagle Mine

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Organizational Information

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February 10, 2017

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